

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES [Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1891, by WM. B. DANA & Co., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, Washington, D. C.]

VOL. 53.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1891.

NO. 1,371.

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following statement shows the bank clearings for the week ending to-day (October 3.)

CLEARINGS.	Week Ending October 3.					
Returns by Telegraph.	1891.	1890.	Per Cent.			
New York	\$661,773,503	\$635,616,830	+4.1			
Boston	91,901,347	86,049,744	+4.4			
Philadelphia	58,923,800	66,794,142	-11.8			
Baltimore	11,088,141	11,847,200	-6.4			
Chicago	77,447,000	76,742,000	+0.9			
St. Louis	17,431,250	18,269,290	-4'6			
New Orleans	7,296,499	6,918,983	+5.2			
Seven cities, 5 days	\$925,861,540	\$904,238,189	+2.4			
Other cities, 5 days	154,823,107	151,908,756	+1.8			
Total all cities, 5 days	\$1,080,684,647	\$1,056,146,945	+2.3			
All cities, 1 day	245,016,211	215,743,633	+13.6			
Total all cities for week	\$1,325,700,858	\$1,271,890,578	+4.3			

The exhibit of clearings for Sept. and since Jan. 1 is as follows:

	S	eptember.		Ni	ne Months.	
	1891,	1890.	P.Ct.	1801.	1890.	P.Ct
New York	3,322,520,209	3,091,993,339	+7.5	24,259,906,430	27,674,815,280	-12:
Boston	408,997,955 20,717,500 7,570,611	370,407,195 19,551,900	+10.4	3,477,176,732	3,812,458,420 189,024,700	-88
Providence Hartford	7 570 611	7 745 631	+6.0	78 834 400		+50
New Haven	5,694,580	5,639,214	-2.3 + 1.0	52,512,412		15.6
Springfield Worcester	4,905,619	5,074,059	-3.3	52,512,412 46,067,713 44,935,690	48,457,570	-41
Portland	5,694,580 4,905,619 5,029,724 5,195,885	5.247.818	+1.8	44,935,690	44,229,007	+4"
Loweil New Bedford.	3,129,480 1,611,126	19,551,900 7,745,631 5,639,214 5,074,059 4,937,426 5,247,818 2,621,034 1,460,707	+19.2	4n,135,729 29,025,559 17,174,743	48,457,570 43,188,594 44,229,007 27,370,987 14,955,544	+69
Total N. Eng	462,852,480	422,684,984	+9.5	3,990,283,278		-7
Philadelphia	281,546,189	299,901,798	-6.1		9 755 599 794	-12:
Pittsburg	53,575,832	65,420,124	-18.1	2,417,426,369 500,801,854	588,048,310 565,354,474 249,495,475 62,482,719 31,646,547	-14'8
Baltimore	53,575,832 63,303,645	65,420,124 62,120,335 31,203,181	+1.9	530,972,102	565,354,474	-5
Buffalo Washington	34,121,087 6,478,488	8 500 028	+9.3	282,615,353 65,618,276	89 490,475	+133
Wilmington	3.404.001	6,500,026 3,388,374	+0.2	31,409,657	31.646.547	-0.
Syracuse	3,537,541	3,292,129	+7.5	31,409,657 33,220,323	29,621,650	+12
Total Middle	445,966,783	471,825,965	-5.5	3,868,063,994	4,282,172,909	-9.7
Chicago Cincinnati	398,157,000 54,657,250	359,984,612	+10.6	3,209,451,857 487,047,750 221,592,852 229,754,488 191,337,079 114,757,200 75,558,654	2,963,903,785 470,830,300	+83
Milwaukee	31,838,630	36,792,201	+2.9	221.592.852	243,932,429	
Detroit	26,145,899	53,099,150 36,792,201 26,954,657 24,925,937 12,420,000 8,398,634 7,920,241	-3.0	229,754,488	219,665,354 192,267,340 111,104,400	+41
Cleveland Columbus	24,063,833 13,464,900	24,925,937	-3.5 +8.4	191,337,079	192,267,340	-0.
indiananolis.	8,945,690	8.398.634	+6.2	75 558 854	77,056,757	+3
Peoria	6,654,047	7,920,241 3,028,788	-10.0	65,451,518 32,454,943		+8"
Grand Rapids.	3,963,435	3,028,788	+31.5	32,454,943	28,467,485	+14
Tot.M. West.	567,890,684	533,524,220	+6.4	4,627,406,541	4,367,425,324	+6.0
Ban Francisco. Portland	78,235,649	78,315,618 8 234 154	$^{-0.1}$	655,848,175 70,416,975	617,868,501 65,597,805	+61
Seattle	9,323,186 3,650,000 3,786,358	5,271,427	-30.7	37,370,482	41,239,312	-23
Tacoma Los Angeles	3,786,358 3,250,858	8,234,154 5,271,427 4,341,059 2,570,701	$-12.8 \\ +26.5$	37,370,482 35,258,041 27,737,091	31,317,942 22,804,747	+21
Total Pacific	98,246,046	98,732,959	+0.2	826,630,764	778,828,307	+6
Kansas City	41,627,010	39.288.816	+5.9	328,213,237		-10%
Minneanolis	39,207,070	39,288,816 28,399,868	+38.1	238,108,918	368,369,848 198,773,117	+198
	19,357,206	18,520,415	+4.5	164.348.816	162,111,756	+1°
Omana. Denver	39,207,070 19,357,206 17,150,000 18,351,872	18,520,415 21,047,727 21,624,401	-15.1	155,020,199 170,139,177 71,622,146	162,111,756 190,380,749 194,295,839	-18
	10,220,000 6,349,045 3,173,607 2,862,438	9,509,698	+7.5	71,622,146	76,093,436 59,159,231 33,731,972	-51
St. Joseph Bioux City	6,349,045	6,859,764	-7·4 -16·7	57,457,472 35,381,295 29,360,533	59,159,231	-21
	2.862.438	2.748.197	+4.1	35,381,295 99 360 533	24 207 604	+41
	2,028,624 2,150,000	3,263,015	-37.8		24,207,604 30,309,315	-351
Lincoln Topeka	2,150,000 1,604,938	21,024,401 9,509,698 6,859,764 8,812,030 2,748,197 3,263,015 2,447,425 1,538,538	-12·1 +4·3	19,944,278 14,510,422	21,447,112 14,014,200	-71
Tot oth'r W.	164,081,810	159,059,894	+3.2	1,303,525,542	1,372,894,179	-5'1
t. Louis	97,411,603	93,532,926		000 440 004	826,543,421	+0.1
New Orleans	32,466,242 25,756,737 6,078,847	32,120,442 30,322,072 6,357,245 8,648,917	+1.1	358,347,451	350.680.1691	-11
demphis	25,756,737	30,322,072	-15°1 -4°4	269,867,302	303,542,133	-11
	8,565,000	8,648,917	-1.0	87,900,838	303,542,133 86,389,050 84,221,497	+41
	17,896,876	15,632,068	+14.4	99,206,534		+61 1
Nashville	7,000,000	8,874,431	-13.2	80,002,078	84,573,616	-5'4
Dallas Fort Worth	8,565,000 17,896,876 7,000,000 2,750,000 1,721,771 4,295,253	15,632,068 8,874,431 4,726,331 3,233,677	-41.8 -46.8	827,117,051 358,347,451 269,867,302 82,906,838 87,991,926 99,206,534, 80,002,078 34,196,575 24,961,984 37,590,123	84,573,616 44,374,775 37,180,393	-22°0
	4,295,253	4,167,080	+3.1		29,089,708	+29.2
hattanooga Birmingham	1,712,000	2,726,300	-37.2	17,872,000 23,479,918	29,089,708 24,782,600 30,298,747	-27 S
exington	4,295,253 1,712,000 2,145,266 1,837,832	4,167,080 2,726,300 2,492,019 1,698,929	-13·9 +8·2	23,479,918 16,581,941	30,298,747 17,523,323	-5.4
Total South.	210,337,427	214,532,437	-1.0	1,960,122,321	1,980,615,289	-1.0
	5,271,895,439	4,992,353,798	+5.6	40,825,938,870		-8.8
Ontside N. Y.	1.949 375 990		_	16,576,032,440		-3.0
	d in totals.	-10.0010001308	- U.	TO'S LO'000' ##0	11,000,101,010	

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The exhibit for the week ending September 26 is as follows:

	í	Wack Et	iding Septemb	Week End's Sept. 19		
		1801.	1890.	P. Cent	1891.	P. Cent
	New York	914,006,622	729,218,488	+25.3	731,943,597	-11'7
	(Stocksshares.) (Cottonbales.) (Grainbushels.)	(723,200)	(1,286,989) (464,800) (24,645,632)	(+179.2; (+55.6 (+36.5	(696,500) (44,018,250)	(+71.4 (+110.5 (+34.5 (+72.0)
	(Petroleumbbls.) Boston	101,764,171	(1,292,000) 89,445,410	+13.8		+13.7 +10.4
	Providence Hartford	1 742 192	1,870,924 1,163,978	+0·1 -6·6 -1·1 -12·5	99,084,167 5,105,000 1,771,849 1,280,251	+2.7 +0.2 +5.6
	New Haven Springfield Worcester	1,026,962 1,236,812	1,174,288 1,114,980	-12·5 +10·9 -14·1	1,280,251 1,195,930 1,255,245 1,331,045	-378
	Portland Lowell New Bedford,	1,236,812 1,068,763 672,383 365,934	89,445,410 4,401,000 1,870,924 1,163,978 1,174,288 1,114,980 1,243,677 607,201 345,947	+10.7	745,133 373,518	+1:1 +18:1 +1:1
	Total New England	THE PERSON NAMED IN	101,367,405	+11.9	112,142,138	+13.7
	Philadelphia Pittsburg Baltimore	73,776,363 13,280,238 13,935,937	70,388,561 15,645,601 14,165,903 8,034,007 1,412,986 1,216,215 755,905 723,719	+4.8 -15.1 -1.6	66,209,321 12,884,094 15,478,001 8,796,793 1,610,727 1,517,930 797,484	-8·2 -18·5
	Buffalo		8,034,007	-0.0	8,796,793	+10.5 +10.4
	Rochester	1,412,947 1,278,141 820,800 845,710	1,216,215	+5.1	1,517,930	+7·9 -5·2
	Wilmington	regermen.		+14.1		+3.8
	Total Middle	113,294,305		+0.8		-6.3
	Chicago	86,628,925 12,877,850 7,188,552 5,712,907	78,829,034 11,944,650 8,954,892 5,746,958 5,530,518 2,418,200 1,989,198	+9.9 +7.8 -19.7	92,919,948 13,190,500 7,166,065	+9°9 +5°9 -18°9 -2°4 -7°2
	Detroit		5,746,958 5,530,518	-0.6 -1.7	7,166,065 6,626,311 5,397,069	-2·4 -7·2
	ColumbusIndianapolis	3,173,800 1,874,758	2,418,200	+31.5	5,397,069 3,252,000 2,133,169	
	PeoriaGrand Rapids	1,717,813 929,534	1,641,369 704,476	+4.7	1,857,949 966,157	+2·7 +5·4 +50·5
	Total Middle Western.		117,759,295	+6.6	133,509,168	+5.9
	San Francisco	15,354,705 2,398,982 1,285,254	14,997,125 2,048,148 1,200,272	+2·4 +17·1 +7·1	20,055,505 2,124,539 1,456,877	-8.3 +35.0 -3.0
	Seattle	1,030,276 848,020 742,608	1,021,440 1,139,986 522,100	-25°6	763,445 829,675 934,821	-36.4 -16.3
	Los Angeles	742,608	522,100	+42.5	934,821	+56.9
	Total Pacific	21,659,845	20,929,071	+3.5	26,164,862	-1.9
1	Kansas City Minneapolis St. Paul	8,954,845 8,920,669 5,004,931	8,400,847 6,220,022 4,204,379	+6.6 +43.4 +19.0	9,436,220 9,296,390 4,310,880	+44.5
	Omaha Denver	4 225 NN7	4,204,373 4,848,243 4,870,396	-12·8 -18·3	4,030,485	+3.5 -23.1 -10.5
	Duluth	2.823.847	2,398,6 31 1,467,905	+17.7	4,030,485 4,355,726 2,705,981 1,429,268	+17.4
	St. Joseph	714,165	914,434	-21.9	703,430 650,592	-16.5
	Des Moines Wichita	490.044	585,704 731,044	-93.0	478,224	-6.4 -38.3
	Topeka	504,805 368,223	731,044 573,290 392,478	-11°9	478,224 596,803 384,868	+9·1
	Total Other Western		35,607,367	+6.6	38,308,867	+3.8
	St. Louis New Orleans	21,378,879	19,361,418	+10.4	\$2,890,377 7,432,880	+5.0
١	Louisville	5,403,901	7,103,201 5,948,394 1,468,190	-0.5	5,973,878	-22·3 +21·4
1	Richmond	1,871,598	1,991,537	+19.1	5,973,878 1,476,228 2,084,724 4,769,629	-8.6
Ì	Nashvilla	21,378,879 7,530,473 5,403,901 1,379,753 1,871,596 4,548,657 1,560,107 644,009 475,250 1,053,023	1,991,537, 3,818,530 1,728,952,	+19.1	1,891,899	+33.6
ł	Dallas Fort Worth	644,009		-36·7	1,891,899 661,920 445,240 976,2~2	-41.8
١		1,053,023	1,043,594	+0.8 -35.8	W70,272	-2.6
	Chattanooga	579,956	750,500 1,043,594 530,000 721,089	-19.6	400,000 465,416 450,879	-2.6 -37.4 -13.5
-	Lexington	340,000 579,956 341,773 2,475,493	342,202	+0.1	450,879 2,996,245	+3.3
	Total Southern	47,107,377	46,002,044	+9'4	49,919,052	-0.0
1	Total all	1,373,087,456	1,163,226,567	+18.0	1,200,185,294	-6.5
1	Outside New York	459,000,884	434,008,079	+58	468,241,707	+2.0

· Not included in totals.

Our compilation of sales, &c., for eight months is as follows:

	Nine	Months, 189	1.	Nine Months, 1890.			
Description.	Par Value or Quantity		Aver'ge Price.	Par Value or Quantity	Actual Value.	Aver'ge Price.	
Stock { Sh's Val. RR. bonds Gov't bonds State bonds. Bank stocks	\$260,167,300 \$1,225,900 \$2,436,100	\$195,365,204 \$1,416,926 \$1,478,537	75·1 115·6 60·7	49,915,305 \$4595,256,155 \$311,721,720 \$2,241,300 \$4,180,100 \$3,471,295	\$252,275,243 \$2,680,782	80·9 119·6 58·9	
Pet'l'm.bbls Cotton. bls.	33,182,000 18,225,700	\$2,965989456 \$21,937,460 \$803,408,920 \$1,703472482	66 1-10c	\$4916,870,570 125,434,000 16,709,500 1,498,169,300	\$113,940,670 \$927,413,444	90%c. \$55.50	
Motel welve		95 404909999			95 994647015		

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Some disappointment has been felt at the slower progress made this week in financial and commercial affairs. The Stock Exchange has been more quiet, and mercantile business, especially in the dry goods department, has not developed as rapidly as was hoped. No doubt the latter has been in good part due to the hot weather prevailing for two weeks or more, while the former is a natural result of well-known causes, and a healthful reaction rather than an unfavorable That honestly-managed properties have a omen. substantial basis for the improved values ruling, is fully established by the events of the past fortnight. There have in that period been failures and disclosures and attacks upon prices of so great importance as to have proved disastrous were the advance based upon an unreasoning speculation, and not strongly fortified by industrial conditions warranting the better market. It is a good fault to go slowly, with values kept under the control of net earnings and dividends.

Money has shown increased activity this week. This is in keeping with the condition of bank reserves as disclosed by last week's statement. The surplus of all the clearing house institutions, as reported a week ago, was only \$4,008,125, while five of the larger banks held \$3,520,400, making it evident that very many of the others must have been in no condition to accommodate their customers freely. During the week beginning with Saturday, September 26, the gold amount have been \$5,546,300, the reaching New York on Saturday being \$600,000, on Monday \$2,246,300, on Tuesday \$1,250,000, and on Thursday \$1,450,000. This \$5,546,300 gold must be offset by a loss during the same period of nearly a like sum from (1) net shipments of currency to the interior and (2) by withdrawals from the banks by the Sub-Treasury, so that the reserves as they will be reported to-day cannot after all have been augmented to a very great extent by the week's gold imports. An additional reason for greater activity in money is the fact that there was some disturbance of loans on account of preparations for the October settlements, and still another reason was most likely the decline in certain stocks which led to a changing of loans and tended also to make lenders very conservative and to scrutinize collaterals more

After Wednesday however the supply of funds was more ample. This better tone and condition was largely in consequence of a new order by the Director of the Mint issued on Wednesday, authorizing the superintendent of the assay office at New York to pay on deposit of gold imported 90 per cent of the nominal value of foreign coin or bars sent to the office, the balance to be paid after the correct value of the importation had been ascertained by melting and refining. This order went into effect on Thursday. On the afternoon of that day three consignments of gold amounting together to \$1,450,000, imported by Messrs. Brown Bros., Belmont & Co., Muller, Schall & Co., were entered at the Custom House, having arrived from Europe on the Havel and Majestic. The point was raised by some one-by whom does not appearthat these importations were defective because of the absence of a consular certificate certifying to the invoice. It seems that August 10 Assistant Secretary Nettleton ruled that an importation of bullion from Mexico into week of £719,000 gold, and since the last return the

the United States was in violation of customs regulations because it was not accompanied by a consular certificate. This ruling in that case was held by the new Collector of this port, Mr. Hendricks, to apply to the importations above mentioned and the delivery of the gold to the importers was stopped. The enforcement of the regulation would compel the importer to file a bond, submit to the examination and appraisal of the gold by the customs authorities and cause delay and loss of interest. The bankers affected. together with others who have consignments of gold on the way hither, united in an application to the Secretary of the Treasury to issue such an order as would release the gold detained and prevent any similar detention hereafter. This request was granted by the Secretary yesterday, the Collector being instructed to waive the requirement as to consular certificates. The necessity for the step is shown by the fact that on Monday there were sent to the Assay Office 14,231,500 francs gold, the whole of which was not paid for by the office until Wednesday afternoon, the importers losing at least three days' interest.

Money on call, as represented by bankers' balances, loaned at 12 and at 2 per cent this week, but, as is usually the case, very little was done at the extremes, and the average for the week was about 6 per cent. Renewals were at 5 early in the week and at 6 per cent later, and banks and trust companies have maintained 6 per cent as the minimum. Time contracts were in good demand and the supply of funds was limited. Lenders carefully scrutinized the collateral, declining to loan upon a certain class of stocks or bonds, and they required unexceptional security well margined. While some loans have been made at 5 per cent for sixty days, the rate is 6 per cent for all dates from thirty days to six months. mercial paper is dull and the purchasers are mostly Eastern institutions, although some of the city banks are accepting offerings of choice names at full rates. Rates are nominally 6 per cent for sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable, 6 to 61 for four months commission house names, and 61 to 71 for good single names having from four to six months to run.

The only announcement of any considerable importance abroad this week is that specie payments had been suspended in the Argentine Republic for two years. It seems also, according to an Associated Press dispatch, that "a new monetary unit has been adopted there, "composed of a fixed amount of silver and nickel, and "that this money is now being coined." That dispatch looks a little like a burlesque on the proposition which our Congressmen have several times made to have a silver and gold monetary unit. would suggest why have any or gold in it at all? why not be with a unit made of nickel and copper, for it is certainly cheaper. The information from Buenos Ayres resulted in a break in Argentines in London. The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety-day bank bills in London at 3 per cent. The open market rate at Paris is 23, at Berlin it is 33, and at Frankfort 35 per cent. The Bank of England reports a loss of £512,000 bullion during the week. This, as we are advised by special cable to us, was due to the export of £652,000, principally to Germany and the United States, to shipments of £187,000 to the interior of Great Britain, and to an import, principally from Portugal and Australia, of £327,000. The Bank of France reports a loss for the

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Bank of Germany shows a decrease of about £412,500 | of this metal.

Foreign exchange has been quiet and irregular during the week. Until Wednesday sterling was easy while continental was firmer, but after that day the whole market grew easier, influenced by offerings of arbitrage bills and by dearer money in our market. The posted rates remained unchanged throughout the week at 4 81 for 60-days and 4 84 for sight until yesterday when Brown Bros. & Co. reduced long sterling to 4 804. Rates for actual business at the close were 4 794 to 4 80 for long; 4 83 to 4 831 for short; 4 831 to 4 833 for cable transfers; 4 79 to 4 791 for prime and 4 78½ to 4 78¾ for documentary commercial bills. The Bureau of Statistics at Washington has this week issued the foreign trade statement of the country for August, and we furnish below a summary for that month, and the previous months, in our usual form.

POREIGN TRADE MOVEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES-(000s omitted.)

	Мю	RCHAND	ISE.		Gold		SILVER.		
Eight Mos.	Exports.	Imports.	Excess of Exports	Im- ports.	Ex- ports.	Excess of Imports.	Ex-	Im- ports.	Excess of Ex- ports
1891.	*	8				8		*	*
Jan	\$2,630	62,301	20,329	1,398	729	669	1,618	1,319	299
Feb	74,876	65,979	8,897	565	4.010	13,445	1,623	977	646
March	75,314	77,635	*2,321	614	5,156	14,512	2,071	1,049	1,022
April	70,907	81,275	*1 0,368	233	14,163	+13,930	2,093	831	1,262
May	58,062	71.994	*13,932	213	30,581	+30,368	718	1,141	*429
June	57,595	73,462	*15,887	283	15,822	+15,539	1,55	1,026	524
July	62,665	67,042	*4,377	1,029	6,662	+5,633	1,661	1,905	*244
Aug	72,753	65,895	6,858	1,395	172	1,223	3,149	1,661	1,488
Total	554,802	565,583	*10,781	5,730	77,295	+71,565	14,483	9,900	4,574
1890.	503,040	549,887	*46,817	8,223	22,156	+13,933	18,445	13,901	4,544
1589.	473,667	529,194	*35.527	5,719	47,522	+41,803	26,293	12,219	14.074
1888.	402,970	490.395	*87,425	5,596	20,415	+14,819	17,177	8,608	8,569
1887.	435,208	179,807	*44,599	14,153	7,900	6,253	16,308	10,580	5,726
1886.	431,594	442,920	*11,326	9,935	40,050	+30,115	17,125	10,375	6,750

† Excess of exports.

It will be seen that the merchandise exports for August exceeded the merchandise imports-in amount \$6,858,000-a condition which has not existed in that month of any year back to 1884. The imports were quite heavy, reaching \$65,895,000, or \$4,695,000 in excess of the amount for the corresponding month last year, but on the other hand the exports—as was expected in view of the heavy breadstuffs shipments-show. an increase of \$16,563,000 and aggregate \$72,753,000

For the first time this year our monthly statement of clearings shows an increase in the total as compared with the corresponding month of last year. With the aid of the telegraph we are able to present the results to-day for the month of September, and we find that the aggregate for the present year reaches 5,271 million dollars, as against 4,992 million dollars for September, 1890, the increase thus being 279 million dollars, or 5.6 per cent. Of course, this gain follows entirely from the activity and enlarged dealings on our Stock Exchange, where the share sales the present year were over double those of a year ago. That factor alone will account for the whole of the increase shown in the clearings, and a great deal more. But this activity on the Stock Exchange is merely evidence of a general revival of tone and confidence in the whole commercial and financial world, and should it continue must tend by its influence and effects further to stimulate general trade and business. Besides, even outside of New York, where stock speculation is not nearly so important a factor, the clearings also show enlarged totals as compared with a year ago, though the ratio of increase is smaller than when New York is included in the comparison. In other words, while the aggregate of all the cities indicates a gain of 5.6 per cent, the aggregate exclusive of New York indicates 2.6 per cent gain. In August the outside | millions in September last year.

cities recorded a loss of 4.3 per cent, and there was a falling off in every other month of the year with two exceptions. With New York included there was a loss for August of as much as 13.3 per cent; in July the loss was 9.4 per cent, in the quarter ending June 30 it was 11.8 per cent, and in the quarter ending March 31, 8.7 per cent-from which it is evident what a decided change for the better the month of September brought with it. Below is our usual summary giving the figures for each month and quarter, back to the 1st of

Month.	Cleari	ngs, Total All.		Clearings Outside New York,			
	1891.	1890,	P. Ct.	1891.	1890.	P. Ct.	
	8	\$		8	8		
January	4,939,343,736	5,255,445,346	-6.0	1,982,344,370	1,981,046,936	+0.1	
February	3,949,471,428	4,449,730,658	-11.5	1,644,934,332	1,628,251,112	+1.0	
March	4,211,421,507	4,640,485,106	-0.5	1,765,311,985	1,817,561,516	-2.9	
1st quar	13,100,238,671	14,345,661,110	-8.7	5,392,593,687	5,426,859,564	-0.6	
April	4,785,396,124	4,828,116,139	-0.9	1,889,518,330	1,904,534,973	-0.8	
May	4,789,560,612	5,884,786,427	-18.6	1,882,822,090	2,096,253,665	-10.2	
June	4.358,615,217	5,092,636,758	-14.4	1,813,102,595	1,934,025,081	-6.3	
2d quar	13,933,571,953	15,805,539,322	-11.8	5,585,443,015	5,934,813,719	-5.9	
6 months.	27,033,808,624	30,151,200,432	-10.3	10,978,036,702	11,361 6 3,283	-3-4	
July	4,371,385,989	4,827,282,487	-9.4	1,893,269,741	1,994,125,043	-5.1	
August	4,158,848,818	4,794,466,373	-13.3	1,755,350,767	1,834,329,025	-4-3	
September.	5,271,895,439	4,992,353,798	+5.6	1,949.375,230		+2.6	
3d quar	13,802,130,246	14,614,102,658	-5.6	5,597,995,738	5,728,814,527	-2.3	
9 months	40,835,938,870	44,765,303,090	-8'8	16,576,032, 4	17,090,487,810	-3.0	

Another way of indicating the nature and extent of the improvement which occurred in September, is to take the totals of the leading cities and extend the comparison back a series of years, as is done in the following.

BANK CLEARINGS FOR SEPTEMBER AT LEADING CITIES.

000,000s 1 omitted.	891. \$	1890. \$	1889. \$	1888.	1837.	1886. \$	1885. \$	1884.
New York 3	.323	3.092	2,699	2,679	2,683	2,606	2,101	2,056
Boston	409	370	331	336	332	294	267	237
Philadelphia	232	300	277	251	249	238	189	185
Baltimore	63	62	48	53	51	52	44	49
Chicago	398	360	285	271	252	230	193	177
St. Louis	97	94	81	78	75	72	60	661
New Orleans	32	32	28	23	25	21	19	21
San Francisco	78	78	71	71	72	59	49	49
Total4	,682	4,388	3,820	3,762	3,739	3,572	2,922	2,836
Other cities	590	604	430	372	344	297	231	205
Total all5	,272	4,992	4,250	4,134	4,093	3,869	3,153	3,041
Outside N. Y.1,	949	1,900	1,551	1,455	1,400	1,263	1,052	985

The result here is quite interesting. The very heavy gain at New York has already been explained as being due to the large stock sales on the Stock Exchange; had it not been for these, there would have been a decided loss. But barring only Philadelphia, which shows a falling off from 1890, every one of the other leading cities given, namely Boston, Chicago, Baltimore, St Louis, etc., shows for September, 1891, the largest clearings of any of the eight years taken. Doubtless speculation in cereals, as well as in stocks, had some effect in raising the 1891 aggregates, but the precise influence of this it is never possible to determine.

As regards the volume of the stock dealings on our Exchange, it is a long time since the number of shares sold reached such very large proportions as it did in September. Altogether the transactions amounted over 11 million shares (11,176,232 shares), which compares with only a little over five million shares (5,141,541 shares) in September last year. In August, 1891, \$5,845,383 shares had been sold, in July but 3,154,417 shares and in June 3,978,514 shares, so that the September sales are almost as large as the sales for the whole of the three months preceding. value of the share sales for the month reached almost 600 million dollars (592§ millions), as against 3111

		1891.			1890.		
Month.	Number 1		1668.	Number	Values.		
	of Shares.	Par.	Actual.	of Shares,	Par.	Actual.	
					*		
Jan	5,618,789	540,138,550	268,489,862	6,353,019	546,416,800	315,979,202	
Feb	3,275,894	318,304,625	175,663,847	5,199,190	472,192,000	311,174,518	
March.	3,646,978	348,087,345	195,297,053	4,497,653	383,144,125	234,407,943	
1st qr	12,541,661	1,206,530,520	639,450,762	16,049,862	1,401,752,925	861,561,668	
April	7,183,818	699,306,920	422,983,510	5,082,477	466,455,200	304,199,207	
May	6,288,232	616,644,000	372,333,386	11,052,779	1,051,139,065	rt28,978,858	
June	3,978,514	390,588,525	233,397,187	5,440,123	518,713,025	322,129,909	
2d qr.	17,450,564	1,706,539,445	1,028,714,083	21,575,379	2,036,307,290	1,255,307,974	
6 mos	29,992,225	2,913,069,965	1,668,164,845	37,625,241	3,438,060,215	2,116,869,637	
July	3,154,417	309,692,100	180,596,153	3,004,918	276,741,235	176,583,444	
August	5,845,383	574,306,250	324,018,668	4,141,605	392,072,315	250,580,605	
Sept	11,176,232	1,079,688,850	592,654,462	5,141,541	488,382,390	311,310,475	
3d qr.	20,176,082	1,963,687,200	1,097,299,283	12,288,084	1,157,195,940	738,474,524	
9 mos	50,168,257	4,876,757,165	2,785,464,128	49,913,305	4,595,256,155	2,855,344,161	

Returns of railway earnings, both gross and net, continue in the main very satisfactory. The Burlington & Quincy statement for August shows an increase of \$145,611 in gross earnings as compared with 1890, and an increase of \$293,066 in net earnings. worth pointing out that for the eight months to the end of August, though gross earnings have decreased nearly two million dollars, net earnings, owing to the great saving effected in expenses, actually record a small increase. The Atchison for the same month also has a very good statement, with an increase in both gross and net-\$239,970 in the former and \$123,312 in the latter. This does not include the St. Louis & San Francisco, which sustained a slight decrease in gross and a slight increase in net. The Louisville & Nashville has gained \$89,114 in gross, but loses \$13,876 in net. For the two months from the 1st of July net on this road is \$139,-449 ahead of a year ago. The Norfolk & Western has \$52,196 gain in gross and \$28,084 gain in net for August, and \$368,850 gain in gross and \$134,971 gain in net for the eight months to August 31. The Pittsburg Youngstown & Ashtabula appears again to be doing a large traffic in the transportation of iron ores from the lower lake ports to the mines, for the company's statement shows gross for the month increased from \$132,-326 to \$174,889, and net from \$52,942 to \$91,334. The Rio Grande Western has increased its net from \$73,765 to \$94,119, the Chesapeake & Ohio from \$213,112 to \$251,809, the Canadian Pacific from \$677,576 to \$720,-603, the Buffalo Rochester & Pittsburg from \$53,149 to \$107,183, the Mexican National from \$58,577 to \$96,236, the Northern Central from \$115,078 to \$198,-052, the Milwaukee & Northern from \$48,430 to \$58,-724, and the Kansas City Fort Scott & Memphis from \$111,479 to \$113,836. The Milwaukee & St. Paul shows a decrease from \$751,883 to \$654,894, the Colorado Midland a decrease from \$56,247 to \$50,106, the Iowa Central a decrease from \$46,599 to \$45,977, and the Atlantic system of the Southern Pacific a decrease from \$401,889 to \$267,937.

The Pennsylvania in its statement issued last week does not quite seem to have met general expectations in the amount of increase shown over a year ago. The New York Central for August had reported an increase in gross receipts of \$816,925 (the earnings of the Rome Watertown & Ogdensburg being included in both years, thus making the comparison correct), and hence some persons had looked for an equally large gain by the Pennsylvania. But, as our readers know, there was special reason for the exceptional increase on the Central in the fact that comparison was with the month last year when the strike prevailed and earnings were reduced. No such circumstance existed in the Pennsylvania.

sylvania case and hence the statement must be regarded as being quite satisfactory. On the Eastern lines there is an increase of \$281,520 in gross earnings and of \$159,384 in net. On the Western lines, however, there is a decrease of \$109,416 in gross and of \$88,950 in net. The comparison on the Eastern lines as as follows.

LINES EAST OF PITTSBURG.	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.
August.		*	8	8	*	
Gross earnings	6,212,375	5,930,855	5,998,964	5,390,939	5,022,012	4,585,390
Operat's expenses.	3,760,965	3,638,829	3,361,490	3,241,516	3,114,476	
Net earnings	2,451,410	8,292,026	2,632,474	2,149,423	1,907,536	1,905,045
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.			1			
Gross earnings	43,867,568	43,263,832	39,239,876	38,071,556	36,047,106	32,192,231
Operat's expenses.	30,132,891	30,640,092	26,341,275	25,630,962	23,681,646	21,036,934
Net earnings	13,234,677	12,623,740	12,898,601	12,440,594	12,365,460	11,155,297

It will be noticed from the above that both gross and net for the eight months this year are better than last. On the Western lines for the same period net is also larger than in 1890—\$252,351 larger—though gross decreased \$1,216,816.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern road does not furnish monthly returns of its earnings, either gross or net, but in view of the increased interest felt in the property the following statement of the gross earnings for July (the latest month for which figures can be obtained) and the seven months ending with July, for a series of years, will be found useful.

| Lake shore & Michigan Southern. | 1891 | 1890. | 1889. | 1889. | 1891 | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890. | 1890

It will be noticed that since 1888 the July gross has increased regularly each year, so that the amount for 1891 at \$1,840,850 compares with only \$1,419,089 three years ago. For the seven months the earnings are somewhat behind last year, but ahead of the other years.

Until yesterday the stock market was weak and The performances of last week seemed lower. public to have scared the away temporarily, same time there were heavy while realizing sales, operators for a decline made active demonstrations against the market and sought to demoralize it. Mr. Gould followed up the advantage which he had already gained and passed the Missouri Pacific dividend, accompanying the move by the issue of a very unfavorable statement of earnings, showing that no dividends had been earned at all during the present year, though they had been regularly paid. This paved the way for a further sharp break in Missouri Pacific and the rest of the market also dropped lower. The suspension of the house of C. H. Venner & Co. likewise had a temporary adverse effect. On Thursday rumors of a new issue of bonds by the Rock Island exercised a depressing influence, under which, and the continued decline in Missouri Pacific, the market became very weak, so closing. Yesterday, however, there was very considerable buying all through the list, and after some weakness at the opening prices steadily and largely advanced, the tone again becoming very confident. As far as the underlying conditions affecting values are concerned, there has been no change whatever. Our crops are all made, railroad earnings are good, trade is reviving, our breadstuffs exports continue large, and the outlook quite generally remains encouraging.

The following statement, made up from returns collected by us, shows the week's receipts and shipments of currency and gold by the New York banks.

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Received by N.Y. Banks.	Shipped by N. Y. Banks.	 Net Interior Movement.
\$2,509,000	\$6,011,000	Loss.\$3,502,000
ry operati	ons and g	old imports
	\$2,209,000 \$00,000 \$2,509,000	Received by Shipped by N.Y. Banks. Sh.Y. Banks. \$2,200,000 \$3,211,000 \$2,509,000 \$6,011,000 \$7 operations and g

Week Enting Oct. 2, 1891.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Barks' interior movement, as above Snb-Treas. oper. and gold imports			Loss.\$3,502,000 Gain. 3,850,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$25,659,000	\$25,311,000	Gain. \$348,000

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week, and at the corresponding date last year.

Bank of		Oct. 1, 189	01.	Oct. 2, 1890.			
Bank 0)	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	al. Gold. Silver.		Total.	
	£	2	£	£	£	£	
England	25,091,880		\$5,091,880	20,080,592		20,080,592	
France	52,825,000	50,391,000	103,216,000	50,236,000	50,154,000	100,390,000	
Germany*	34,590,000	11,530,000	46,120,000	24,157,333	12,078,667	36,236,00	
Aust Hun'y.	5,474,000	16,531,000	22,005,000	4,810,000	16,532,000	21,332,000	
Netherlands		6,013,000	9,587,000	4,812,000	5,342,000	10,154,000	
Nat. B'lgium"		1,419,667	4,259,000	2,839,000	1,419,000	4,258,000	
Tot.this week	124,374,213	85,884,667	210,258,850	106,934,985	85,515,667	192,450,592	
Tot. prev. w'k	190,093,599	85,912,167	212,005,766	110,164,389	86,601,000	196,765,389	

^{*}The division (between gold and silver) given in our table of coin and bullion in the Bank of Germany and the Bank of Belgium is made from the best estimate we are able to obtain; in neither case is it claimed to be accurate, as those banks make no distinction in their weekly returns, merely reporting the total gold and sliver, but we believe the division we make is a close approximation.

Note.—We receive the foregoing results weekly by cable, and while not all of the date given at the head of the column, they are the returnisance due arest to that date—that is, the latest reported figures.

TREASURY CASH AND DEBT REDEMPTION

The monthly exhibits of the Treasury Department published this week are more than usually interesting, as they disclose not only the ordinary movements of currency but likewise the effect the redemption and extension of the 41 per cents have had on the funded debt and on Treasury resources. This bond transaction is of interest, too, because of its importance as a feature in the history of our Government finances, since it removes one more issue of bonds from our statement of debt, an issue also which has been conspicuous not only for its use in refunding the 5-20s but likewise for its use as the instrument for helping gather in the 100 millions gold reserve against the old legal-tenders, a preliminary to the resumption of specie payments. It will be remembered that the Government put out 185 millions of the 4½ per cents for the former purpose and 65 millions for the latter purpose. Then again, the continuance effected at 2 per cent is of special interest, as the transaction has virtually brought a new security into the monthly record bearing a rate so low that the bonds will no doubt always be distinguished as carrying the lowest interest the Government can ever hope to reach.

It was on the second day of June that Secretary Foster called for payment September 2d all the 41 per cents outstanding, reserving to the Government in the call the option of continuing at a low rate of interest such of the bonds as the holders might offer for that purpose, if after further consideration the acceptance of such offers should seem profitable to the Government. Under date of July 2, in pursuance of this reservation, the Secretary issued a notice to the effect that any of said bonds might be presented on or before the day of payment for continuance during the pleasure of the Government with interest at the rate of 2 per cent, and if so presented they would be stamped and continued accordingly. The day limiting the time of presentation was on September 2d extended until further notice; and on September 16th a final circular was issued notifying holders of the 41 per cents still unpresented that

the privilege of having the bonds continued at 2 per cent would expire on September 30th, and after that date all bonds presented would be redeemed.

Consequently the figures issued this week enable one to know not only the extent of the new issue of bonds bearing a phenomenally low rate of interest, but also the amount of the 41 per cents which has been paid and the draft this operation has made on the Government cash. The Treasury Department tells us that the total 4½ per cents outstanding on July 2 (at which date, as noted above, the offer was issued to continue them at 2 per cent), was \$50,869,200; that the amount which had been continued down to the close of business on September 30, when the offer expired, was \$25,364,500; that the total redemption up to the same hour was \$18,009,600, and consequently that there were outstanding, drawing no interest, October 1 \$7,516,900* of the 41 per cents. Hereafter and until this unredeemed remnant of these bonds has been presented and paid they will appear in the item of the debt statement which includes all overdue debt. Very likely half of the amount now outstanding will come in during October, but subsequent redemptions will prove a slow affair. Substantially then, it may be said Mr. Foster has now passed what has been called the September crisis and has completed the important work attendant upon the retirement of the 41 per cents. As it was feared that this operation would prove a serious drain on the Government resources, the following statement, in the form we always prepare these figures, will be found to be a useful method of getting at the re-

		1891,			
	Holdings by Treasurer in Sub-Treas., &c.	September 1.	October 1.		
	Net gold coin and bullion	\$132,471,408	\$132,523,222		
	Net silver coin and bullion	9,080,792	3,652,829		
	U. S. Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	13,937,685	7,045,902		
	Trade dollar bullion	3,048,153	2,394,260		
1	Legal tender notes	529,580	2,104,815		
	National bank notes	6,822,252	5,695,080		
	Fractional silver	18,440,722	16,846,620		
	Total Gov't cash in sub-treasuries	\$184,330,592	\$170,262,728		
ı	Amount in national banks		21.137.977		

Total cash in banks and sub-treasuries. \$207,099,771 \$191,400,705 The first fact is the general one that Treasury cash in banks and sub-treasuries decreased in September \$15,699,066. As the Secretary paid out \$18,009,600 in redeeming the 41 per cents and \$414,972 for interest, and also reduced the national bank deposit fund (which is now a part of the debt) net \$832,070, he seems to have disbursed \$19,256,642 on account of the debt at a sacrifice of \$15,699,066 in his net cash. That is to say, he has paid out a trifle over 31 millions more on the debt account than his total net loss of cash.

However we view this result, it certainly must be very satisfactory to Mr. Foster. In the first place he cannot help being gratified under the circumstances to have had more than half of the outstanding bonds presented for continuance; and then in the second place to have got through the redemption and the other debt payments with so small a loss of cash is a surprise to outsiders, if not to Mr. Foster. To estimate the difficulties correctly it should be borne in mind that the total revenue in September was only \$28,001,247, against \$39,804,334 in September, 1890, or perhaps we ought to say for 1890 \$37,800,000, because the receipts on account of the national bank deposit fund were about 2 million dollars more in 1890 than in 1891. Whichever way we put it, though, the revenue for this year is obviously small-disappoint-

^{*}These figures do not seem to be quite correct, but as they are official we do not change them.

ingly small we should think—while the appropriations are supposed to be large. It has been suggested that there must have been some postponements of the ordinary payments. With regard to that we have no information; but we do not see how postponement could be so long continued without much more evident signs of it then exist.

Looking at the details of Treasury cash, it is pleasing to note that notwithstanding bond redemptions the cash holdings in sub-treasuries show a slight gain in gold, the total being now \$132,523,222 net gold, against \$132,471,408. Of course this outcome was aided by the large deposits of gold in September by the New York banks for the transfer of currency to the West and South. Were it not for those transactions the new legal tenders which the 1890 silver law created would be troublesome. But it is hardly worth while just now bothering ourselves about what might be if we had not such a big country and such big crops to mitigate the harmfulness of our ill-advised currency legislation. Providentially time for education in economics has been granted the country, and it will be the trust of conservative classes everywhere that the time will be improved. The Chamber of Commerce has diagnosed the disease correctly this week. Mr. Simmons's resolution passed so unanimously voices the sentiment of the moneyed classes in Europe as well as America; and the West as well as the East should know that there can be no unfettered prosperity so long as capital hesitates.

PROSPECTS FOR THE EXTRA DIVIDEND ON NEW YORK CENTRAL.

More or less speculation is being indulged in as to whether New York Central stockholders are to have an extra dividend the present year, the same as in 1890 and in 1889; and the publication this week of both the company's annual report for the year ending June 30, 1891, and the preliminary exhibit for the quarter ending September 30, invests the matter with special importance. The market price of the stock has recently been quite strong, which would seem to indicate belief in an extra payment. Still, it must be admitted that there is an element of uncertainty in regard to the matter which did not exist in other years. The mere fact that the directors the present week declared only the regular dividend, and nothing additional, would count for little, for December is the period when the extra distribution is usually made. That was the time adopted when the fiscal year of the company ended with September, and though the fiscal year now ends with June the extra dividend, it would seem, is still acted on at the old period.

The element of uncertainty arises from the circumstance that the extra payment has always heretofore come out of the earnings of the preceding fiscal year, and been based on the results of that year; and if that rule is to be adhered to in this instance, there is no likelihood of such a dividend All doubt as to just what further amount can be paid out of the income of the late year ending June 30 has been removed, now that the company's annual report, showing the exact results for the twelve months, has been issued. That report shows that the balance remaining above the amount required for the regular 4 per cent dividends was very small. To state the situation in figures, the net profits (above expenses and charges) for the year were \$3,-649,298, while the 4 per cent dividends called for \$3,577,132, leaving a surplus of only \$72,166, equivalent to less than one-tenth of one per cent on the stock.

But it is just possible that even though the late year's accounts do not yield an extra dividend, an additional dividend may yet be declared, but based on the current year's income. We have of course no official knowledge on the point, but there seems warrant for the suggestion in the very favorable returns of earnings which the company is now making. The statement for the quarter ending Sept. 30 reveals a very encouraging state of the company's earnings -so much so that while in the corresponding quarter of last year the profits for the stock reached only \$744,712, or 0.83 per cent, for the quarter this year the profits are a full million more, being \$1,795,896, equal to over two per cent (2.01 per cent) on the stock. To be sure, comparison is with the period in 1890 when the strike prevailed. shall show below, however, this will account for only part of the improvement. But even if the whole improvement were attributable to that cause, it would not alter the fact that earnings for the three months in 1891 have yielded an amount for the stock more than double the amount for 1890. Considering the large crops harvested and the prospects of a revival of trade, all the indications at the moment encourage the idea of continued improvement in income for the rest of the fiscal year. But should the remaining nine months yield only the same results as in the previous year, the increase already established in the first quarter would ensure profits equal to over 5 per cent on the stock. As the regular dividend is only 4 per cent per annum, and as the extra dividend has always been one-half of 1 per cent, it would thus be possible to make an extra distribution of the usual rate the coming December, and still leave enough to render certain also the extra dividend in December 1892, thus avoiding a lapse or reduction in either year.

Whatever the intentions of the management in this regard, there is no gainsaying the fact that the quarterly statement is an extremely favorable one. In the form in which the return is furnished by the company there is an increase of \$2,845,698 in gross earnings and of \$1,435,804 in the net. The actual increase, however, is hidden by the circumstance that the figures of 1891 include the operations of the Rome Watertown & Ogdensburg, while those for 1890 do not, the road not having been operated by the Central at that time. It must not be concluded that that factor accounts for the whole of the increase. Far from it. The Rome in that quarter in 1890 earned \$1,118,698 gross and \$512,357 net. Enlarging last year's Central earnings by these amounts, we still have left an increase of \$1,727,000 in gross receipts and of \$923,000 in net. Considering now the extent of the falling off in 1890, occasioned by the strike, we find that the loss then, though large, was but half the gain now shown for 1891, both in net and in gross, after allowing for the earnings of the Rome system. That is, the loss in gross last year was \$681,000 (against the present year's gain of \$1,727,000) and the loss in net \$545,000 (against the present gain of \$923,000). In fact the 1891 results are the best for the September quarter of any year since the year following the absorption of the West Shore in 1885. This will appear from the follow ing six-year table.

Quarter ending Sept. 30.	Gross Earnings.	Expenses.	Net Earnings.	Pixed Charges.	Balanes for Stock
1890	$\substack{11,909,932\\9,064,234}$	\$7,647,416 6,237,522	\$4,262,516 2,826,712	\$2,436,619 2,082,033 1,978,231	\$1,795,897 744,712 1,393,736
1889 1888 1887	9,745,201 $9,490,061$ $9,550,074$	6,373,181 6,548,438 6,063,068	3,372,020 2,941,623 3,487,008	1,968,834 1,839,324	971,739 1,597 632
1886	8,717,147	4,877,675	3,839,472	1,920,436	1,912,598

^{*}Includes operations of Rome Watertown & Ogdensburg.

Taking the surplus remaining for the stock as the best guide of the outcome in each year-for on that basis even the inclusion of the Rome road in 1891 does not alter the comparison, since the surplus is reached after allowing in full for the rental paid under the Rome lease-the amount at \$1,795,897 for the current year compares with \$744,712 in 1890, with \$1,393,739 in 1889, with \$974,739 in 1888, with \$1,597,-682 in 1887 and with \$1,912,586 in 1886. Only in the latter year was the amount larger than that remaining the present year, but in that year the ratio of operating expenses to earnings was only 55.95 per cent, while for the current year it was as much as 64.21 per cent.

We all know that considerable energy has characterized the management of the Central property of late, and part of the gain and improvement may justly be attributed to that cause. But there was also a special favoring circumstance of very large magnitude, namely the heavy grain movement. We can not give the figures for September as yet, but for July and August the increase in the deliveries at New York is strikingly indicated in the subjoined table.

	July-		Aug		-Total two months-		
Grain deliveries.	1891, bush.	1890, bush,	1891, bush.	1890, bush.	1891, bush.	1×90, bush.	
Central	2,524,737	906,374	4,229,021	649,574	6,753,758	1,555,948	
West Shore	1,533,199	340,880	2,005,960	1,117,897	3,339,159	1,458,777	
Total	3,857,936	1,247,254	6,234,981	1,767,471	10,092,917	3,014,725	

Thus the Central and the West Shore together carried over 10 million bushels of grain (including flour expressed in its equivalent in wheat) in July and August, 1891, against only about 3 million bushels in the corresponding two months of 1890.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL PROPERTY.

Two things appear from a study of the report of the Illinois Central Railroad Company for the late fiscal year, issued this week. First, it is evident from the accounts and statements submitted that the reduction in the rate of the last semi-annual dividend was fully justified, the step having clearly been a wise and conservative one. In the second place certain characteristics of the year's management impress one very favorably. There is hardly a page of the report that fails to reveal signs of progress-progress, too, which extends to every department of the service.

In reviewing the report for the previous year we called attention to the opinion expressed by the management "that competition among Western railways, "which has heretofore been almost entirely on the line "of a reduction of rates, was coming to be, as in Great "Britain and the Eastern States, one of adequacy and "frequency of service, and that in such a struggle suc-"cess lay in furnishing the best service." We also pointed out what was being done to put the Illinois Central in condition to meet this form of competition, such as providing additional track and facilities, increased motive power and equipment, and raising the old standards and requirements in the various branches of the service, the weight of rail in the track being now fixed at 75 lbs. per yard against the former maximum of 60 lbs., the maximum weight of locomotives having been increased from 49 tons to 61 tons, the capacity of freight cars from 40,000 lbs. to 60,000 lbs., and the number of ties in the track being also increased, and additional amounts of ballast put in. The present report tells us that in pursuance of the same policy the directors did not hesitate during the late year to spend further large sums in ballasting the

facilities, and buying additional motive power and rolling stock. The report refers among other things to the building of a station at Memphis and to the entire remodelling of the yard at that point, to the purchases of real estate for a passenger station at New Orleans, and to the acquisition of sixty acres of land in Chicago -at Fordham, within two miles of the site of the World's Fair-for the purpose of relieving the congested condition of the company's tracks and yards, and also to make provision for handling the extra traffic expected at the time of the coming Exposition.

The company did not during the year possess that degree of freedom, financially, that it would have possessed had the stockholders subscribed in full for the new stock allotted to them last autumn, and yet notwithstanding that drawback the outlays on capital account during the twelve months This does not include aggregated \$3,141,804. the Dubuque & Sioux City, on which \$274,847 more was spent, making altogether nearly 31 million dollars. The money went not to build new road, but to acquire additional facilities for the road already controlled. Indeed, from the detailed statement furnished it appears that of the \$3,141,804 capital expenditures, \$1,825,221, or considerably more than one-half of the whole, was spent for new motive power and equipment. About 50 per cent of the company's entire rolling stock has been acquired or built during the last 81 years, or since the 1st of January, 1883. In this period 6,111 new revenue freight cars were acquired and 2,290 revenue freight cars rebuilt, making 8,401 out of a total of 15,128 cars owned June 30, 1891. Of the 463 passenger cars owned, 234 have been purchased or rebuilt since 1883, and out of 547 engines 274 have been purchased or built in the 81 years. Not alone, however, is there this decided difference in the extent and condition of the equipment, but as the average capacity of each car is very much larger now, the difference in the aggregate tonnage capacity of the rolling stock is even greater than the figures given indicate—that is to say, while the number of revenue freight cars owned has increased from just 8,000 on January 1, 1883, to 15,128 on June 30, 1891, or not quite 100 per cent, on the other hand in the tonnage capacity represented by the cars there has been an increase from 113,684 tons to no less than 290,427 tons, or over 150 per cent.

But the management has been active not only in making needed improvements and providing additional equipment and facilities, but it has been active in other ways. There is an item in the report which doubtless will attract little attention, and which is yet very significant. We have in mind the reference made to the fact that a fast mail and an additional limited vestibuled passenger train in each direction had been placed in daily service between Chicago and New Orleans, and that the running time between those cities had been reduced six hours, making it only 29 hours. To understand the significance of this time schedule, it should be remembered that the distance between Chicago and New Orleans by the Illinois Central is 915 miles; and it is this distance that is covered in 29 hours. In going from New York to Chicago 25 hours is considered very good time, even on the fastest trains, the distance by the Pennsylvania and Fort Wayne route being about 912 miles. Hence it is seen that the Illinois Central is rendering a train service between its termini which is net very far behind what is railway, and in enlarging and re-arranging terminal considered very exceptional service on the great east

and west trunk lines between Chicago and New York. Such a circumstance shows at once the degree of efficiency which the Illinois Central property has attained, and the spirit of enterprise dominating those in charge of it. We need hardly say that in promoting public convenience in this manner the Illinois Central people are also furthering the best interests of their company. If proof were needed of this it would be found in the exhibit of the revenues of the passenger department. These revenues, as a result of the enlightened policy being pursued in stimulating travel on all the lines of the system, not excluding suburban travel, increased (on the same mileage in both years) from \$3,287,292 in 1890 to \$3,812,339 in 1891, the gain being over half a million dollars or about 16 per cent-all in a single period of twelve months; and there had likewise been an increase in the passenger earnings in the year preceding.

The management have an eve to the future, too. They have been considering the possibilities of developing new sources of traffic through the proposed extension of commerce and intercourse between the producing and manufacturing sections of the Mississippi Valley and the countries to the South. The report states that the negotiation of reciprocity treaties between the United States and Cuba and the various South and Central American States having invested the matter with much interest, the directors of the Illinois Central deemed it wise to send commissioners to Cuba, Mexico and Central and South America. The Commissioners, we are told, found a general desire to trade with the United States, and especially "on the "direct line." In explanation of this latter remark it is pointed out that whereas the distance by rail from Chicago to New Orleans is almost precisely the same as that from Chicago to New York, the sailing distances from New Orleans to ports in the Gulf of Mexico and the Carribean Sea are very much less than from New York and other Atlantic ports. Obviously this is an advantage of no little importance, and it is natural that a desire should exist to avail of it.

As to the results of operations in the late year, the income accounts of the Illinois Central reveal the same general characteristics as the returns of other leading roads in the West. There is a very noteworthy increase in gross receipts, showing growth of traffic, but an even more striking augmentation in expenses, leaving the net earnings somewhat smaller than for the year preceding. The gain in the gross reached \$1,429,-532, of which, as already remarked, \$525,047 came from passengers. The augmentation in expenses was \$1,607,626, and the loss in net \$178,094, the operations of the Dubuque & Sioux City being included in all the figures given. As the experience of the Illinois Central in being obliged to do an increased amount of business for a reduced amount of profit has thus been similar to that of its neighbors, the explanation given for this state of things possesses considerable general interest. The reasons for the enlarged expenses are tersely summed up in the statement that the increase is "due to a strict adherence to the higher standards of "maintenance adopted last year; to enhanced pay-"ments for wages and allowances for overtime; to in-"creased taxation; and to better, faster and more fre-"quent service rendered to the public." In the report of the Second Vice-President some details are given as to the enhanced cost of labor. The agreement made with the men last October, it is stated, increased the rate of pay of freight hands 15 per cent over the rate

formerly paid, and the rate of pay of passenger train hands 21 per cent, and in addition delay time, we are told, is now allowed on some divisions where previously no compensation was granted for overtime occasioned by delays.

With reference to the payments for taxes, the Illinois Central, as is known, under its charter pays over to the State of Illinois in lieu of the ordinary taxes a percentage of its gross receipts. The payment called for in the late year under this requirement amounted to over half a million dollars-\$520,949. The largest sum previously paid in any year, the report says, was \$496,489 in 1865, and then the average rate of freight per ton per mile was 3.13 cents, whereas the average now is less than a cent per ton per mile. In addition the company paid for other taxes (on the Dubuque & Sioux City system, etc.) the sum of \$349,731, making together \$870,680. We have said that the average freight rate is now less than a cent a ton a mile. In point of fact the rate has been below that figure for some years, and in the late year there was a further decline, reducing the average to 934 thousandths of a cent. This reduction, however, in the late year, the report points out, is not the result of any actual reduction in rates, but follows from the carrying of an increased proportion of low-class freight. The important fact to note is that the average is very low and it is evident that the public, and not the owners of the roads, are reaping the benefits arising from the growth of traffic and the increased efficiency of railroad properties. The public not only gets very low rates, but, as we have seen, also gets "better, faster and more frequent "service." At the same time increased amounts are paid for taxes, and employes receive larger compensation and enhanced pay. Under the circumstances the outcome has been about as might have been expected, namely smaller profits and reduced dividends.

On the whole, however, the Illinois Central is able to present a very good income statement for the year. The company paid two semi-annual dividends out of the year's earnings-one of 3 per cent and a second of 2 per cent-and this five per cent the income for the twelve months was just about sufficient to provide. Of course had 6 per cent been paid there would have been a deficiency of nearly half a million dollars, as the stock is \$45,000,000 and one per cent on it calls for \$450,000. There was no contribution out of earnings to the betterment fund as in other years, but the outlays for repairs and renewals were on a liberal scale. Owing to the fact that only about 11 million dollars of the five millions stock offered the stockholders last autumn was taken during the year, there was on June 30 some floating debt, but for a company of the size and standing of the Illinois Central the amount was quite insignificant. The total of the bills payable was only \$2,436,153, the total of all current liabilities \$3,-198,035, and against this enough cash and cash assets were held to reduce the net liabilities to less than 11 million dollars. But though the amount is small the management have been desirous of getting rid of even that little, and hence it is pleasant to know that now the company is practically without any floating debt, for since the close of the fiscal year over two millions more of the stock has been disposed of.

The situation of the Illinois Central then is this: It has earned smaller dividends, but physically and financially it is in excellent condition, and its management is live and energetic. Not unnaturally the Board have not ventured on any predictions as to the results

expected for the current year, but we think we are violating no confidence to say that they look forward to a period of active and improved business as a result of the good crops and the revival of general trade; and furthermore, we think they are fully warranted in their expectations.

THE EUROPEAN PROSPECT — HOPEFUL SIGNS.

The news from Europe, although still of a somewhat undecided character, is less bellicose than it was a week ago. For some days war was really in the air. More than anything else it was the subject of conversation in high places the world over. The change which has come over the general situation furnishes us with a fresh illustration of the existence of that dread of consequences which is really one of the most effective safeguards of the peace. The speeches of the German Chancellor Caprivi and of the French statesmen Ribot and Ferry have not only given a more hopeful aspect to the situation—they have made it abundantly plain that the men who now control Germany and France, and the non-military classes generally in both countries, are bent on the maintenance of peace.

It is not wonderful, however, that there should be doubt in some minds as to the honesty of these declarations. No one can deny that however anxious the rulers and the leading statesmen of the countries most concerned may be to avert the threatened danger, the facts have for some time been sufficiently alarming. It is impossible to read the utterances of the statesmen above-named without feeling that they were fully conscious of the difficulty of the task they had undertaken, and that they needed all, their courage to give assurances of peace in full view of warlike actions of the most pronounced and unmistakable kind. Very suggestive are the words attributed to Chancellor Caprivi: "No European sovereign wishes "to disturb the peace. No European government "desires war." Why? Because it "would probably be "more terrible than all previous wars." One feels in reading these words that the question of peace or war is dependent for solution not alone on the intelligence and wills of statesmen, but also upon the natural tendency of events. In the history of nations and of continents, as in the history of individuals, there are times when men are not masters of the situation; and signs are not wanting that Europe is on the verge of a great crisis—a crisis which may be deferred but which cannot ultimately be prevented.

Among the less pleasing aspects of the times is the steady and persistent movement of Russian troops to the west and southwest. We have long been accustomed to hear of these movements. They have often been explained; but they have never been discontinued, nor have they ceased to constitute a cause of alarm. Perhaps too much has from time to time been made of those movements. The persistency, however, with which they are conducted compels attention; and it would be unwise to regard as insignificant the later news that Russia is massing troops in Poland and that temporary barrack accommodations are being provided all the way from Odessa to Warsaw. There may be no truth in the rumors that Russia is really making preparations for a rush upon Constantinople, and that all these side movements have a relation to this one grand central purpose. But it is not easy to treat lightly the report that the King of Roumania has become concerned

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about the inviolability of his territory, and that he has made it his business to inquire how far the Driebund will stand by him in the event of Russia attempting to force her way through his territory. Nor is it a matter of no moment that Austria-Hungary and Holland, two powers in many respects so different, should in view of what they consider impending danger be making provision on a larger scale for the support of their respective armies. Such reports would be less fitted to alarm were it not that Europe is armed as she never was armed before—armed, it is not too much to say, beyond her resources, whether regard be had to men or to money. This aspect of the general situation is not improved by the attitude which the Germans have assumed toward the Russian loan.

On the other hand, there are some things which warrant a more hopeful view of the situation. Austria-Hungary, Germany and France have, in grand reviews and sham fights on scales of unprecedented magnitude, been testing the merits of their respective armies, and according to report, they are, every one, satisfied with the morale of the troops, with their discipline, with their military weapons, and indeed with all that concerns the art of war. It may seem strange that we should seek signs of peace in such movements or in the results of such movements. We are not, however, without evidence that these things have made for peace. Since the conclusion of these military manœuvres, self-gratulation and peace-speaking have been on France has come to the conthe increase. clusion that her military recuperation has been completed, that she has no longer cause to of her neighbors, and that having fear any secured a friend and ally in the great Northern Power, another Sedan disaster is no longer among the possibilities. Germany, on her part, leans confidently on the strength and skill which bore her so bravely to victory in 1870. And while France and Russia promise each other succor in the event of any combination being made against them, the Triple Alliance, secure in the sympathy and aid of England, in certain contingencies, towers up as the great bulwark of peace. Thus it is that these manifestations and exhibitions of military strength have proved helpful in bringing about what has the appearance at least of a peaceful disposition. The nations are so well prepared for war; the armies are so mighty in numbers and so near perfection in discipline; and the means of destruction are so tremendous, that the dread of dealing the first blow is exercising upon all the Powers an almost paralyzing influence.

This view of the case, as it seems to us, is borne out by some of the facts of the hour. Prominent among these facts are the concessions made by Kaiser William in regard to the passport arrangements in Alsace-Lorraine. Various explanations are given of the Emperor's action, as commonly happens in such circumstances. The most natural explanation, however, in the general case is the one which most easily commends itself. The concessions come after the completion of the French military manœuvres. They come after the speeches of President Carnot and of M. de Freycinet, which, while laudatory and exultant, as they had a right to be, breathed a genuinely pacific spirit. They came after a German expert, who had witnessed the evolutions of the French army, had made to his Government a report which was in the highest degree flattering to the French. As we are disposed to regard them, these concessions in the matter of passports in Alsace-Lorraine practically say, "So "long as you Frenchmen are willing to keep the peace "you need fear no attack from us. Nay, more; as these "concessions testify, we are willing to cultivate with "you friendly relations, and extend to you courtesy for " courtesy."

Among the other facts, we lay stress upon the care which has been taken in official circles in Germany to deny the genuineness of the speech attributed to the Kaiser's uncle, the Grand Duke of Baden. The speech as at first reported was of a dangerous character and well fitted to stir up hostile feelings. In other circumstances no pains would have been taken to deny it. As it is we have been furnished with an additional proof that the German authorities have no desire unnecessarily to irritate the French Government or the French people. There is yet another proof of the same kind and pointing in the same direction. Among our very latest cable dispatches is one to the effect that the Czar and the Kaiser have made arrangements to meet at Swinemunde, in the Island of Usedom, on the Swine, in the Baltic region, on October 13. If there be any truth in this report-and we have no more reason to question it than the others-it is probably quite fair to conclude that the meeting will be in favor of peace. It is also well to remember that Russia, with her famine on hand, is hardly in condition to provoke war at present.

COTTON CONSUMPTION AND OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR SEPTEMBER.

Although the present crop of cotton was at the close of August, as referred to in our Annual Cotton Crop Report, behind the one immediately preceding it in point of maturity, the weather conditions almost all through September have been such as to cause a rapid ripening. Furthermore, excellent progress has been possible in picking, and as a result the amount now in sight approximates very closely to the total for the corresponding period last year. To be exact, the amount brought into sight through the ports, interior towns and the rail movement overland reaches 826,932 bales, against 860,274 bales for the month of 1890. Spinners have been less liberal takers of the staple thus far this season, having carried over larger stocks at the close of August, and having to some extent at least adopted the policy of buying merely for present requirements.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR SEPTEMBER.

The gross movement overland has been greater than in September a year ago, and moreover exceeds the total for September, 1887, the heaviest heretofore recorded. In the excess over last year all the routes except that via Cairo share, but the most conspicuous gain has been in the shipments from St. Louis, although the increase via Louisville is quite marked. The net also exhibits a gain over the same month a year ago, and compared with 1889 the increase is 17,049 bales. The details of the whole movement overland for three years are appended. OVERLAND DURING SEPTEMBER

)	1391.	1890.	1999.
Amount shipped—			
Via St. Louis	14,990	6,926	6,752
Via Cairo	9,297	9,471	2,362
Via Hannibal	7,726	6,692	1,356
Via Evansville	96	240	162
Via Louisville*	5,361	3,108	2,019
Via Cincinnati*	3,409	2,360	2,152
Via other routes	6,486	5,603	5,867
Shipped to mills, not included above	1,194	1,146	949
Total gross overland	48,559	35,546	21,619

Deduct-	1891.	1890.	1889.
Overland to New York, Boston, &c	5,974	1,434	1,106
Between interior towns	1,834	1,705	792
Galveston, inland and local mills New Orleans, inland and local mills	319 920	60	
Mobile, inland and local mills	5,875	1,571 2,136	1,038 2,786
Savannah, inland and local mills	125	129	25
Charleston, inland and local mills	1,209	516	*******
N. Carol'a ports, inland and local mills. Virginia ports, inland and local mills	37 1,157	1,808	54 1,708
Total to be deducted	17,450	9,408	7,559
Leaving total net overland*	31,109	26,138	14,060

* This total includes shipments to Canada by rail, which since September 1 in 1891 amounted to 2,763 bales, in 1890 were 2,404 bales and in 1899 were 1,147 bales.

RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND SPINNERS' TAKINGS.

As our statements from week to week have indicated. the movement of cotton through the outports has in the aggregate been less free than in 1890. But a glance at the subjoined statement shows that this results entirely on account of less liberal receipts at the Atlantic ports. In fact, while at all the Gulf ports, notably New Orleans, the net receipts are ahead of a year ago, not one of the South Atlantic ports has received as much cotton as last year, and in some cases the falling off is very marked. The net receipts have been 676,823 bales, which contrasts with 732,236 bales and 561,710 bales respectively in the two preceding years. Foreign exports during the month have reached a total of 201,-895 bales, or 153,790 bales less than a year ago. Owing to the smaller export movement and decreased takings by spinners, stocks have accumulated quite rapidly, and at the close of the month are 297,578 bales ahead of September 30, 1890.

Movement from	Receipts since	Receipts since	EXPORTS	Stocks			
Sept. 1, 1891, to Oct. 1, 1891.	Sept. 1, 1891.	Sept. 1, 1891.	Great Britain*	France.	Continent.	Total.	Oct. 1. 1891.
Galveston	179,237	170,808	32,739	5,025	3,830	41,594	107,930
El Paso, &c	338	344		*****			*****
New Orleans	179,721	131,358	38,515	9,966	7,858	56,339	156,794
Mobile	89,747	33,725	******	*****		*****	12,426
Florida		778		******	*****		*****
davannah	150,908	160,131	5,364			5,364	95,394
Brunswick, &c.	6,723	12,522					1,528
Charleston	55,265	86,216	3,965	******		3,965	38,690
Port Royal,&c.	5		******				*****
Wilmington	19,074	44,365			4,820	4,820	14,179
Washingt'n,&c	29	31	******				
Norfolk	23,609	61,484	1,985			1,985	14,845
West Point	15,247	27,965	3,274			3,274	3,399
Newp'tNews,&c.	949	1,075	*****				*****
New York	691	494	55,167	3,536	8,944	67,647	159,897
Boston	1,491	102	4,107	*****		4,107	8,500
Baltimore	173	448	8,154	400	3,048	11,602	8,582
Philadelphia,&c.	3,619	390	1,198			1,198	1,827
Total 1891	676,823		154,468	18,927	24,500	201,893	623,391
Cotal 1890		732,238	261,985	15,132	78,668	355,685	325,513
Potal 1889		581,710	180,097	44.1 8	71,942	298,177	239,371

* Great Britain exports include to the Channel.

Using the facts disclosed by the foregoing statements, we shall find that the portion of the crop which has reached a market through the outports and overland, and the Southern consumption during September this year and the two previous years, is as follows:

	1891.	1890.	1889.
Receipts at the ports to Oct. 1bales.	676,823	732,236	561,710
Not shipments overland during same time	31,109	26,138	14,060
Total receiptsbales. Southern consumption since September 1	707,932	758,374	575,770
	49,000	43,000	38,000
Total to Oct. 1bales.	756,932	801,374	613,770

The amount of cotton marketed during September in 1891 is thus seen to be 44,442 bales less than in 1890 and 143,162 bales greater than in 1889. To determine the portion which has gone into the hands of Northern spinners during the same period we have prepared the following:

756,932 otal receipts in September, 1891, as above... ... bales. Stock on hand commencement of year (Sept. 1, 1891)—

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Of this supply there has been exported			
to foreign ports during September. 2	01.893		
Less foreign cotton included	849-	201.046	
sent to Canada direct from West		2,763	
Burnt North and South		53	
Stock on hand end of month (Oct. 1, 1891)			
At Northern ports 1			
At Southern ports 4	41,585-	623,391	
At Northern interior markets		5,317	832,570
Total takings by spinners during Septemb			155,814
Taken by Southern spinners	••••••	*******	49,000
Taken by Northern spinners during Sept.,	1891	bales	106,914
Taken by Northern spinners same time in	1890		135,859
Decrease in takings by Northern spinners	this year.	bales.	29,015
emi 1 1. 11. 4. 41. 4 NT 4	1	•	1 1

The above indicates that Northern spinners had up to October 1 taken 106,814 bales, a decrease from the corresponding period of 1890 of 29,045 bales and an increase over the same time of 1889 of 10,737 bales.

AMOUNT OF CROP NOW IN SIGHT.

In the foregoing we have the number of bales which has already been marketed this year and the two previous seasons. An additional fact of interest is the total of the crop which was in sight on Oct. 1, compared with previous years, and this is shown in the following:

	1891.	1890.	1889
Total marketed, as abovebales. Interior stocks in excess of Sept. 1.	756,932 70,000	801,374 58,900	613,770 42,000
Total in sightbales.	826,932	860,274	655,770

This indicates that the movement during September of the present year is 33,342 bales less than in 1890 and 171,162 bales greater than in 1889.

WEIGHT OF BALES.

To furnish a more exact measure of the receipts up to Oct. 1 we give below our usual table of weight of bales. We give for comparison the figures for the same time in the two previous years.

	Month	Same peri'd in 1890.	Same peri'd in 1889.		
	Number of Bales.	Weight in Pounds.	Average Weight.	Average Weight.	Average Weight.
Texas	179,573	96,603,091	537-96	541.61	543.18
Louisiana	179,721	89,368,064	497.26	500.38	498 CO
Alabama	39,747	19,873,500	500.00	525.00	525.00
Georgia*	157,631	79,012,539	501.25	502.46	502-25
Bouth Carolina.	55,270	27,982,648	506-29	505.00	504.85
Virginia	39,805	20,025,099	503.08	496.31	500.00
North Carolina.	19,102	9,706,108	508-12	507.15	490 06
Tennessee, &c	86,083	42,964,025	499.10	504.00	500 00
Total	756,932	385,535,074	509:34	511.40	511.27

* Including Florida.

It will be noticed that the movement up to October 1 shows a decrease in the average weight as compared with the same periods of the last two years, the average this year being 509.34 lbs. per bale, against 511.40 lbs. per bale for the same time in 1890 and 511.27 lbs. in 1889.

DRY GOODS TRADE IN SEPTEMBER.

The demand for staple cottons during the month, while generally characterized by a cautious spirit, amounted in the aggregate to a considerable total. The tone has shown a gradual improvement, and a number of minor changes have been made in an upward direction. These at the close are well maintained, with low-grade goods in both brown and bleached cottons comparatively strongest. The export demand was not more than moderate. The business in fall prints was unusually large for the time of year, with firm prices, and all popular makes well cleaned up at the close. Advances of ‡c. per yard were made in some second-class prints. Ginghams and other wash fabrics are also in excellent shape in dark makes, with

staples occasionally dearer. Apprehensions of trouble at Fall River on the wages question stimulated the demand for print cloths, a large business was done, and standards show an advance of ‡c. per yard from the low price ruling at the beginning of the month. The jobbing trade was until near the close more active than usual for September, but latterly, under the influence of abnormally warm weather, the demand for fall goods has sensibly slackened. Other distributing points report similar interference with trade, but outside of the South they have nearly all recorded an exceptionally large business. Collections were irregular early in the month, but during the last two weeks an improvement was generally noted.

70			1891.					1890.		
SEPT.	Cott'n low mid- dling.		ings,	Lan- caster ging- hams	8'th'n 3-yd. sheet- ings.	low mid-	Print- ing cloths, 64x64	Sheet- ings, stand- ard.	Lan- caster Ging- hams	S'th'n 3-yd sheet ings.
1 2 3. 4 5 6 7	778 71516 8116 818 814	2.75 2.75 2.88 2.94 2.94	7 7 7 7 7 7 s	7 7 7 7 7 7	5% 5% 5% 5%	109 ₁₆ 1 9 ₁₆ 103 ₁₆ 103 ₁₆ 103 ₁₆	3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31	H 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 4 8	7 7 7 7 7	614 614 614 614 614
8 9 10 11 12 13	8316 8316 818 8316 8316	2.94 2.94 2.94 2.94 3.00	7 7 7 7 7 7 s	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	103 ₁₆ 103 ₁₆ 103 ₁₆ 103 ₄ 103 ₄	3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31	714 714 714 714 714 714	7777777	614 614 614 614 614
15 16 17 . 18 19	8 7!5 ₁₆ 715 ₁₆ 713 ₁₆ 713 ₁₆	3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 s	7 7 7 7 7	5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	$10^{5}_{16} \\ 10^{3}_{18} \\ 10^{3}_{16} \\ 10^{1}_{8} \\ 10^{1}_{16} \\ 10$	3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31 3·31	714 714 714 714 714	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	614 614 614 614 614
21 22 23 21 25 26	71316 71516 71516 818 818 818	3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00	7 7 7 7 7 7 7	74 74 74 74 74 74	5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	10 915 ₁₆ 915 ₁ , 915 ₁₆ 915 ₁₆	3.31	714 714 714 714 714 714	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	614 614 614 619 614
23 29 30	81 ₁₆ 81 ₁₆ 81 ₈	3.00 3.00 3.00	7 7 7	74 74 74	5% 5% 5%	915 ₁₆ 915 ₁₆	3:31	8 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 4	7	614 614

The above prices are—For cotton, low middling uplands at New York, for printing cloths, manufacturers' net prices: for sheetings, agents' prices, which are subject to an average discount of 5 per cent, except when otherwise stated: Southern sheetings net.

REVIEW OF PRICES IN SEPTEMBER— STOCKS, GOVERNMENT BONDS AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The following table shows the highest and lowest prices of railway and miscellaneous stocks at the N. Y. Stock Exchange during the month of September, 1891.

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

9	RAILE	OAD A:	in misc	BULANEOUS SIUCKS,		
	RAILROADS.	Low.	High.	RAILROADS.	Low.	High.
	Atchison Top. & S.Fe.	397s			23	2.5
1	Atlantic & Pacific	6	678	Do pref	8119	82
	B. & O. S. W. pref	414	410	Great North'n, pref		11019
	Buff, Roch, & Pittsb.	3834			8	124
	Do pref	7912		Hous. & T. C	3	33
1	Burl, C. Rap, & Nor	30	35	Illinois Central	101	10138
	*California Pacific	13	13	Iowa Ceutral	914	12
1	Canadian Pacific	8578		Do pref	28	3319
	Canada Southern	52	614	Kanawha & Mich	10	1119
١	Ced ar Falls & Minn.	719	8	Keokuk & Western	32	32
	Central of N. Jersey	117	1207a	Kingston & Pemb'k.	10	10
1	Central Pacific	3219	344	Lake Erie & West'n	1584	2219
١		21	28	Do pref	62	6914
1	Ches. &O., Vot. Tr.cert. Do do 1st pref.	5319	607a	Lake Shore	1154	
1			40%	Long Island	974	994
1		3478	139	Louisv. Ev. & St. L	2719	23
ı	Chicago & Alton	131		Do pref.	60	69
1	Chic. Burl. & Quincy		10038	Louisville & Nashv	7619	8218
1	Chic. & East III	6912	7319		:6	2918
1	Do pref		10312	Louisv. N. Alb. & Ch	1249	1549
١	Chic. Mil. & St. Paul.	6918	76	Lou St. L. & Tex		
1	Do pref	1174		Manhattan consol	101 49	254
1	Chic. & Northwest		1174	Mexican Central	2178	
1	Do pref	137	1384	Mex. Nat. cert-	5	519
ı	Chic. & Rock Island	8158	8738	Michigan Central		10319
ł	Chic. St. P. Minn. & O.	2918	3578	Milw. L. S. & W	80	8319
1	Do pref	8838	95	Do pref.	10612	1134
1	Cl. Cin. Chic. & St. L.	6814	7412	Minneapolis & St. L .	718	778
ı	Do pref	9612		Do pref	1578	18
1	Cleveland & Pitts	150	152	Mo. Kan. & Texas	10.34	20
1	Col. Hock. Val. & Tol.	27	34 %	Do pref	2.58	
İ	Delaware & Hudson	1333		Missouri Pacific	59%	7718
1	Del. Lack, & Western	140	145%	Mobile & Ohio	4.14	45
1	Den. & Rio Grande	1649	20	forris & Essex	11119	141
1	Do pref	4519	514	vash. Chatt. & St. L	8:	91
1	Des Moines & Ft. D .	6 9	778	'N. News & Miss. Val.	15	15
ı	*Duluth S. Sh. & Atl.	519	814	V. Y. Cent. & Hud. R.	1013	
t	*Do p ef	12	17	V. Y. Chie, & St. Louis	4 4 4	20 4
ĺ	E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. Ry.	65	7	Do 1st pref.	7312	824
1	Do . 1st pref.	45	52	Do 2d prof.	25 . 14	4358
1	Do 2d pref.	14	15	. Y. Lack. & West		109
1	Eliz. Lex. & B. S	17	17	V. Y. Lake Erie & W.	25	313
ł	Evansy, & Terre H.,		12:	Do pref	3.24	7238

RAILROADS.	Low.		EXPRESS.	Low.	High.
N. Y. & New England	374		Adams	146	14719
N. Y. & Nor. pref	16	1919		117	1194
N. Y. N. H. & Hart.	225	230	United States	58	63
N. Y. Ont. & West	18	23 48	Wells, Fargo & Co	139	143
N. Y. Susq. & West	819	11%	COAL AND MINING.		
Do pref	32	4178	Cameron Coal	2	3
Norfolk & Western	164	1819	Colorado Coal & Iron	344	
Do pref	534	55%	Col. & Hock. C. & I	16	17
Northern Pacific	26	3078	Homestake Mining	11	114
Do pref	704	7838	Maryland Coal	214	2319
Ohio & Mississippi	22	2619	Minne sota Iron	724	
Obio Southern	1730		New Cent. Coal	11	13
Oregon Ry & Nav.Co.	7016	82	N. Y. & Perry C. & I.	5	510
Oreg. 8h. L. & U. N	244	273	Ontario Silver Min	39	40
*Pensa. & Atlantic	210	319	Quicksilver Mining	5	5%
Peo. Decat. & E'ville,	2019	2412	Do pref	25	3078
Peoria & Eastern	9	1119	Tenn. Coal & Iron	32	3738
Phila. & Read. certs.	3358	43%	Do pref.	8619	
P. C. C. & St. L	17	264	VARIOUS.		High.
Do pref.	60%	683	Am. Cotton Oil Co	2410	263
Pittab. Ft. W. & Chic.	1:04		Do pref.	45	4910
Pitts. & W. pf tr. rec	3719	423	*Am. Sugar Refin.Co.	8558	9358
Richmond Terminal.	1078	15	'Do pref	903	98
Do pref.	53	62	Amer. Tel. & Cable	81	82
Rio Grande Western.	40	4234	Amer. Tob. Co., pref.	97	983
Do pref.	7119	7578	Brunswick Co	113	14
Rome Water & Ogd.	107	108	Chicago Gas Comp'y.	494	534
St. Jo. & Gd. Island	7	9	Chie. Junction Ry	73	80
8t. L. Alt. & T. H	34	36	Cit'ns' Gas of B'klyn	80	82
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	75	76	Claffin, H. B. & Co	108	108
St. Louis Southw	714	919	Commercial Cable	106	124
Do pref.	1478	1819	Consolidated Gas Co.	974	9919
St. Paul & Duluth	36	3878	Dis. & Cat. Feed. Co.	4619	5478
Do pref	96	973	Edison Gen. Electric.	97	102
St. Paul Minn. & Man.	10712		Laclede Gas, St. L	174	2140
Sixth Avenue	106	106	Do pref	50	60
South Carolina	8	934	Manhattan Beach	4	4
Southern Pacific Co	3558	4410	*Mex. Nat. constr	14	1749
Texas & Pacific	1378	1658	National Cordage	9134	9713
Tol. Ann A. & No. M.	1678	21	Do pref	100	1044
Toledo & Ohio Cent.	424	45	*National Lead Trust	164	18
Do pref.	80	85	National Linseed Oil.	2610	3018
*Tol. Peoria & West'n	16	1619	North American Co	148	2038
Union Pacific	393	4518	Oregon Improvem't	2378	2738
Union Pac. D. & G	19	20%	Pacific Mail	354	4038
	13	16	*Pipe Line Trust	5449	6419
Wabash		3419	Pullman Palace Car.	187	195%
Do pref	2718	394		97	9834
Wheel. & L. Erie	3619	80	Silver Bullion certs Tex. Pac. Land Trust	17	194
Do pref Wisconsin Cent. Co	76% 19%	23	Western Union Tel.	814	85 4
wisconsin Cent. Co	19.8	20	*West Union Beef	114	13
			West Onion Best	11.4	10
					1

* Unlisted.

The range of Government bonds sold at the Stock Exchange in September was as follows:

GOVERNMENT BONDS.						
4	198, 1891	4s, 1907,	48, 1907,	6s, c. '08,	68 6, 99	
reg	, ext. @2 p.c.	reg.	coup.	reg.	rig.	
Opening	*9910	116 ¹ a	118	*116	*1.0	
Highest	-993a	11618	1184	*117	*11919	
Lowest	*9914	1161 ₈	117	*116	*119	
Closing	*9919	1164	11738	*117	*11919	

The following highest and lowest prices are from actual sales at the New York Stock Exchange:

RANGE OF STATE BONDS IN SEPTEMBER.

Low.	High.	Low.	High.
Alabama Class A 100	1014	So, Car. non-fund, 6s., 3	3
do do B 106	106	Brown consol, 6s 94	94
Currency fund'g 48 95	95	Tenn, new settlem't 6s, 10119	105
A.L. R.P.Bl.&N.O. 78. 418	418	58100	100%
L. R. & Ft. Smith 78. 6	6	38 70	71
ist, of Col. 3-65s ep., 113	114	Virginia 6s deferred 819	83
ouisiana consol, 4s 854a	873	Do stamped 7	834
N. Carolina consel. 4s. 97	9810		
Special tax trust rec. 54	510		

The daily posted rates for 60 days and demand sterling exchange in September are given below, it being understood that bankers' actual rates are usually a fraction below the prices posted:

BANKERS' STERLING EXCHANGE (POSTED RATES) FOR SEPT., 1891.

Sept.	60 days.	De- mand.	Sept.	60 days.	De- mand.	Sept.	60 days.	De- mand.
				8.		25		4 84
	4 83	4 85 1g-6 4 85 1g-6						4 84
4	4 83	4 86	16	4 82-19	4 84 12-5	28	4 81	4 84
6		4 86			4 84 lg-5 4 84 lg			1 84
7	Н		19	48119-2	484-19	30		
		4 86 4 85 4-6		1 1-2		Open	4 8219-3	4 85 la
10	4 83	4 85 19-6	22	4 41-49	4 =4-19	High.	4 83	4 86
12	1 82 lg-3	4 85.1g	2.1.	×1-1g		Last.		484

DEBT STATEMENT SEPTEMBER 30, 1891.

The following is the official statement of the United States public debt and of the cash in the Treasury at the close of business September 30, 1891.

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

Title of Loan.	Int'r't	Amount	Amount Outstanding.		
Title 0) Loun.	Pay'ie	Issued.	Registered.	Coupon.	Total.
414s, F'n'd Loan. 1891 Continued at 2 p.c.		\$250,000,000	\$25,364,500	*	\$25,964,500
4s, F'ded Loan 1907 4s, Ref'd'g Certific's.		740,~2~,450 40,012,750	483,406,150	76,160,950	559,5 0 7,100 93,120
Aggregate excl'd's B'ds to Pac. RR.		1,030,841,200	508,770,450	76.160.950	585,024,720

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINC & MATURITY.

Asgregate of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity is \$9,127,290.

This debt consists of a number of items of which the principal amounts are sailed bonds.

DEBT BEARING A			
Legal-tender notes	***********	••••••	. 55,84
Redemption account Fractional currency. Less amount estimated as lost or destroy	ed	8,375,93	8,968,89
Aggregate of debt bearing no interest	•••••	**********	.\$390,153,493
CERTIFICATES AND NOTES ISSUED SILVER COIN AND LEG			GOLD ANI
			Amount Issued.
SILVER COIN AND LEG. Classification of Certificates and Notes. Gold certificates	In the Treasury.	In Circulation \$112,451,569	Amount Issued.
SILVER COIN AND LEG. Classification of Certificates and Notes. Gold certificates	In the Treasury. \$28,332,490 2,920,072	In Circulation \$112,451,569 322,016,487	Amount Issued. \$140,784,056 324,930,550
	In the Treasury. \$28,332,490 2,920,072 1,990,000	In Circulation \$112.451,569 322,016,487 17,845,000	Amount Issued. 8140,784,056 924,930,536 19,935,000

Aggregate of	certificates	\$40,289,464	\$509,518,284	\$549,806,748
	RECAPITUL	ATION.		_

Classification of Debt.	Sept. 30, 1891,	August 31, 1891.	Increase or Decrease.
Interest-bearing debt Debt on which interest has ceased Debt bearing no interest	\$ \$585,024,720 9,127,290 390,183,493	1,611,770	
Aggregate of interest and non-interest bearing debt		1,003,157,749	D. 18,829,239
amount of cash in the Treasury	549,808,748	559,078,603	D. 9,271,855
Aggregate of debt, incl'g cert's & notes.	1,534,142,251	1,569,236,845	D. 28,094,094

CASH IN THE TREASURY.

Gold-Coin	66,343,775—4	244,974,791
Silver dollars	348,941,198	
Subsidiary coin	16,841,621	
Bars	41,579,953	
Trade Dollars, bars	2,394,280-	409,161,396
Paper-Legal tender notes (old		
_issue	19,949,815	
Treasury notes of 1890	7,045,002	
Gold certificates	28,332,490	
Silver certificates	2,920,072	
Currency certificates	1,990,000	
National bank notes	5,695,080-	65,933,359
Other-Bonds, interest and cou-		
pons paid, awaiting reimburse-	OF 000	
ment	95,289	
Minor coin and fractional cur-	365,468	
Den sits in national bank depos-	900,400	
itories - general account	16,363,925	
Disbursing officers' balances	4.774.059-	21,598,784

DEMAND LIABILITIES.

	Disbursing officers' balances	49,573,498 144,987,989
	Aggregate Cash balance in the Treasury August 31, 1891 Cash balance in the Treasury September 30, 1891	150, 374, 395
1	Decrease during the month	815 986 498

BONDS ISSUED IN AID OF PACIFIC RAILROADS.

	Determinent	Interest		Int. repaid !	Balance	
Name of Railway.	Principal Out- standing.	accrued and not yet paid.	Interest paid by the U.S.	By Trans- portation Service.	By cash pay m'ts; 5 p. c. net earnings.	of Inter'st paid by the U.S.
				8		
Cen. Pacific.	25,885,120	888,277	35,877,413	6,261,131	658,283	28,957,998
Kan. Pacific.	6,303,000	94,545	9,154,773	3,943,239		5,211,534
Uni'n Pacific	27,236,512	408,548	38,031,376	12,908,768	438,410	21,684,200
Cen. Br. U.P.	1,600,000	24,000	9,317,808	492,447	6,927	1,828,435
West. Pacific	1,970,586	29,559	2,614,118	9,387		2,604,751
Sioux C. & P.	1,628,320	24,425	2,245,891	179,849	*********	2,036,042
Totals	64,623,512	969,358	90,241,379	23,794,799	1,103,620	65,352,980

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER AT SAN FRANCISCO.

The Collector of Customs at San Francisco has furnished us this week the returns of imports and exports of gold and silver for the month of August through that port, and we present them below, in conjunction with the figures for previous months of the calendar year 1891. The imports have been heavier than in any month since November, 1890, the aggregate of gold being \$790,938, of which the larger part from Australia, and of silver \$330,484 from Mexico. There has been received during the eight months a total of \$1,861,500 gold and \$1,905,901 silver, which compares with \$991,562 gold and \$2,282,421 silver for the like period of 1890. The shipments of gold for August were \$75,000 coin to Honolulu and \$16,117 coin and \$825 bullion to China. Of silver coin China took \$729,249 Mexican dollars and \$40,069 bullion, and \$90,069 gold Mexican dollars went to Japan. For the eight months the exports of gold have been \$1,020,430, against \$858,967 in the same months of 1890, but only \$3,842,605 silver has been sent

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out, against \$4,740,649 in 1890. The exhibit for August and the eight months is as follows:

IMPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER AT SAN FRANCISCO.

			GOLD.		SILVER.		
MONTHS.	Coin.	Bullion	Total.	Coin.	Bultion.	Total.	
1891.	*	*	\$	8	8	*	
January	489,210	37,738	526,948	31,922	192,692	224,614	
February	248,604	16,570	265,174	35,840	207,003	242,843	
March	26,508	19,217	45,725	21,288	207,206	228,494	
April	35,185	21.846	57.031	11.627	213,456	225,083	
May	15,092		39.012	17,060	163,598	180,658	
June		30,471		41,005	164,030		
July	67,733			41,180	227,510		
August	755,198			146,572	183,912		
Tot. 8 mos.	1.637.530	223,970	1.861.500	346,494	1,559,407	1.905.90	

EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

		GOLD.			SILVER.		
MONTHS.	Coin.	Butt'n	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	
1891.	- 8	*	*	\$	- 8	\$	
January	176,602 98,628	876	177,478 98,628	297,373 286,168		297,373 286,168	
February March	72,843	320	73,163	303,983	183,400	487,383	
April	158,100	020	158,100		140,450	573,916	
May	122,895	160	123,055		24,000	246,860	
June	147,729	172	147,901	510,536		510,536	
July	149,263	900	150,163	580,982		580,982	
August	91,117	825	91,942	819,318	40,069	859,387	
Tot. 8 mos.	1,017,177	8,253	1,020,430	3,454,686	387,919	3,842,603	

Monetary Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 19, 1891.

Gold is being withdrawn from the Bank of England for Germany, Egypt and other countries, and although none has yet been taken for New York there is an American demand in the open market. Besides, harvesting has now become general, and coin will continue to flow out from London to the interior for a couple of months, while the value of money is rising in Germany. Therefore there is again an advance in rates here. At the beginning of the week the discount rate in the open market was as low as 1% per cent, and at times business was done at even 1¾ per cent; but since then it has gradually risen to over 2¼ per cent. If an American demand springs up, the advance will probably be rapid; but in any case it seems inevitable that there must be a considerable rise in the value of money before long.

The silver market remains inactive. There is scarcely any demand either for India or for the Continent, and speculation for the time being is dormant. The price, therefore, is no better than 44 13-16d. per oz.

The week opened with a political scare. The bourses and stock exchanges of Europe were suddenly startled early on Monday by telegrams fram Berlin, Vienna and Constantinople, all announcing that British sailors had been landed at Sigri, and were throwing up fortifications. The telegrams were evidently intended to damage the Russian loan in Paris, and very soon they were recognized to be utterly without foundation. But for a while they caused a general fall. Their momentary success proves how very apprehensive the public mind has become and on what a slight thread the peace of Europe hangs. But even before Monday had ended alarm had passed away and since then confidence has been completely restored. On Tuesday there was a very active speculation in the American market, which continued on Wednesday until the opening prices in New York were received. On Thursday, owing to the decline in New York, the market eased off and there was a good deal of realizing until the afternoon, when prices again rose, and yesterday speculation became once more very active. Several of the leading dealers in the Stock Exchange and of the greater operators outside wish for a reaction, partly because they have not been able as yet to provide themselves with enough stock, and partly because they fear that the boom is being carried too far and to rapidly. Few doubt that prices will be decidedly higher some months hence than they are now, for everybody recognizes how favorable the conditions are to the American railroad companies.

But many careful observers argue all the same that if the rise is carried on with equal rapidity for some time longer the market will become top heavy and the general public will be discouraged from acting in support of it. At the same time it may be observed that the speculation here has not as yet become dangerously large. In the first place prices even now,

taking them all together, are not as high as they were before the Baring crisis, when conditions were certainly not as favorable as they are at present; and in the second place, at the fortnightly settlement, which began on Monday and ended on Wednesday evening, money was in plentiful supply. Stock Exchange borrowers were able to get all the accommodation they required at from 13/4 to 2 per cent, and even within the Stock Exchange carrying over rates in the American department ranged only from 8 to 4 per cent. It seems clear that if the speculative account threatened to become unwieldy, rates would have been much higher than these figures show they were. Unless, then, a check comes from New York, the speculation is likely to continue here. It is expanding, too, from the American to other departments. For example, this week there has been a very marked revival in the market for South African gold and land shares. For a long time past these securities have been entirely neglected, owing to the gross mismanagement in South Africa, and to the banking crisis there. But people argue that the depression has now lasted a long time; that the management has greatly improved; that the banking crisis is nearly at an end, and that next year railway com nunication with the gold fields will be completed. The speculation, however, has been originated in London-not in South Africa.

British railway stocks, too, have been firmer during the week, and there is surprising steadiness in the market for inter-bourse securities. It is entirely due to the confidence of Paris. In spite of the deficiency of the French crops and the greater failure in Germany and other Continental countries, and of the famine in Russia, the leaders of the Paris Bourse profess to be confident that they can, not merely support the market but that they will carry prices much higher than they are at present; indeed they are predicting a general boom. And it is proof of their belief in their own professions that a syndicate of bankers is about to bring out a Russian loan of 20 millions sterling, bearing 3 per cent interest, at a price that will not yield the investor quite 4 per cent. The negotiations have been going on for some weeks. The syndicate desired that the price should be under 80 per cent. That would be two or three points lower than German 3s, and it would be greatly lower than French rentes and British consols; and the syndicate therefore argued that at such a price there would be a fair prospect of a rise and consequently an inducement to the public to subscribe. On the other hand, the Russian Finance Minister wished the price to be about 83, for the sake of his own prestige and for the credit of Russia. It is said that at last an agreement has been come to, that the syndicate has prevailed, and that the issue price will be about 79. There is obviously a strong inducement for the Finance Minister to give way. His original desire was that the loan should be for 40 millions sterling, but the syndicate pointed out that so large a loan might not succeed and that it would be better to first place a smaller loan and that a second would then be surer of success.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of England on Thursday a dividend for the half-year ended with August, at the rate of 51/4 per cent, was declared. The dividend absorbs nearly three-quarters of a million sterling, and leaves the Rest, as it is called-that is, the undivided profits-at a little over three millions sterling. In the course of his speech, Mr. Lidderdale, the Governor, stated that when the Bank of England undertook to pay the acceptances of Messrs. Baring Brothers the liabilities of the house were in round figures 21 millions, and that there were other liabilities which had to be added amounting to nearly 71/2 millions sterling, making the total liabilities a little under 281/4 millions sterling. On the last day of August the whole of these vast liabilities had been paid off except £280,000, and this small remainder has since been reduced. The Bank advanced to Messrs. Baring to make these payments 71/2 millions sterling, which has since been reduced to £7,200,000. The Governor assured the shareholders that the debt of the Bank would be slowly realized, and he added that he still does not expect the guarantors to be involved in any loss.

The tenders for the new loan to New South Wales, amounting to 4½ millions sterling, and bearing 3½ per cent interest, were opened at the Bank of England on Thursday. The whole loan was allotted, the average price being £95 0s. 5½d., or barely 5½d. per cent above the minimum. Even so, the success has been much greater than most people expected.

The weather this week has not been quite so favorable for harvesting as last week. There has been little sunshine and some rain. Upon the whole, however, it has been fairly good and harvesting is proceeding rapidly. The wheat market is dull, owing mainly to the very large exports from the United States.

The Board of Trade returns for August compare with those of previous months as follows:

IMPORTS.	1891.	1890.	Difference.	Per Ot
January	33,741,092	38,143,950	-4.402,768	-11.54
February	33,311,354	31.018.842	+2,292,512	+ 7.39
March	35,253,059	36,140,334	-887.275	- 2.45
April	38,982,537	35,680,242	+3,302,295	+ 9.25
May	34,377,698	33.341.005	+1,036,693	+ 3.10
June	36,850,124	32,926,295	+3,923,829	+11.91
July	32,824,111	33,082,629	-258,518	77
∆ugust	32,746,279	31,322,897	+1,423,382	+ 4.54
8 months	277 716 030	971 945 994	L6 171 546	1 9.38

The total exports for the past eight months show the following contrast:

	1891.	1890.	Difference.	Per Ot
EXPORTS.	æ		2	
January	19,834,315	21.586,752	-1.752.437	- 8.11
February	20,470,621	21,084,228	-613,607	- 2.91
March	21,663,378	20,067,022	+1,596,356	+ 7.93
April		20,344,367	+ 574,699	+ 2.82
May	19,744,473	22,940,779	-3,196,306	-13.93
June	21,434,389	21,532,817	- 98,418	45
July	21,945,112	24,321,336	-2,376,224	- 9.77
August	20,670,489	22,817,609	-2,147,120	- 4.58
8 months	166,681,853	174,694,910	-8,013,057	- 9.41
Exports of	foreign and	colonial produce	were as follo	: ewo

Exports of	foreign and	colonial produc	e were as follo	ows:
	1891.	1890.	Difference,	Per Ct.
January	4,389,802	4,779,951	- 390,149	- 8.20
February	5,862,215	5,369,507	+ 492,708	+ 9.17
March	5,935,458	6,327,102	-391.644	- 6.19
April	5,535,152	4.859,746	+675,406	+13.89
May	5,447,331	6,476,915	-1.029,584	-15.89
June	4,612,759	5,106,549	- 493,790	- 9.66
July	6,104,233	5,443,433	+ 680,800	+ 1.21
August	3,657,451	5,279,199	-1,621,748	-30.71

8 months.... 41.544.401 43,642,402 -2.038,001The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &c., compared with the last three years:

	1801.	1890.	1889,	1988.
	Sept. 16.	Sept. 17.	Sept. 18.	Sept. 19.
Circulation	25,477,505	24,518,875	24,567,680	24,819,785
Public deposits	4,622,933	3,063,533	4,981,046	4,368,871
Other deposits	\$1,859,138	17,790,345	84,121,085	28,852,873
Government securities	10,163,655	14,415,362	14,560,893	14,721,400
Other securities	27,559,609	21,312,283	20,576,898	20,042,036
Reserve	17,284,375	13,672,750	12,461,045	11,949,722
Coin and bullion	26,311,880	21,741,625	20,823,705	20,569,507
Prop. assets to liabilities.per ct.	4736	44	4216	42 1-16
Hank rateper ct.	236	4	4	4
Consols 23/4 per enet	94 15-16	95 5-16 xd	98% rd	97 5-16
Clearing-House returns		162,232,000	153,204,000	147,871,000

Messrs. Pixley & Abell write as follows:

Messrs. Pixley & Abell write as follows:

Gold—A still stronger demand for 'gold prevails, and all arrivals are eagerly inquired for. During the week 2137,000 has reached the Bank and £486,000 has been withdrawn, chiefly for Egypt and Germany. Arrivals—Natal, £1,000: Australia, £61,000; Chili, £5,000: West Indies, £38,000; total, £105,000. Shipments—To Calcutta, £4,500; Alexandria, £200,000; Bombay, £82,500. Silver—Silver purchases were made for the Continent at somewhat reduced prices towards the close of last week, and the metal gradually fell to 443 d. After the India Council sales yesterday a somewhat better feeling prevailed, and to-day the price has recovered slightly to 44 13-16d. The arrivals per Moselle will not be touched until the injunction against its sale has been removed. Arrivals—New York, £11,000; Chili, £13,000; West Indies and Montevideo, £146,000; t-tal, £170,000. Shipments—To Calcutta, £10,000; Bombay, £5,000; Higgo, £80,000.

Mexican Dollars—Mexican dollars have been dealt in at melting parity, and are at present quoted 33%d. Arrivals—From New York, £66,000. Shipments—To Ponang, £112,000. The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first two weeks of the season compared with previous seasons: IMPORTS.

	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.
Wheat ewt.	3,006,020	2,802,027	2,727,525	2.347,665
Barley	614,266	734,160	561,391	253,407
Oats	748,329	562,862	489,960	748,652
Peas	33,468	41,800	61,824	45,855
Beans	84,262	57,316	220,830	150,782
Indian corn	743,901	1,571,748	1,457,636	1,271,816
Flour	531,916	558,867	640,993	669,811
Supplies availabl	e for cons	umption (e	xclusive of	stocks on
September 1):				
_	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.
Imports of wheat.cwt.	3,006,020	2,802,027	2,727,525	2,347,665
Imports of flour	531,967	558,867	640,993	669.811
Bales of home-grown.	534,157	1,296,539	1,359,230	492,129
Total	4,072,144	4,657,433	4,727,748	3,509,605
	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.
Aver. price wheat wee			30s. 2d.	38a. 1d.
Average price, season		34s. Od.	30s. 7d.	37s. 11d.
The following s			of wheat,	flour and
maize afloat to the	United Ki	ngdom:		
	This week.	Last week.	1890.	1889.
	1,703,000	1,665,000	2,049,000	1,385,000
Flour, equal to gra.	181,000	183,000	188,000	180,000
Malze qrs.	*******	152,000	589,000	402,000

English Financial Markets-Per Cable. The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Oct. 2:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Iri.
Silver, per ozd	4518	4518	4479	4478	45	45
Consols, new, 23 per cts.	941118	94 18	9458	949.6	9471A	94716
do for account	941113		9459	941318	941118	941
Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) fr.		96.25	96.071	96.034	93.9219	96.171
U. S. 4198 of 1891	103	1034	1034	1034	1034	1034
U. S. 4s of 1907	120	12019	1201	12019	12019	1204
Canadian Pacific	924	9239	9159	913	9159	914
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	773	7719	7619	7678	7614	754
	10634	10612	1064	10619	10519	105
Lake Shore	12619	1284	1284	1284	12819	1274
Louisville & Nashville	8319	8414	8278	8238	8219	81
Mexican Central 4s	7534	753	75%	7519	754	754
N. Y. Central & Hudson.		1154	115	1154	11434	1144
N. Y. Lake Erie & West'n	32	3158	3019	3038	3038	293
do 2d cons	1073	108	1073	1074	10714	107
Norfolk & Western, pref.	577s	584	5738	5719	5778	57
Northern Pacific, pref	804	8078	79%	7918	7858	7619
Pennsylvania		5678	3619	564	5659	563
Philadelphia & Reading.	2158	2158	214	2078	2058	195
Union Pacitic	4358	4419	44	4319	421	4119
Wabash, pref	3318	334	3178	314	314	3058

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in dry goods and an increase in general merchandise. The total imports were \$10,370,969, against \$9,650,655 the preceding week and \$7,867,930 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Sept. 29 amounted to \$7,689,232, against \$10,551,984 last week and \$7,447,609 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Sept. 24 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Sept. 25; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Weck.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise.	\$2,792,104 5,702,997	\$2,008,793 5,933,369		\$2,121,554 8,249,415
Total	\$8,495,101	\$7,942,162	\$8,708,011	\$10,370,969
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise.	\$100,578,909 251,662,221	\$103,813,825 272,863,760		#90,377,070 305,574,549
Total 39 weeks.	\$352,241,130	\$376,677,585	\$402,087,068	\$395,951,619

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Sept. 29 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
For the week Prev. reported.			\$10,247,772 240,933,497	
Total 39 weeks.	\$219,236,985	\$259,119,841	\$251,181,269	\$271,899,327

The following table shows the exports and imports of species the port of New York for the week ending September 26 and since Jan. 1, 1891, and for the corresponding periods in 1890 and 1889:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

	Exp	oris.	Imp	orts.	
Gold.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan.1	
Great Britain	\$21,966 40,500	\$37,081,097 16,547,183 17,031,557 2,705,187 14,213 1,611,810 27,525	\$96,500 241,250 104,379 2,200 11,155	\$374,159 1,723,819 987,170 1,215,997 34,552 271,177 446,794	
Total 1891 Total 1890 Total 1889	\$62,466 14,000 11,600		\$455,484 153,265 24,757		
011	Exp	orts.	Imports.		
Silver.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain France Germany West Indies Mexico. South America All other countries	\$120,411 50,000 170,000 49,000	216 250,406 43,000 601,290	\$1,590 400 36,160	485,640	
Total 1891 Total 1890 Total 1889	\$389,411 450,102	\$12,771,755 14,454,997 14,977,498	\$38,150 45,560 26,418	5,239,124	

—We present in this number of the CHRONICLE the report of the condition of the National Bank of Deposit, this city, made to the Comptroller at the close of business September 25, 1891. This bank, under the direction of its President, Mr. L. E. Ransom, now shows total resources of \$1,372,052, with a capital of \$300,000 and surplus and undivided profits of \$77,250.

FOREIGN TRADE OF NEW YORK—MONTHLY STATEMENT.—In addition to the tables on another page, made up from weekly returns, we give the following figures for the full months, also issued by our New York Custom House. The first statement covers the total imports of merchandise.

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IMPORTS INTO NEW YORK.

		1891.		1890.			
Month.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- dise.	Total.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- diss.	Total.	
		8		8		8	
anuary	14,249,505	28,331,248	42,580,753	16,586,805	26,161,328	42,725,13	
ebruary	13,146,984	29,953,865	43,100,239	15,795,270	25,438,879	41,229,149	
farch	13,041,350	85,576,721	48,618,071	15,570,193	28,066,730	43,636,923	
pril	6,96*,788	41,479,653	48,448,391	9,246,910	38,583,946	47,830,856	
	6,354,070		42,927,531	8,263,995	36,687,351	44,951,346	
fay	8,699,470		42,246,601	15,486,497	84,236,319	49,722,816	
une	9,201,074		41,128,638	14,214,708	37,299,011	51,503,719	
uly ngust	12,310,797	81,078,248	43,389,043	11,149,467	28.851,047	40,000,514	
Total	53,971,938	268,467,329	852,439,817	106,293,845	255,309.609	361,603,454	

EXPORTS FI	ROM NEW	YORK.	CUSTOM	S RECEIPT	8.
	Total Me	rchandise.		At New York.	
Month.	1891. 1890.		Month.	1891.	1890.
	3	8		8	*
January	27,000,185	25,508,491	January	16,794,658	15,223,823
February	26,433,249	27,940,531	February	12,280,590	13,888,615
March	28,874,475	28,485,254	March	10,520,556	12,569,417
April	29,644,853	28,142,069	April	7,712,053	18,518,024
May	26,924,467	29,187,973	May	7,450,369	10,674,626
June	28,325,491	29,058,921	June	9,131,238	14,492,287
July	31,163,120	27,811,440	July	11,304,103	17,173,523
August	83,353,766	29,080,928	August	10,461,012	12,978,344
Total	231,719,606	225,213,603	Total	85,654,574	110,518,695

GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES,—Through the courtesy of the Secretary of the Treasury, we are enabled to place before our readers to-day the details of Government receipts and disbursements for the month of September. From previous returns we obtain the figures for previous months, and in that manner complete the statement for the nine months of the calendar years 1891 and 1890.

RECEIPTS (000s omitted).

		18	91.			18	90.		
	Cus- toms.		Misc'ls Sourc's		Cus- toms.	Inter'l Rev'ue	Misc'ls Sourc's		
			8						
January	23,077	11,965	a2,848	37,890	22,216	10,681	3,794	36,69	
February	18,994	9,490	b1,127	29,611	18,966	10,115	1,785	30,866	
March	15,373	11,207	c2,838	29,418	20,800	11,282	2,696	34,778	
April	12,058	12,299	d2,778	27,130	19,359	12,508	1,994	33,861	
Мау	11,995	12,233	e3,189	27,417	17,058	16,857	2,527	36,440	
June	14,169	13,726	f3,826	31,721	21,643	12,642	3,263	87,547	
July	15,468	14,552	g4,280	34,300	23,953	11,718	42,632	88,303	
August	15,165	12,502	h1,218	28,885	20,316	12,557	j3,734	36,607	
September	14,121	11,946	k1,934	28,001	22,035	12,615	15,154	39,804	
Total 9 months	140,415	109,920	24,038	274,373	186,343	110,975	27,579	324,897	

National bank deposit fund included:— 18,000,000 a \$10,000,000 lin 1891: a \$245,740 b \$338,145. c \$390,535. d \$580,600, e \$128,120, \$89,500. q \$142,100. h \$110,870. k \$835,693, the total to September 30, 1891, being \$2,802,603. lin 1890. is 303,750. j \$2,700,540. l \$3,021,000, the total to September 30, 1890. in \$40,000,000.

DISBURSEMENTS (000s omitted).

			1891.					1890.		
	Ordi- nary.	Pen- sions.	In- terest.	Prem-		Ordi- nary.	Pen- sions.	In- terest.	Prem-	Total.
	8			\$	*		*	8	8	1
Jan	a20,000	1,081	2,851	40	23,981	15,680	2,176	7,916	2,086	27,858
Feb	b14,055	17,311	360		-31,726	9,924	13,661	518	957	25,060
March	c21,272	9,518	702		81,492	10,226	3,859	1,339	2,095	17,512
April	d22,712	264	2,355	****	25,831	13,938	9,615	5,661	674	29,908
May	e20,938	8,519	317		29,772	13,394	12,593	489	811	27,287
June	f16,463	18,722	718	****	35,903	9,366	8,761	1,514	222	
July	g23,234	13,663	2,828		39,720	414,903	14,863			
Aug	h15,175	5,094	469	****	20,738	114,759				
Bept	k16,837	6,683	415	****		115,367		13,410		
9 mos	170,693	80,855	11,010	40	262,598	117,577	79,998	34.955	15.15	351,093

National bank redemption fund included:— In 1891: a \$2.01.78. • \$2.031.758. 1 1891: a \$2.01.789. • \$2.031.758. f \$2.24.899. • \$1.04.691. a \$2.40.204. d \$1.540.998. • \$2.031.758. f \$2.74.899. g\$1.649.617. a \$1.200.538. k 1.697.773, the total to September 30, 1819. included \$1.24.891. 1 1.891: 4.840.730. j \$1.949.219. I 2.074.431, the total to September 30, 1890 being \$4.237.400.

Bonds Held by National Banks.—The following interesting statement, furnished by the Comptroller of the Currency, shows the amount of each class of bonds held against national bank circulation and to secure public moneys in national bank depositaries on September 28. We gave the statement for September 1 in Chronicle of September 12, page 357, and by referring to that the changes made during the month can be seen.

December 11	U. S. Bonds Held Sept. 26, 1891, to Secure-						
Description of Bonds.	Public Deposits in Banks.	Bank Circulation.	Total Held.				
Currency 6s	\$1,558,000	\$9,836,000	\$11,394,000				
41s per cents	***********	451,900	451,900				
4 per cents	16,667,500	119,481,100	136,138,600				
2 per cents	2,108,000	21,318,100	23,426,100				
Total	\$20,333,500	\$151,087,100	\$171 410 600				

CHANGES IN LEGAL TENDERS AND NATIONAL BANK NOTES TO
OCT. 1.—The Comptroller of the Currency has furnished given to Investment Securities. Direct wire to each office and to Palladelphia Boston and Chicago.

us the following, showing the amounts of national bank notes Sept. 1, together with the amounts outstanding Oct. 1, and the increase or decrease during the month; also the changes in legal tenders held for the redemption of bank notes up to Oct. 1:

National Bank Notes— Amount outstanding Sept. 1, 1891 Amount issued during Oct Amount retired during Oct	\$2,138,390 1,534,633	\$171,213,562 603,75 7
Amount outstanding Oct. 1, 1891*		\$171,817,319
Legal Tender Notes— Amount on deposit to redeem national bank notes Sept. 1, 1891. Amount deposited during Oct. Amount reissued & b'nk notes retir'd in Oct.	\$835,693 1,535,463	\$37,42 3,712 699,770
Amount on deposit to redeem national bank notes Oct. 1, 1891		\$36,723,912

Circulation of national gold banks, not included above, \$118.387. According to the above the amount of legal tenders on deposit Oct. 1 with the Treasurer of the United States to redeem national bank notes was \$36,733,942. The portion of this deposit made (1) by banks becoming insolvent, (2) by banks going into voluntary liquidation, and (3) by banks reducing or retiring their circulation, was as follows on the first of each of the last five months:

Deposits by-	June 1.	July. 1.	August 1.	Sept. 1.	Oct. 1.
Insolv't bks Liquid'g bks	\$ 850,263 5,555,393				
Red'c'g undr. act of '74*	36,439,861	34,341,669	32,593,061	31,403,128	30,659,358
Total	42,845,717	40,584,966	38,714,482	37,423,712	36,723,942

* Act of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882.

—Mr. Augustus Floyd, broker in investment securities at 32 Pine Street, publishes a list of different city bonds which he offers for sale at prices that make them yield all the way from 3% to 5½ per cent per annum to the buyer. Also \$50,000 of the first mortgage bonds of the L. N. Alb. & Chic. RR. gold sixes on the Indianapolis Division, at 105 and interest, which ought to be one of the best sixes in the market, as they sell lower for not being on the Exphance list. not being on the Exchange list.

—Under the title "Free Coinage from the Business Man's Standpoint," the Matthews-Northrup Co. have just issued an address, delivered by Mr. William C. Cornwell, Cashier of the Bank of Buffalo, before the Merchants' Exchange. The little volume is printed on heavy paper, and has a cover of slate-colored paper, on which, in silver-frost work, is a censer emitting a dense column of smoke which assumes the hideous shape of a demon with horns and tusks and diabolical claws. This is labeled "Free Coinage."

Auction Sales.—The following were recently sold at auction by Messrs. R. V. Harnett & Co.:

| Shares. | Shares. | Shares. | Shares. | 10 National City Bank. | 479 | 20 Equit. Gas Co. of N. Y...117 | 25 Nat. Brk of the Republic.179 | 31 Fourth Nat. Bank. | 170 | 25 Third Avenue BR Co. | 330 | Erie June. RR. 1st, 78, 1900 | Erie Railway) | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111

The following were recently sold by Messrs. Adrian H. Mul-

Banking and Financial.

THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, No. 191 Broadway.

\$1,000,000 | Surplus & Profits, \$950,000 Capital, WILLIAM P. ST. JOHN, President. | FREDERICK B. SCHENCK, Cashier. JAMES V. LOTT, Assistant Cashier.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Spencer Trask & Co.,

BANKERS,
Nos. 16 and 18 Broad Street, New York City.
ALBANY N. Y. SABATOGA, N. Y. PROVIDENCE, E. L. TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	Wh Paye					losed. lusive.)
Railroads.							
Cent. RR. of New Jersey (quar.)	1%	Nov.		Oct. 1			Nov. 1
Del. Lack. & Western (quar.)	134	Oct.	20	Oct.	1	to	Oct. 20
Long Island (quar)	114	Nov.	2	Oct. 1	11	to	Nov. 3
N. Y. Cent. & Hud. River (quar.)	1	Oct.	15	Oct.	1	to	
N. Y. & New England, pref	319	Nov.	1	Oct. 1	18	tu	Nov. 2
N. Y. Susquehanna & Western.pf	114	Oct.		Oct. 1		to	Oet. 26
Norfolk & Western, pref	119	Oct.				to	
Tol. & Ohio Central, pref. (quar.)	114	Oct.		Oct.		to	Cet. 15
Gallatin National	6*	Oct.	6		_	to	Oct. 5
Produce Exchange	6* 3	Oct.	15	Oct.		to	
Edison Elec.Illu'g, B'klyn(quar.)	1	Nov.	2	Oct.	2	to	Nov. 2

" 1 per cent of this is extra.

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, OCT. 2, 1891-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.-The imports of gold since Sept. 12 amount to about \$7,100,000, and some \$7,100,000 more is affoat for this country. The different estimates vary slightly, but the difference is of little importance, as it is the main fact that the imports continue on a large scale which affects our markets most decidedly.

The Union Pacific funding plan was successfully completed on Monday, and another first-class railroad negotiation calculated to remove fears of impending trouble was thus put to the credit of the leading member of the syndicate. The collateral for the loan is very large, and it is doubtful whether the bankers would have negotiated the transaction had they not believed that the new 6 per cent notes would be abundantly secured.

The Missouri Pacific business has been hanging over the market for ten days, and it may now be considered out of the way; it is of little practical use to discuss here the why and the wherefore of passing the dividend or the morale of it from a stockholder's view; the chief point of interest to the public is the fact that the stock has had its great break and is now comparatively powerless to do harm.

Railroad earnings are watched with much interest. New York Central makes a remarkable statement for the quarter ending September 30, with an increase of \$1,726,998 in gross earnings and \$923,445 in net, including the Rome Watertown & Ogdensburg in both years for comparison. Burlington shows an increase of \$293,066 net for August and \$652,858 for shows an increase of \$235,000 for August and \$502,505 for two months. Atchison began its current fiscal year with an increase of \$223,923 net in July, and now reports an increase of \$127,130 for August, making \$351,053 since July 1. For three weeks of September the gross earnings of the whole sys-tem are \$416,424 ahead of last year, the net not yet reported. tem are \$416,424 ahead of last year, the net not yet reported. But Atchison's large increase this year ought to begin with November, as the net earnings in that month of 1890 were \$260,000 and in December \$360,000 less than in the same months of the previous year. In five months, November to March inclusive, the loss in net earnings last year was nearly \$1,000,000, owing to small crops. The St. Paul statement for Avenue is not as favorable, showing a decrease of \$360,988 net. \$1,000,000, owing to small crops. The St. Paul statement for August is not as favorable, showing a decrease of \$96,988 net, and for two months \$38,402. For Missouri Pacific and Rock Island we get no reports of earnings, and hence the

Rock Island we get no reports of earnings, and hence the greater uncertainty about the stocks of those companies.

A first dividend of 1½ per cent has been declared on New York, Susquehanna & Western preferred, and this removes one more stock from the list of non-dividend payers.

The open market rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 2 to 12 p. cent, the average being 6 p.c. To-day rates on call were 4 to 6 p. c. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 6@6½ p. c.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a decrease in specie of £512,000, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 41·14, against 45·88 last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent. The Bank of France shows a decrease of 17,975,000 francs in gold and an increase of 875,000 francs in silver.

The New York Clearing House banks in their statement of Sept. 26 showed a decrease in the reserve held of \$4,228,200, and a surplus over the required reserve of \$4,008,125, against \$7,756,750 the previous week.

	1891. Sept. 26.	Differen'sfrom Prev. week.	1890. Sept. 27.	1889. Sept. 28.
	*	*	8	*
Capital	60,772,700		60,812,700	60,762,700
Surplus	64,068,100		59,997,100	54,625,100
Loans and disc'ts	407,817,100	Inc.3,227,600		
Circulation	5,570,300			3,948,100
Net deposits		Dec.1,918,300		417,324,200
8pecie	62,403,100			
Legal tenders	42,765,400	Dec.4,148,300	22,387,800	35,692,800
Reserve held	105,168,500	Dec.4,228,200	115,785,100	105 266 800
Legal reserve	101,160,375	Dec. 479,575	101,709,700	104,331,050
Surplus reserve.	4.008.125	Dec.3,748,625	14,075,400	935.750

Foreign Exchange.—Sterling exchange has been dull with-ut much change in rates. Commercial bills are in good supout much change in rates.

ply. The imports of gold this week have been about \$5,546,300. Actual rates for exchange are: Bankers' sixty days sterling, 4 7934@4 80; demand, 4 83 4 4 834; cables, 4 834@4 8334. Posted rates of leading bankers are as follows:

October 2.	Sixty Days.	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London Prime commercial	4 80 4 81 4 79 a4 794	4 84
Documentary commercial Paris bankers (francs)	4 7910 04 793	
Amsterdam (guilders) bankers. Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks)b'nkers	3934 7391516	40 # 401 ₁₆ 95 # 951 ₆

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the undermentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying par, selling ½60½ premium; New Orleans, commercial, \$1 25 to \$1 50 discount; bank, 50c. per \$1,000 discount; Charleston, buying ½63-16 discount, selling par; St Louis, 25c. per \$1,000 discount.

United States Bonds.—Governments steady. The closing prices at the New York Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods	Sept. 26.	Sept. 28.	Sept. 29.	Sept. 30.	Oct.	Oct. 2.
4128, ext'dat 2%.reg.	QMch.	* 9914	* 9919	* 991g	* 9912		* 99%
4s, 1907 coup.	QJan.	*1163	*116%	*116%	11738	*x116	*116
6s, cur'cy,'95reg. 6s, cur'cy,'96reg.	J. & J.	*11212	*11219	*11212	*11249	*1124	*11240
6s, cur'cy,'97reg. 6s, cur'cy,'98reg.	J J.	*117	*117	*117	*117	*1174	*11719
6a, cur'cy,'99reg.						-	*11958

Coins.—The following are the current quotations in gold for ions coins

THE ROLL OF THE PARTY		
Bovereigns\$4 83	384 87	Fine silver bars 97193 - 98
Napoleons 3 85	@ 3 90	Five francs 93 3 - 94
X X Reichmarks. 4 74	@ 4 77	Mexican dollars 7612 7 - 7719
25 Pesetas 4 78	3 4 85	Do uncommerc'l 7
Span, Doubloons. 15 55		Peruvian sols 71 2 7 - 72 2
Mex. Doubloons. 15 50	@15 70	English silver 480 à 490
Fine gold hars nar	Wh pram.	U.S. trade dollars - 75 3

Government Purchases of Silver.—The following shows the amount of silver purchased by the Government in October.

	Ounces offered.	Ounces purchased.	Price paid.
Previously reported			8 70 \$
October 2	. 1,694,000	799,000	\$0.9750 @ \$0.9760
44			\$ a \$ \$ a \$
*Local purchases			\$ 7 \$
*Total in month to date.		799,000	\$0.9750 a \$0.9760

* The local purchases of each week are not reported till Monday of the following week.

the following week.

State and Railroad Bonds.—Sales of State bonds this week include \$4,500 Louisiana consol. 4s at 87½; \$5,000 N. Car. special tax trust receipts at 5½; \$5,000 Alabama, class "A," at 101½; \$34,000 Va. defd. trust receipts, stamped, at 8; \$2,000 Ark. 6s, fund. (non-Holford), 156; \$4,000 No. Car. consol. 4s, 98½; \$5,000 Tenn. settlement 3s at 70.

Railroad bonds have been overshadowed by the stock market this week, and some of the leading incomes have declined in sympathy with stocks. Atchison incomes fell off to 61½ this morning and Reading pref. incomes to 66½, 47½ and 35 respectively for the three different issues. Other bonds were generally lower or barely maintained at their previous quotations. The favorable points of the general situation not havgenerally lower or barely maintained at their previous quotations. The favorable points of the general situation not having changed at all, the flurry in stocks offers a good opportunity for buyers of bonds who take them for investment. Several of the 4 per cent mortgage bonds are still selling near the same prices that were current before the large advance in stocks took place. The lowest prices on the incomes above mentioned were made in the morning and prices later in the day were higher, Atchison incomes closing at 63% and Reading incomes at 69½, 49 and 37.

There was a general feeling to-day that the reaction had about run its course, as it was started by the decline in one single stock under peculiar circumstances and that stock appeared to have reached bottom and already rebounded, while the more important influences of gold imports, railroad earnings, crop movement, etc., remained as powerful as ever.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market

earnings, crop movement, etc., remained as powerful as ever.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market has been much excited during the past few days, and prices sharply declined on Wednesday and Thursday. On Monday the success of the Union Pacific funding plan was announced and the amount of notes offered to the public was over-subscribed. This strengthened prices for the time, but there was suspense about the Missouri Pacific dividend, to be acted on by the directors on Wednesday, and this kept the tone very sensitive; and when it was actually passed Missouri Pacific stock fell off to 60, affecting somewhat the rest of the market. On Thursday everything was weaker, Missouri Pacific running down to 54% at the close (probably under exaggerated reports of Mr. Gould's hysterical attack at Wednesday's meeting), and with rumors of the new issue of Rock Island bonds. Prices opened still lower this morning, but soon began to recover, and Missouri Pacific, as the leader, advanced from 54% to 57% at the first board, closing this afternoon at 57%, when prices all around were much better at a considerable advance from the morning and a decided improvement in tone.

Unlisted stocks were dull. Silver bullion certificates inactive at 97%.

at 9734.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE-ACTIVE STOCKS for week ending OCT. 2, and since JAN. 1, 1891.

		HIGH	IEST AND L				of the	Range of sa	ies in 1891.
STOCKS	Sept. 26.	Monday, Sept. 28.	Tuesday, Sept. 29.	Wednesday, Sept. 30.	Thursday, Oct. 1.	Friday, Oct. 2.	Week, Shares.	Lowest.	Highest.
Active RR. Stocks.	4518 4614	4414 46	434 4478	434 4438	4138 44	41% 437	412,372	245s Mar. 10	47 % Sept. 2
chison Top. & Santa Fe	*6 612	6 6 *89 893	*6 61 ₉ 89 89	*881g 891g	6 6	*5% 61 88 88	175 470	438 Aug. 6	7 Aug. 3: 91 Sept. 10
nadian Pacific nada Southern	8834 8834 5958 6038	594 6038	58 5912	5778 5958	574 59	57 594	16,170	4738 July 30	614 Sept. 21
atral of New Jersey	119 119½ "33 33½	1184 119 *334 34	1181 1183 *33 3312	$\frac{117}{3334} \frac{118}{34^{1}4}$	117 117 ¹ 9 34 34 ¹ 9	116 ¹ 4 118 33 ¹ 9 34	850	1054 June 29	34 l ₂ Sept. 23
tral Pacificsapeake & O., vot. tr. cert.	2634 2738	264 274	2534 2658	26 27	255 ₈ 261 ₈ 571 ₂ 583 ₄	255 ₈ 27 58 591	18,886 5,455	1414 July 30	28 Sept. 28 60% Sept. 23
Do do 1st pref Do do 2d pref	$60^{1}4$ $60^{3}8$ $39^{1}4$ $40^{1}4$	5819 60 3912 4014	58 5834 39 3918	59 59 ¹ 2 39 40	39 39	40 401	4,560	22 July 31	40% Sept. 2:
eago & Alton	134 134	139 139 987 ₈ 1003 ₈	*137 140 9838 9958	*135 140 9818 9914	*135 140 96 ¹ 4 99 ¹ 8	9519 981	200 173,163	1123 May 12	139 Sept. 2 100% Sept. 2
cago Burlington & Quincy. cago & Eastern Illinois	9819 9958 72 72	72 72	71 72	7034 72	72 72	72 72	1,600	41% Jan. 3	7312 Sept. 2
Do prei.	$\begin{array}{c} 1014 \ 102 \\ 744 \ 755 \end{array}$	$\frac{102}{74^{14}} \frac{102}{75^{7}8}$	$\frac{102}{7338}$ $\frac{102}{7458}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 101_{36} \ 102 \\ 72_{58} \ 74_{12} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	173,300	503 Jan. 2	10312 Sept. 2 76 Sept. 2
cago Milwaukee & St. Paul. Do pref.	12134 12178	12134 12134	12034 12119	1203 1214	X117 117	$\frac{116 \log 117}{113781157}$	3,285	105 lg Jan. 3	122 Sept. 2: 1174 Sept. 2:
cago & Northwestern Do pref.	11558 11658 *138 13812	$115^{5_8} 116^{5_8} 137$	1145 ₈ 1157 ₈	138 138	*137 12 138 19	136 138	210	130 Mar. 18	138 12 Jan. 15
cago Rock Island & Pacific.	847 ₈ 86 *341 ₂ 351 ₄	x845 ₈ 861 ₈ 34 353 ₈	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	791 ₉ 833 ₈ *34 35	78 813 313 331	142,845	6338 Mar. 6 21 July 30	87% Sept. 2 35% Sept. 2
cago St. Paul Minn. & Om. Do pref.	*93 94	92 92	*93 95	*92 94	*93 94 703 724	*91 94 703 ₈ 73	44,259	771a Jan. 29	95 Sept. 2
ve. Cincin. Chie. & St. L Do pref.	7258 7378	7178 7312	7134 7278	71% 73				5634 July 30 90 July 27	98 Jan.
umbus Hocking Val. & Tol.	31 ¹ 4 32 ¹ 9 135 ¹ 9 135 ¹ 9	3314 3434 13419 13512	33 3434 13534 136	$32^{1}4$ $33^{5}8$ $133^{1}8$ $135^{1}4$	32 33 ¹ 8 133 ¹ 4 134 ¹ 8	3134 334 133 135	40,031 6,335	22 July 31 12478 Aug. 11	3434 Sept. 2 14112 Sept.
aware & Hudson	1434 144	14338 14414	14234 144	X1401214178	1395 ₈ 1411 ₄ 20 20	13934 1417 191 ₂ 20	36,969	1203a July 27	1455 Sept. 2
ver & Rio Grande Do pref.	1834 1834 50 5034	20 20 49% 504	19 19 4834 4938	18 19 ¹ 9 49 ¹ 9 50	4834 4914	484 494	1,270 4,120	1314 July 30 40 July 30	OS S SURIL
t Tennessee Va. & Ga	*7 714	*50 60 714	*50 60 71e	*7 7½ 51¾ 51¾	*50 60	*50 60	1,270	5 July 30 42 July 20	8 ¹ 4 Jan. 16 66 Jan. 16
Do 1st pref. Do 2d pref.	*1419 15	1419 1419	*1319 1419	*14 15	134 134	1319 141		97 ₈ July 30	1918 Jan. 1
ansville & Terre Haute	*118 125½ *107½ 109	*121 125 109 1101 ₂	*120 126 110 1	*120 126 *109 111	110 11038	*109 1101		72 Jan. 2	129 Apr. 11012 Sept. 2
nois Central	10238 10249	103 10312	103 103	102 103 10 ¹ 2 10 ¹ 2	102 102 104	101 101 101 ₉ 101	2,233	90 Mar. 9 6 Aug. 10	10438 Sept. 21
ora Central pref.	11 ¹ 2 11 ¹ 2 31	$\begin{array}{ccc} 11 & 11^{1_2} \\ 30 & 30^{1_2} \end{array}$	29 29	29 29	*29 30	*28 31	560	20 Jan. 3	3319 Sept. 2
ke Erie & Western	21 21 ⁵ 8 68 68 ³ 4	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2134 221 ₉ 6734 681 ₂	2119 2214 6719 68	21 22 66 ¹ 9 67 ¹ 9	2034 217 6578 674	7,900	53 July 31	69 4 Sept. 3.
Do pref. e Shore & Mich. Southern.	123 125	124 12538	1234 1244	123 12 125 14	12318 12419 9814 99	1227 ₈ 125 98 98	21,403 656	x10512 Jue 30	125% Sept. 28
ng Island nisville & Nashville	*98 991 ₉ 80 807 ₈	99 99 791 ₂ 811 ₈	*98 9914 7834 7934	7878 80	77% 79%	78 803	58,220	6578 Aug. 14	8238 May
aisv. New Alb. & Chicago	2778 2838	2738 2819 10119 103	2612 2838 1013 10134	2612 2758 10112 10112	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1013 1027	10,817	18 Mar. 9	29 2 Apr. 2
nhattan Elevated, consol xican Central	103% 103% 23½ 23½	* 24	2258 2258	2218 2218	221g 221g 10114 1011g	21% 22 101 102	1.135	1750 July 29	254 Sept. 13
chigan Central waukee Lake Sh. & West	10219 103 *83 86	1023 103 *80 85	10134 10244 *82 86	102 102 *82 86	8212 8214	*804 83	2,045 115	70 May 21	103 1/2 Sept. 18 93 Jan. 18
Do pref.	*10912 112	*109 11138	*10912 112	111 ¹ 2 112 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 4	74 74	*109 112	310	9819 May 19 334 Aug. 3	113 4 Sept. 2
meapolis & St. Louis Do pref.	719 719 *16 17	*7 712 *15 17	7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 4 15 15	1578 1578	15 1578	*1419 16	450	758 July 30	18 Aug. 24
K.& Tex., ex 2d m. bends.	1819 1878	1778 1878 2619 2814	$17\frac{1}{4}$ $17\frac{1}{2}$ $26\frac{1}{9}$ $27\frac{1}{4}$	$17\frac{1}{2}$ $17\frac{5}{8}$ $26\frac{1}{2}$ 27	17 17% 25% 26%	17% 17% 25% 274	3,390	1112 Mar. 14 1934 Mar. 6	
Do pref.	2734 28 6238 6812	6148 6546	62 6414	5934 6334	54% 59%	544 581	225,892	544 Oct. 2	7718 Sept. 2
bile & Ohio hv.Chattanooga&St.Louis	441 ₂ 443 ₄ *86 90	*86 88	4334 44 *86 88	44 44 *86 88	*85 87	*84 87	900	793, Ang. 17	110 May 2
w York Central & Hudson.	11158 11178	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1111 ₉ 1111 ₂ 183 ₄ 191 ₈	x110 111 ¹ 8 18 ³ 8 18 ⁴ 2	110 ¹ 9 110 ¹ 9 17 ¹ 4 18 ¹ 9	109 ¹ 4 110 ¹ 17 ³ 8 18 ³		9812 July 28 1114 Aug. 7	112 Sept. 1' 204, Sept. 2
W York Chic. & St. Louis Do 1st pref.	1834 1949 824 824	8038 8038	8019 8015	*80 82	7912 7912	7919 791	640	57 Jan. 2	82 2 Sept. 23
Do 2d pref. w York Lake Erie & West'n	43 431 ₈ 305 ₈ 311 ₂	43 435 ₈ 301 ₈ 31	42 431 ₄ 285 ₈ 301 ₆	2578 3014	$\frac{411_9}{285_8} \frac{421_9}{297_8}$	2858 301	4,860 113,298	1712 July 31	31% Sept. 10
Do pref.	69 7012	69 704	68 69	6834 6914 3834 3934	67 6819 37 3919	6678 68	5,406	4712 June 29	723 Sept. 10
w York & New England w York New Hav. & Hart.	407 ₈ 421 ₈ *225 230	$^{40}_{225}$ $^{41}_{230}$	*225 230	*225 235	*229 230		150	1225 July 6	271 Feb. 3
w York Ontario & Western w York Susquehan, & West.	214 213 103 1138	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20 ¹ 8 20 ³ 4 11 11 ¹ 9	203 ₈ 211 ₂ 11 113 ₄	20 20% 11 11 ¹ 9	20 207 11 113	9 19,783	658 July 30	113 Sept. 30
Do pref.	37 384	3818 4014	39 41	3978 4178	39% 41% *18 18%	18 18	1,920	25 Aug. 4	4178 Sept. 3
rfolk & Westernpref.	*18 181 ₈ *551 ₉ 56	18 ¹ 8 18 ¹ 8 55 ³ 4 55 ³ 4	18 18 *55 55%	5512 5512	55 55	*54 551	300	4619 Aug. 6	57 12 Jan. 1
rthern Pacific	2914 3018 7634 7734	291 ₈ 303 ₈ 763 ₄ 78	287 ₈ 295 ₈ 753 ₄ 767 ₈	$285_8 291_4 753_8 763_8$	27 ⁵ 8 28 ⁷ 8 74 ¹ 8 76 ¹ 8	737 ₈ 76 ¹		5812 July 31	78% Sept. 2
io & Mississippi	26 26	* 2634	* 2534	25 25	* 251g *18 201g	* 25	200 500	1519 Mar. 11	2612 Sept. 13 2014 Sept. 2
io Southern	*191 ₉ 20 *79 85	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 18 ¹ 2 *79 85	*18 ¹ 9 20 *79 83	*79 83	*79 83	322	65 Mar. 9	82 Jan. 13
egon 8h. Line & Utah North oria Deca'ur & Evansville.	27 27	26 ¹ 2 26 ¹ 2 23 ¹ 4	*25\frac{1}{9} 26\frac{1}{4} 22\frac{7}{8} 23	$24\frac{7}{8}$ $24\frac{7}{8}$ $22\frac{3}{4}$ $23\frac{1}{4}$	25 25 ⁵ 8 22 ¹ 4 22 ³ 4	25 25 213 231	1,051 4,160		30 Apr. 20 241 ₂ Sept. 20
ila. & Read., vot. trust. cert.	411/2 42	4019 4214	3978 4078	40 407 ₈ 23% 25	38 ¹ 4 40 ¹ 4 23 ³ 4 25	38 401 233 251	51,980	25% Aug. 4	43% Sept. 2
Do pref.	24 24 ¹ 4 66 66	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23 2334 6519 6519	66 67	*66 67	6519 663	2,416	48 Jan. 6	6834 Sept. 2
ts. & West , pref. tr. certs. hmond & West P't Terminal	*38 40 1319 1418	*38 40 1358 1418	*36 40 13 ¹ 4 13 ³ 4	37 ¹ 2 38 13 ³ 8 13 ⁵ 8	13 1349	*35 40 1258 131		28 Jan. 8 10 ¹ 8 July 27	1912 Feb.
Do pref	59 59	*58 60	*57 60	*5612 59	*56 59 40 40	*54 59 40 40	-100 850	4912 Aug. 11	7619 Feb. 10
Grande Westernpref.	41 41 75 75	4119 4214 *7419 7519	$\begin{array}{ccc} 42 & 42 \\ 75 & 75 \end{array}$	*41 42 *73 735	72 72	*71 73	210	554 Jan. 2	75% Sept. 1
me Watertown & Ogdensb.	108 ¹ 4 108 ¹ 4 *125	1084 1084	*106 108 *125	108 108 *125	*106 108 *125	108 108 *125 135		x105% July31 120 Jan. 6	122 2 Jan.
Louis Southwestern	834 878	834 834	84 84	\$34 878 *1612 17	8lg 8lg *16lg 18	81g 81 161g 161	1,410	6 June 11	9 2 Sept. 2
Paul & Duluthpref.	*174 174 374 374	17 17 37 371 ₂	*16% 17% 36 36	16-2 17	36 36	354 351	675	24 Jan. 15	3878 Sept. 2
Paul Minn & Manitoha	*109 110	97½ 97½ 109 109	*97 98 10919 10919	10938 10938	109% 110	*1081 21091	426	85 Jan. 5 100 Jan. 2	111 Feb
unern Pacific Co	4338 44	434 4448	43 4358	4278 4318	137 ₈ 143 ₄	4178 433 14 145	11,732	23 Jan. 16	4418 Sept. 2 1658 Sept. 2
edo Ann Arbor & N. Mich	15^{1_8} 15^{1_9} 19^{1_9}	14½ 15 1958 20%	14 19 14 34 19 4	14 ¹ 2 14 ³ i 18 ¹ 4 19 ³ 8	18 1819	1834 19	2,960	13 June 30	21 Sept. 2
edo & Ohio Central	45 45	*43 48 *80 84	*44 48 *80 84	*45 50 *80 84	*45 50 *80 84	46 46 x81 81	110		88 Feb. 1
on Pacific	*80 84 4158 4378	4218 4314	4078 4212	4019 4178	3919 4119	3934 421	208,187	324 Aug. 11	5212 Apr. 2
lon Pacific Denver & Gulf.	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20 & 205_8 \\ 141_2 & 15 \end{array}$	*19 ¹ 4 20 14 ¹ 4 14 ³ 4	$\begin{array}{cccc} 19 & 19 \\ 14 & 14 \\ \end{array}$	*18 20 14 14 ¹ 4	*18 20 1334 1418	*18 20 131 ₂ 141	7,355	858 Mar. 10	16 Sept. 1
	314 324	2978 32	2934 3058	295 ₉ 311 ₉ 385 ₈	$\begin{array}{ccc} 29^{1_{8}} & 30^{5_{8}} \\ 37 & 38 \end{array}$	291 ₈ 313 363 ₈ 373		1678 Jan. 2 2914 July 30	34 le Sept. 2: 394 Sept. 2:
eeling & Lake Erie	38 ¹ 4 39 78 ³ 8 79 ¹ 8	38 ¹ 4 38 ⁵ 8 78 ¹ 9 79 ³ 8	38 38 ⁵ 8 78 ¹ 4 79 ¹ 2 21 ¹ 4 21 ¹ 4	78 7918	7758 79	7718 781	18,433	6712 Jan. 2	80 Sept. 2
sconsin Central Co	2119 2119	21 2112	214 214	2019 2019	204 204		1,510	15 July 30	23% Jan. 1
erican Cotton Oil Co	2558 2334	26 2619	25 26	2458 2434	2438 2438	2419 25	5,306	1578 Jan. 2 334 Jan. 2	29 Apr. 2: 53 Apr. 2:
Sugar Ref. Co., temp, etfs.	*4619 48 9114 9114	47 ¹ 2 48 ¹ 4 90 ³ 8 91 ³ 8	47 ¹ 9 48 89 90 ¹ 9	47^{19} 48 88^{5} 89^{1}	46 46 851 ₈ 883 ₄	4658 47 83% 871	1,368 21,971	57 5 Jan. 17	93% Sept. 2
Do pref., temp. ctfs. cago Gas Co., trust rec'ts.	*9718 9719	964 964	*9558 9718 514 5134	955 ₈ 96 514 517 ₈	*94 96 50 5138	94 95 504 514	1,057	85 Feb. 27 34 Jan. 2	98 Sept. 2 55 3 June 1
	51% 52% 38%	51½ 52% 38 38	36 37	*36 3612	3578 36	3512 365	3,180	27 9 July 30	3934 Mar. 10
isolidated Gas Co	*98 99 51 511 ₉	987 ₈ 987 ₈ 511 ₉ 517 ₈	99 99 51 ¹ 4 51 ⁵ 9	*981g 9914 5114 511g	98 ¹ 2 98 ¹ 2 50 ⁷ 8 51 ¹ 4	*984 994 504 524	12,560	4118 Feb. 16	9958 Apr. 30 5478 Sept. 1
	1004 10058	100 1004	993 993	9978 9978	9919 100	10018 1001	1,275	88 Jan. 3	111 Feb. 4
do	94 95 ¹ 4 101 ¹ 9 102	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93^{7_8} 95 102 102 4	94 9434 10134 10134	$92\frac{1}{2}$ $94\frac{1}{4}$ $100\frac{1}{4}$ $100\frac{1}{4}$	921g 935 1011g 1011	890	981s Aug. 18	11019 May
th American Co	164 1678	1658 17	1658 1634	16% 16%	1658 1634 1758 1819	164 163 174 193	6,401	14% July 28 11% Jan. 2	2119 Jan. 1 2038 Sept. 2
gen Improvement Co	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 18^{1} & 19^{5} & \\ 24 & 25 \end{array} $	183 ₈ 193 ₈ *23 25	$^{177}_{8}$ $^{187}_{23}$	2378 2378	*23 2419	*23 24	335	1519 Jan. 7	3234 May
e Line Coutificates	3778 3838	37 37 ¹ 9 57 ³ 4 59	37 374 564 584	37 374 554 574	35 ¹ 9 37 ¹ 4 57 ⁵ 8 58 ⁵ 8	35 ¹ 4 37 58 61	7.610	51 4 Aug. 7	81 Feb. 10
	192 192	195 1954	1954 1954	19419 19419	1924 193	192 193	1,445	175 July 31	1964 Jan. 14 1074 Jan. 14
messee Coal & Iron	983 ₈ 981 ₉ 363 ₄ 37	98 98 ¹ 4 36 ⁵ 8 37 ³ 8	9719 9758 36 3718	97 ¹ 8 97 ¹ 4 36 36 ³ 4	973 ₈ 973 ₈ 367 ₈	36 363	379,000 7,235	2412 July 30	39 3 Jan. 16
stern Union Telegraph	90 90	*90 95	*90 95	*90 95 817 ₈ 827 ₈	*90 95 81 ¹ 8 82 ³ 8	*90 95 8118 827	90	80 Jan. 6	90 Sept. 2
VALUE AUDETADD	83 834	81 8338	82 8258	0 0 0 0 8	0-0 0-8	- 0 Om (-

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continued)-INACTIVE STOCKS.

(‡ Indicates actual sales.)

INACTIVE STOCKS.	Oct.	, 2.	Range (sale	es) in 1891.	INACTIVE STOCKS.	00	t. 2	Range (sale	s) in 1891.
¶ Indicates unlisted.	Bid.	Ask.	Lowest.	Highest.	¶ Indicates unlisted.	Bid.	Δsk.	Lowest.	Highest.
Reilroad Stocks, Alabama & Vickburgff	*160 90 135	170 921 150	162 Aug. 135 June 99 June 30 Apr.	167 May 140 May 103 Feb. 30 Apr. 43 Sept. 81 Aug. 35 Sept. 13 Sept.	Pittsburg & Western 50 Rensselaer & Saratoga 100 St. Joseph & Grand Island 100 St. Louis Alton & T. H 100 St. L. & San Fran 1st pref 100 South Carolina 100 Toledo Peoria & Western 100 Toledo St. Louis & K. City Virginia Midland 100 Miscellaneous Stocks.	*165 ; 33 ¹ 4 75 ¹ 9 719 15 ¹ 9	8 ¹ ₉ 17 ¹ ₉	165 Aug. 5 Feb. 261 ₂ Jan. 55 Feb. 31 ₂ Jan.	9 Aug 36 Apr 76 Sep 94 Sep 162 Sep
Cedar Falls & Minnesota	73, 150 63, 15, 71, 153, 251, 20, 10, 11, 121, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 1	9 153 25 8 1634 2934 7149 314 13 28	34 Mar. 144 June 446 Feb. 12 Feb. 5 Apr. 12 Sept. 1619 June 78 Mar. 6 July 5 July 10 Sept. 1 Feb. 7 Jan. 25 Ang 55 Jan. 25 Jan. 37 July 101 Apr. 33 May. 1374 July 104 Jan. 16 Mar. 5 June	9 Aug.	Adams Express	* 83 ¹ 3 * 83 ¹ 3 80 * 16 120 26 1 19 ³ 4 15 21 22 39 260 28 4 ¹ 9 25 160	98 \(\frac{98}{14} \) 14 \\ 79 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 81 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 30 \\ 18 \\ 24 \\ 83 \\ 27 \\ 40 \(\frac{1}{2} \)	113 Jan. 78 ¹ 2 June 97 Aug. 9 June 69 June 81 July 77 ¹ 2 June 14 July 103 ¹ 2 Jan. 12 July 40 May 16 Mar. 15 Jan. 15 Jan. 15 Jan. 15 Jan. 22 Aug. 24 July 38 Aug. 250 May 23 Fell. 34 Jan	8214 April 10119 Marsh 21 Jan 80 Marsh 201 Mar

No price Friday; latest price this week.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- STATE BONDS OCTOBER 2.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
Alabama—Class A, 4 to 51906 Class B, 5s			New York—6s, loan1893 North Carolina—6s, oldJ&J			8.C. (cont.)—Brown consol.6s.1893 Tennessee—6s, old1892-1898	95	
Class C, 4s			Funding act			Comp romise, 3-4-5-6s1912 New settlement, 6s1918		
Arkansas—6s,fund.Hol.1899-1900 do. Non-Holford	150	190	Chatham RR Special tax, Class 1			5a1913 3a1913	69	70
7s, Arkansas Central RR	*****		Consolidated 4s	******		Virginia—6s, old		
Stamped 4s		87	Rhode Island—6s, cou. 1893-1894 South Carolina—6s, non-fund 1888	2		6s, consolidated, 2d series, rects. 6s, deferred, t'st rec'ts, stamped		

New York City Bank Statement for the week ending Sept. 26, 1891, is as follows. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.

Bank of New York	2,000,0		11,960,0	1,320,0	1.270.0	10.910.0
Manhattan Co	2.050.0	1.538.2	10,209.0	1,485.0		
Merchants'	2,000.0	900.7	6,924,5	764.1	725,0	6,475,6
Mechanics'	2,000,0	1,900,7	8,623,0	1.305.0		7,455.0
America	3,000,0	2,050,0	14,689,9	2.141.1	1,220,3	14.085.8
Phenix	1,000,0	442,9	4,162,0	458.0	481.0	3.647.0
City	1,000,0	2.507.3	11,073,7	1,354,6	2,028,0	11,275,9
Tradesmen's	750,0	108,6	1,906,7	144,1	210,4	1,695.9
Chemical	300,0	6,603,7	22,153.0	5,325,0	2,265,5	22,920,5
Merchants' Exchange	600,0	141,2	3,435,6	526,7	519,7	3,989.7
Gallatin National.	1,000,0	1,539,4	5,181,3	762,9	337,7	4,155,7
Butchers' & Provers'.	300,0	294,7	1.732.4	203,5	224.8	1.716.9
Mechanics' & Traders	400,0	414.2	2,140,0	220,0	255,0	2,110,0
Greenwich	200,0	149,0	1,149.5	182,5	104.1	1,103,5
Leatner Manufact'rs.	600,0	574.0	2,547.7	374.7	825.3	2,428.3
Seventh National	300,0	66,3	1,299,3	172,2	148,3	1,339.1
State of New York	1,200,0	505,7	3,560,1	192,5	466,3	2,924.2
American Exchange		2,068,6	16,829,0	1,491,0		13,372,0
Commerce	5,000,0	3,271,5	18,504,7	1,679.4	2,074,2	12,974.5
Broadway	1,000,0	1,581,4	5,466,6	1,015.4	237.8	4,585,5
Mercantile	1.000,0	967,5	8,341,7	886,9	933,8	8,314,5
Pacific	422,7	436,3	2,716.7	138,7	544,1	2,982,1
Republic	1,500,0	958,8	10,348,7	1,355,1	1,252,0	10,976 2
Chatham	450,0	814,5	5,803,9	806.7	882,5	6,112,0
Peoples'	200,0	321,3	2,394,8	145.5	371,2	3,050,9
North America	700,0	573,6	4,292,6	586.2	742,0	5,206.8
Hanover	1,000,0	1,663,6	14,182,7	3,623,7	687,7	14,996 6
Irving	500,0	284,5	3,215,0	482,5	285,3	3,208,0
Citizens'	600,0	415,1	2,792,9	570.7	157.1	2,915,8
Nassau	500,0	244,9	2,734.0	228,1	406,0	2,9~0,9
Market & Fulton	750,0	753,8	3,942,0	500,7	708.2	4,139,0
St. Nicholas	500,0	112,9	1,864,6	93,5	274,1	1,781.4
Shoe & Leather	500,0	244,2	2.958,0	387.0		3,580.0
Corn Exchange	1,000,0	1,188,2	7,158,7	1,010,1	281,0	6,229.0
Continental	1,000.0	292,2	4,385,1	1,013,3	207,1	4,949,9
Oriental	300,0	408,1	2,040,0	136,1	315,4	1,875,0
Importers' & Traders'	1,500,6	5,120,8	22,910,0	3,485,0	2,254,0	22,872.0
Park	2,000,0	2,622,2	20,9 22,0	4,589,4	2,411.0	25,429,8
East River	250,0	137,0	1,099,1	92,5	174,6	933,1
Fourth National	3,200,0	1,643,1	18,151,3	3,445,2	1,004,2	17,835.6
Central National	2,000,0	515,3	7,804,0	1.223,0	942,0	8,588,0
Second National	300,0	363,0	4,569,0	1,037,0	334.0	5,410,0

owery... ow York County... ormar-American... hase National.....

New York City, Boston and Philadelphia Banks:

BANKS.	Capital & Survius.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	Circ'r'n	Olearings.
N. York.	101 600 1	*	*		******		
Aug. 29 Sept. 5	124,920,5	400.580.6	58,769,0	51,099,5	403,403,9 402,848,4	5.462,0	752,533,0
" 19					403,965,3 406,559,8		
" 26 Boston.	124,840,8	407,817,1	62,403,1	42,765,4	404,641,5	5,570,3	914,066,6
Sept. 12		151,360,1 153,907,7			124,986,8 126,181,3		
" 26		154,728,3		7,083,6	129,146,1	3,816,9	
Phila.* Sept. 12	35,793,7	98,120,0	28.3	52.0	96,529.0	2,654.0	55.324,2
" 19 " 26	35,793,7 35,793,7			873.0 83.0	98,074,0 98,525,0		

* We omit two ciphers in all these Aures, † Including, for Boston and Phila Jelphia, the item "due to other banks."

City Railroad Securities—Brokers' Quotations.

Atlantic Av., B'klyn.St'k.	110	Dry Dock E. B'y & B		1
Gen. M., 5s, 19u9A&O 100	0 105	Scrip	99	101
Bloker St. & Ful. FStk. 2	5 27	Eighth AvStock	205	210
1st mort., 7s., 1900J&J 110		EighthAvScrip, 68, 1914	103	109
Brdway & 7thAvSt'k 19		42d & Gr'nd St. F'ry-Stk.	240	250
1st mort., 5s, 1904 .J&D 10		1st mort., 7s, 1893.A&O	102	105
2d mort., 5s, 1914J&J 100		42d St. Manh. & St. N. Ave.		40
8'way 1st, 5s, gu'24 100		1st mort., 6s, 1910 M. S	110	113
2nd 5s, int. as rent., '05. 9		2d M., income, 6s &J	49	51
Brooklyn City-Stock 13		Houst. W.St. & P. F'y-Stk.		
1st mort., 5s, 1902. J&J 100		1st mort., 7s, 1894J&J	100	107
B'klyn crosst'n 5s., 1908 10		Ninth Ave		95
Bkn.C'v&N'n5s, 1938 J&J 103		Se and AveStock	90	95
Jentral Crosstown-Si'k. 14		1st mort., 5s, 1909. M&N	100	103
		186 mort, 38, 1808. at 624	165	175
let mort., 6a, 1922. M&N 11.		Sixth Ave.—Stock	300	110
Jent. Pk. N.& E. RivStk. 11:		Third AveStock		111
Consols. 7s, 1902 J&D 11:		1st M., 5s, 1937 J&J	240	
ory Dk. E. B. & Bat'y-Stk. 12	5 130 0 103		102	104
1st mort. 7s 1893J&D 10	0 1103	lat mort. 7s. 1893	102	IAUR

Bank Stock List-Latest prices of bank stocks this week.

BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid.	As
merica	204	208	Fallatin	295		New York	235	242
m. Exch		153	Garfield	400		N.Y. County.	600	135
Bowery	300	312	German Am.		125	N.Y. Nat. Ex.		135
roadway	255	580	German Ex.		330	Ninth		109
atche'& De	173	185	Germania	330	000	lath Ward	150	
entral		128	Green wich			N. America.	160	170
				345		Oriental	210	
hase						Pacific		
hatham	400	1000	Hud. River		545	Park		325
hemical		4900	Im. & Trad's'			People's	295	
ity		480	Irving		1 1 6		200	138
itizens'	155	180	Leather Mfs'		260	Phonix	115	118
olumbia	250	260	Lincoln	370			170	180
ommerce		187	Manhattan	1774	177			100
lontinental .	. 138	140	Market& Ful		220	Seaboard	172	
orn Exch		250	Mechanics'		194	Second	320	
eposit	1112	1120	M'cha'& Tra'.		320	Seventh	123	168
ast River			Mercantile	218		Shoe& Leath.		
1th Ward	200		Merchants'		153	St. Nicholas.	129	1:00
ifth Ave	2000		Merch'ts Ex.		124	State of N. Y.	109	110
ifth	300	*****	Metropolitan			Third	100	10
irst	2500		Metropolis			Tradeamen's.	95	
Irab de T		107	Mt. Morris	250		Unit'd States	200	
irst N., S. I	1170	101	Mt. MOFFIS	1500		Western	105	130
4th Street.	1170		Murray Hill.	102			300	
ourth	.1170	11719	Nassau	163	1	The same states		_

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9,06,66

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES.

	BOSTON	, PHI	LADEI	LPHIA AN	D BALTI	MORE	STO	CK EXCHA	NGES.		
Active Stocks.			Share	Prices - n	ot Per Ce	ntum	Price	5.	Sales of the	Range of sa	ales in 1891.
¶ Indicates unlisted	Saturda Sept. 26	y, M	onday, ept. 28.	Tuesday, Sept. 29.	Wednesda Sept. 30		rsday, t. 1.	Friday, Oct. 2.	Week.	Lowest.	Highest.
	451 ₈ 44 -6 -6 -6 -1011 ₄ 10 -114 11 -114 117 -176 177 -177 177 -139 13 -983 93 -983 93 -76 76 -81 81 -257 ₈ 26 -81 81 -257 ₈ 26 -81 51 -231 ₉ 23 -411 ₈ 42 -105 106 -233 ₉ 30 -76 ⁸ 54 -76 ⁸ 54 -76 ⁸ 54 -81 54 -	614 4 104 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 114	28. 4	Sept. 29.	Sept. 30 4 4338 46 534 6 10019 101 1177 117 12013 1201 176 176 178 18 19 379 38 7379 74	38 411, 57, 19 101 31 173 31 201 32 173 34 201 37 28 202 37 28 202 37 28 202 37 30 202 38 37 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	t. 1. 9 44 8 57 101 1118 177 175 179 9 99 74 9 99 174 26 174 26 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 17	Oct. 2. 41	Week, Shares. 120,445 300 198 199 127 103 141 120 16,255 23,730 161 210 720 159 15761 434 46 28,806 29,001 406 20,001 406 20,001 406 406 406 406	Lowest. 24 ¹ y Mar. 10 44 June 30 85 Mar. 4 127 Jan. 7 113 Jan. 6 192 Jan. 3 172 ¹ y June 12 157 July 10 16 ¹ y July 7 34 Jan. 2 75 ⁷ y Mar. 7 51 Jan. 2 41 Mar. 13 5 Mar. 14 17 Mar. 14 18 Mar. 19 65 July 30 17 ¹ y Jan. 2 43 ¹ y Mar. 2 43 ² y Mar. 2 43 ² y Mar. 2 43 ² y Mar. 2 45 ² y June 4 120 Aug. 18 17 ⁴ y July 31 31 July 31 31 July 31 31 July 31 32 July 31 58 ³ y June 17 20 ⁴ y July 30 58 ³ y June 17 20 ⁴ y July 30 58 ³ y June 17 20 ⁴ y July 30 58 ³ y June 17 20 ⁴ y July 30 58 ³ y June 17 20 ⁴ y July 30 58 ³ y June 17 20 ⁴ y July 30 58 ³ y June 17 20 ⁴ y July 30 58 ³ y July 31	Highest. 4738 Sept. 2 658 Aug. 3 1034 Sept. 1 131 Apr. 119 Apr. 1 119 Apr. 1 1205 Jan. 2 1834 Feb. 2 2094 Feb. 1 2094 Feb. 1 2094 Jan. 1 2094 Feb. 1 2094 Jan. 1 25 Sept. 2 51 Jan. 2 51 Jan. 2 51 Sept. 2 274 Sept. 1 26 Sept. 2 49 Sept. 2 49 Sept. 2 49 Sept. 3 46 Feb. 1 274 Sept. 1 46 Feb. 1 275 Sept. 1 47 Sept. 3 48 Sept. 2 48 Sept. 2 49 Sept. 3 40 S
ummit Branch (Boston), 59 nined Cos. of N.J. (Phila.) 100 nited Cos. of N.J. (Phila.) 100 esternN. Y. & Pa (Phila.) 100 esternN. Y. & Pa (Phila.) 100 esternN. Y. & Pa (Phila.) 100 estern Wilson Wils	*77 8 41 4 43 224 224 224 224 224 224 224 224 22	5 ₈ 422 1 ₉ 222 9 96 185 48 19 *270 *45 45 45 46 185 49 50 185 48 19 *270 *270 *45 48 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 18	7-19 3-18 43-19 3-9-38 1-9-18	41 424 41 424 2222 918 918 8919 9914 9619 97 1851 186 *4819 1834 1819 1834 1819 1834 494 493 	405 412 *222 918 91 8814 891 9519 951 185 186 48 481 187 270 275 46 46 4519 46 4519 46 4519 49 494 50 1734 181 4819 49 26 26 18 181	85 4 85 4 85 8 45 8 45 8 45 8 45 8 45 8	4138 222219 9 8858 96 182 4714 1719 270 65 46	137:16 200:16 130:19 42 22222 9 9 16 180 180 150 160 150 163 18 270 270 60 63 4519 453 45 46 179 19 479 4819 26 26 1778 18	15,401 464 167 2,689 2,195 6 465 73 10 383 41 9,923 3,437 495 4,875	12.5; Aug. 4 49 Feb. 5 32.4 Aug. 11 22.2 July 31 64 July 31 7 84.9 Mar. 11 73 Aug. 27 39.4 Jan. 21 13.4 Jan. 2 240 July 31 49.4 Jan. 27 42 Aug. 1 43.4 Aug. 1 47.4 July 31 47.4 July 31 47.4 July 31 47.4 July 31 47.5 July 31 15.5 July 31 15.	978 Sept. 18 938 Sept. 21 973 Sept. 22 220 Jan. 14 50 Sept. 2 20 Sept. 3 280 Mar. 31
muecticut & Pass (Boston) muecticut K Pass (Boston) muecticut Kiver laware & Bound Br. (Phila.) ar. Ports. Mt. Joy & L. m. C'y Ft. S. & Mem. (Boston). C'y Ft. S. & Gulf pf Cty Mem. & Birm title Schuylian (Butto) me Hill & S. Haven (Phila.) guelhoning Val. rithern N. H (Boston). rith Pennsylvania (Boston). rith Pennsylvania (Boston). rither S. H (Boston). rither & Gaston (Boston). rither & Gaston (Boston). rither & Gaston (Boston). rither & Gaston (Boston). referred (Boston). st preferred (Boston). referred (Boston). st Frd (Boston). referred (Boston). st Jersey & Atlan (Boston). referred st Jersey & Atlan m. Col. & Augusta mingt'n & Weldon 1 m	100 25 50 25 50 50 50 50	67 65 74 76 844 31 15	Thom.E Water I Water I Westing At. Top. 100-ye Burl. & Non-e: Plain Chie. Bu 2d mo Deben Chie. Bu 10wa I 1 Chie. & W Consol. Current Det. Lam E astern Free, Ell Unstar K.C. C. & K. C. Met K.C. St. L. Rock & K. C. Met Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand	Inactive st urop.E.Weld Power . El. tr. rec. onds,—Bos &S.F.100-yr. ar income 5 Mo. River E. xempt 6s. 4s. pri. & Nor. 1s rt. & S. rl. & Nor. 1s rt. & S. rt. & M. Con. 6 rt. & River, 1st, 5 rt. & R. rt. & S. rt. &	(Boston) 1 1	00	311 31 15 4 81 633 1114 1004 1008 122 120 100 4 101 102 4 7219 4 2314 11219 104 25 100	Penna Con Collat. Tr Pa. & N. Y. Consol. 55 Perkiomen, Pnila. & Eri Gen. mor Phila & Res 1st pref. in 3d pref. in	Canal, 7 Ist ser., egen. M. t., 4 g., ad. new income, 5 neome, 1	1919, Var 1913, J&D 1939, A&O 1939, A&O 1939, A&O 1920, A&O 1921, A&O 1931,	$\begin{array}{c} 122 \\ 103 \\ 112 \\ 108 \\ 109 \\ 100 \\ 80^{1}g \\ 80^{6}g \\ 80^{6}g \\ 491 \\ 491 \\ 491 \\ 491 \\ 491 \\ 491 \\ 491 \\ 100^{1}g \\ 37 \\ 115 \\ 102 \\ 102 \\ 102 \\ 102 \\ 103 \\ 104 \\ 1$

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continued). - ACTIVE BONDS OCT. 2, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1891.

BAILROAD AND MISCEL, BONDS.	Inter'st	Price Oct. 2	Range (sa	les) in 1891.	RAILROAD AND MISCEL, BONDS.	Inter'st	Trice	1	les) in 1891
At.Top.&S.F100-yr.,4g.1989	J & J	824	75 Mar.		N.Y. Central—Extend., 5s. 1893	Period. M & N	102le	Lowest.	Highest.
100-year income, 5g 1989	bept.	03.98	3838 Mar. 978 July	66% Sept.	1st, coupon, 7s	J&J	123 b. 104 b.	1234 Aug.	1274 Apr.
Guaranteed, 4 g1937	J&J	731g	69 July	75 Jan.	N. Y. & Harlem-7s, reg1900	M & N	119 b.	118 May	123 Mar.
Can. South.—1st guar., 5s 1908	J&J	10519	10212 July	112 ¹ 9 June 107 ¹ 4 Feb.	N. Y. Elevated—7s1906	J&J	112	109 July	9558 Sept.
Atl. & Pac.—W.D. inc., 6s. 1910 Guaranteed, 4 g	M & S	98 1144b.	95 g Jan. 115 Jan.	100 Feb. 118 Mar.	N. Y. & Harlem—78, reg. 1900 N. Y. Chie, & St. L.—4 g. 1937 N. Y. Elevated—78. 1906 N. Y. Lack, & W.—1st, 68. 1921 Construction, 5s. 1923 N.Y.L. & W.—1st, 60., 7g. 1920 Long Dock, 78 1893 Consol 6 g. 1935	J&J	124 b.	125 July 108 Feb	132 Jan. 1093 June
Consol., 7s	M&N	119lgb.	120 May	123 Mar.	N.Y.L.E.&W.—1st,con.,7g.1920	M&S	*133 b.	133 Jan.	13734 Feb.
General mortgage, 5 g1987 Leh.&W.Bcon7s.as'd.1900	Q-M	108 b.	107 Jan. 108 July	11178 May 113 Jan.					10719 Apr. 120 Sept.
do. mortgage, 5s1912	M&N	*90 b.	92 Aug.	99 May 10812 Jan.	2d consol., 6 g	J&D	104	96 June	105 Sept.
Central Pacific—Gold, 6s 1898	J&J	109 b.	10738 Aug.	1123 Mar.	Consol. 1st, 5 g	J&D	9712	90 June	98 Sept.
Ches. & Ohio-Mort., 6 g. 1311 1st consol. 5 g	Man	10114	9419 May	11734 Mar. 102 Sept.	Midland of N. J., 6 g., 1910	A&O	113	94 Jan. 11119 May	10118 Aug. 116 Sept.
Central Pacitic—Gold, 6a. 1898 Ches. & Ohio—Mort, 6 g. 1.311 1st consol., 5 g	J&J	*71 9	6512 July	71½ Feb. 73 Feb.					10012 Feb.
Ches. O. & So. W.—6 g1911	F&A	102 b.	102 19 Aug.	114 June	North.Pac.—1st, coup., 6g. 1921 General, 2d, coup., 6 g. 1933	A & O	109 b.	113 Jan. 109 May	11718 Apr. 11414 Mar.
Chic. Burl. & Q.—Con., 78, 1993 Debenture, 58, 1913 Denver Division, 48, 1922 Nebraska Extension, 48, 1927 Chic. & E. Ill.—1st, s., 68, 1907 Consol., 6g. 1934 General consol. 1st, 58, 1937 Chicago & Erie—1st, 4-5 g, 1982 Income, 5s. 1982	M&N	101 a.	9534 Aug.	123 Jan. 1021 ₂ Apr.	General, 2d, coup., 6 g. 1933 General, 3d, coup., 6 g. 1937 Consol. mort., 5 g 1989 Chief & N. 1989	J&D	8234	10619 July	113 ¹ 4 Feb. 85 ⁷ 8 Jan.
Denver Division, 4s1922	F&A	96 lab.	86 Sept.	95 Jan. 883 Jan.	Chie. & N. P.—1st, 5 g1940	A&O	80	7619 July	8414 Mar.
Chic. & E. Ill.—1st,s.f., 6s. 1907	J&D	113 b.	10858 June	1155 Apr.	North. Pac. Ter. Co.—6 g 1933	J&J	105 b.	101 Sept.	109 Feb. 110 Mar.
Consol., 6g	A & O M & N	9714	95 Jan.	121 Jan. 100 Apr.	Ohio & Miss,—Cons. s.f.,7s. 1898 Consol7s 1898	J&J	1094b.	1084 July	112 Feb.
Chicago & Erie-1st, 4-5 g. 1982	M & N	93½b.	81 Apr.	934 Sept.	Chic. & N. P.—1st, 5 g 1940 North. Pac. & Mon.—6 g 1938 North. Pac. Ter. Co.—6 g 1933 North. Pac. Ter. Co.—6 g 1933 Ohio & Miss.—Cons. s.f., 7s. 1898 Consol., 7s 1898 Ohio Southern—1st, 6 g 1921 General mort., 4 g 1921 Omaha & St. Louis—4 g 1937 Oregon Imp. Co.—1st, 6 g. 1910 Consol., 5 g	J& D	108 b.	101 2 July	110 Mar.
Chicago & Erie—18t, 4-5 g. 1982 Income, 58	J&J	*82 b.	30 June Sug Aug.	92 9 Apr.	Omaha & St. Louis—4 g1937	J&J	51 b.	50 Jan. 50 June	63 Feb. 5819 Jan.
Chie, Mil. & St. P.—Con. 7s. 1905	J&J	1241g 1101ab	120 Jan. 108lo Aug	125 ¹ 2 Feb. 112 ¹ 4 Apr.	Oregon Imp. Co.—1st, 6 g. 1910	J & D	991gb.	90 Jan. 58 July	
1st, So. Min. Div., 6s1910	J&J	113 b.	110 Jan.	IIIA Fob	Ore. R. & Nav Co1st. 6g. 1909	J&J	106 b.	1054 Sept.	74 Feb. 110 May
1st, So. Min. Div., 681910 1st, Ch.&Pae W.Div., 58.1921 Chic. & Mo. Riv. Div., 58.1926 Wis. & Minn. Div., 5 g1921	J&J	98 a.	94 Aug.	10738 May 98 Jan.					10034 Mar. 106 Jan.
Wis. & Minn. Div., 5 g 1921	J&J	1013b.	10034 July	104 July 1031 ₂ Apr.	Pa. Co.—4½ g., coupon 1921 Peo. Dec. & Evansv.—6 g. 1920 Evansville Div., 6g 1920	J&J	106 b.	100 Jan.	109 lg May
Gen. M., 4 g., series A1989	J&J	83 b.	81 12 July	87 Feb.	2d mort., 5 g	M&N	72 b.	oo Jan.	103 Feb. 7478 Apr.
Milw.& North.—M.L.,6s.1910	J&D	109 b.	107 la Jan.	112 Feb. 112 Apr.	Peoria & East.—Cons., 4s. 1940 Income. 4s	A & O	80 a.	73 June 16 June	813 Sept. 2919 Sept.
Chic. & N.W.—Consol., 781915	Q-F	13419	13112 Aug.	1393 Apr.	2d mort., 5 g	J & J	8059	7419 Aug.	82 Feb.
Sinking fund, 6s1902	A&O	115 b.	111 July	127% Feb.			49	47 lo Mar. 32 Mar.	6934 Sept. 51 Sept.
Milw.& North.—M.L.,68. 1910 1st, con., 68. 1913 Chic. & N.W.—Consol., 78. 1915 Coupon, gold, 78. 1902 Sinking fund, 68. 1929 Sinking fund, 58. 1933 Sinking fund deben, 58. 1933 25-year debenture, 5. 1909 Extension, 48. 1926	A & O*	104 lgb.	105 Jan.	109 Sept. 109 Feb	3d pref. income, 5 g 1958 Pittsburg & Western—4 g.1917 Rich & Danv.—Con., 6 g 1915	Feb.	7834	254 Mar. 754 Jan.	39% Sept.
25-year debenture, 51909	M&N	105	102 July	1053 Apr.	Rich & Dany.—Con., 6 g. 1915	J&J	1081gb.	10712 Sept.	81 Feb. 118 Jan.
Extension, 4s	M & S	98 a.	93 Oct. 9212 July	100 Jan. 10012 Jan.	Consol.,5g	F & A	7719b.	78 Aug. 82 Sept.	91 ½ Jan. 100 ½ Jan.
Chie. R.I. & Pac.—6s, coup. 1917	J&J	12019	11849 July 954 Mar.	127 ¹ 4 Feb. 100 ¹ 9 Aug.			53% 76		75 Feb.
Extension and col., 5s1934 Chic. St.L. & PittCon., 5g. 1932	A& O	*100 b.			R. W. & Ogd.—Con., 5s1922	A & O	10819	105 Jan.	7734 Feb. 114 Mar.
Chic. St. P. M. & O.—681930 Cleveland & Canton—5g., 1917	J&D	117 ½ b. 89 a.	1134 June 864 Apr.	119 Jan. 911 ₂ May	St. Jo. & Gr. Island—6 g 1925 St. L. Alt. & T. H.—1st. 7s. 1894	M&N	87 b.	8218 Mar.	9219 Jan. 11034 Mar.
Chie, St. L. & PittCon., 5g, 1932 Chie, St. P. M. & O.—68 1930 Cleveland & Canton—5 g. 1917 C. C. C. & I.—Consol., 7 g, 1914 General consol., 6 g 1934 Col. Coal & Iron—6 g 1930 Col. Midland—Con., 4 g 1940 Col. H. Val. & Tol.—Con., 5 g, 1931 General. 6 g 1904	J & D	125 b.	129 Jan.	132 Feb. 121 Mar.	Rio G. Western—1st, 4 g., 1939. R. W. & Ogd.—Con., 5s., 1922. St. Jo. & Gr. Island—6 g., 1925. St. L. Alt. & T. H.—1st, 7s. 1894. 2d pref., 7s. St. L. & Iron Mt.—1st.7s. 1892. 2d, 7 g., 1897. Cairo Ark. & Toyns, 7 g. 1897.	F & A	104 ¹ 4b.	101 Aug.	107 Jan.
Col. Coal & Iron—6 g1900	F&A	100 a.	99 Aug.	121 Mar. 106 Jan.	2d, 7g1897	M&N	107	10419 May	105 Jan. 1083 Apr.
Col. Midland—Con., 4 g1940 Col. H. Val. & Tol.—Con. 5 g. 1931	F & A	69 lgb.	62 Apr. 784 Aug.	71½ Sept. 86 Jan.	Cairo Ark. & Texas, 7g. 1897 Gen. R'y & land gr., 5g. 1931 St.L. & San Fr.—6 g., Cl.A. 1906	A&D	86 lo	10319 July	1074 May 933 Jan.
General, 6g	J & D	89 a.	80 July		St.L. & San Fr6 g., Cl.A. 1906	M& N	11040.	108 June	1121s Apr.
1st consol., 4 g	J & J	784b.	11438 June 77 Aug.	119 ¹ 9 Feb. 83 Feb.	6 g., Class B	M& N	110-40.	106 June	113 Apr.
1st consol., 4 g	J&J	*91 a.	91 Jan. 291 Jan.	9619 Feb. 35% Sept.	6 g., Class C. 1906 General mort., 6 g. 1931 St. L. So. West.—1st, 4s, g. 1989	J&J	106	103 July	110 Jan. 704 Sept.
Dul. & Iron Range—5s1937 Dul. So. Sh. & Atl.—5 g1937 E. Tenn. V & G.—Con., 5 g. 1956	A & O	*98 a.	95 Jan.	10018 May	2d, 4s, g., income 1989	J&J	293	20 Aug.	324 Sept.
Dul. So. Sh. & Atl.—5 g1937 E. Tenn.V & G.—Con., 5 g. 1956	M&N	96 b. 9712a.	96 May	99 Feb. 104 Jan.	1st consol., 6 g	M & N	117 a.	III: July	118 Jan. 117 Feb.
Knoxville & Ohio, 6 g 1925 Eliz, Lex. & Big San.—6 g. 1902	J&J	811 ₂ a.	102 July 81 Oct.	109% Apr. 95 Jan.	2d, 4s, 4, income 1989, 8.P.M.&M.—Dak. Ex., 6g, 1910 1st consol., 6g 1933 do reduced to 44 g Montana Extension, 4g, 1937 San A. & Aran. P.—1st, 6g, 1916 1st, 6g 1968	A D	98 b.	97 July	10212 Feb.
Ft. W. & Denv. City—6 g. 1921 Gal. H. & San An W. Div. 1st, 5 g.	J & D	98 b.	93 Aug.	105 Jan.	San A. & Aran. P.—1st, 6g. 1916	J&J	61	6112 Aug.	87 ¹ 9 May 74 Feb.
Han. & St. Jos.—Cons., 6s. 1911	M&S	94 9b.	91 ½ July 110 Mar.	96 ¹ 2 Sept. 117 Jan.	1st, 6 g	F&A	61 b. 98 b.	60 Aug. 95 Aug.	73½ Feb. 103 Mar.
Illinois Central_4 a 1959	A & O	*03 0	934 May	97 Mar.	So. Car.—1st, 6 g., ex coup. 1920		105 b.	102 Aug.	107 Feb.
Int. & Gt. No.—1st, 6g. 1919 Coupon, 6g., trust rec. 1909 Lowa Central—1st, 5g. 1938 Kentucky Central—4g. 1987 Kings Co. El.—1st, 5g. 1925 Lecked Cos.—1st, 5g. 1925	M & 8	72 b.	109½ July 68 Mar.	76 Jan.	Income,6s 1931	J & J	101196.	13 Jan. 100 Sept.	29 Sept. 1033 May
Kentucky Central—1st, 5 g1938	J&J	80 la	80½ Aug. 78 July	87 May 8212 Jan.	1st, consol., gold, 5 g 1938	A&O	974b.	10912 Apr.	114 Mar. 1013 Mar.
Kings Co. El.—1st, 5 g1925	J&J	97 a.		10012 May	So. Pacific, N. M.—6g1911	J&J	102 b.	101 July	104 Apr. 94 Jan.
Laclede Gas—1st, 5 g	& J	1071a.	71 2 June 105 Aug.	10978 Jan.	Birm. Div., 6 g1917	J&J	85 b.	84 Aug.	9619 Jan.
				1224 Jan. 124 Jan.	2d, income, 5 g 2000	March.	314	83 Aug. 27 Aug.	9019 Apr. 3514 Jan.
Long Isl'd—1st, con., 5 g. 1931 General mortgage, 4 g. 1938 Louis. & Nash.—Cons., 7s. 1898 N.O. & Mob. 1st, 6 g 1930	Q-J	117	110% Jan.	116 Sept.	2d, income, 5 g	M & N	94 a.	92 Aug.	99 lg Feb. 108 Apr.
Louis. & Nash.—Cons., 7s. 1898	A & O	110 b.	110 Sept.	11558 Mar.	Tol. A. A. & Gr. Tr6 g. 1921 Tol. & Ohio Cent5 g. 1925 Tol. Peo. & West4 g. 1917 Tol. St. L. & Kan. C6 g. 1916	J&J	104 sb.	102 July	10712 Jan.
				118 Feb. 112 June	Tol. St. L. & Kan. C.—6 g 1916	J & J	73 lgb.	71 July July 79 July	77 Jan. 91 Jan.
E. H. & N. 1st, 6 g	& D	112 b.	111 1 11100	1121. Amm	Union racino—6 g 1899	1 00 3	LIUM	110 Sept.	11418 Mar.
Unified, 4 g	I & J	79½b.	7678 Aug.	117 May 85% Mar.	Sinking fund. 88 1893 Collat. trust 4 ½ 1918	M&N	70 a.	105 Sept. 69 Feb.	11134 Feb. 74 Apr. 111 Jan.
Consol. 6 g	4 4 0	1103a.			Collat. trust 4½	F& A	105 leb.	10458 Aug.	111 Jan. 10958 May
Louis, St. L. & Texas-6 g. 1917	F&A	814	65 Aug.	88 Jan.				106 Sept.	11114 Mar.
Consol., 6 g	M & N	81 b.	111% Jan. 103 June	115 June 108 Apr.	Oregon Short Line—6 g. 1922	M&N	106 b.	105 Aug. 95% Aug.	111 ¹ 2 Apr. 106 ¹ 2 Jan.
High Cont 1st con 7 1000 !	M & N	121 b.	118 June 107 Mar.	124 ¹ 2 Apr. 108 Feb.	1st consol., 6 g	A & O	71 b.	66 Aug.	80% Feb. 82 Jan.
Consol., 5s 1902	M OF N	- CU 200	117 June	127 Apr	Union Elevated—6 g1937 Virginia Mid.—Gen. m., 5s, 1936	M & N	72 b.	64 Aug. 106 Jan.	111 Apr.
fil. Lake Sh. & W.—1st. 6g 1921	M & N	122 a.	OT Sumo						
dil. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6g. 1921 Exten. & Imp., 5 g 1929 d. K. & T.—1st 4s, g 1990	M& N F & A	77 ¹ 4	97 Aug. 743 Jan.	101% Jan. 79% Feb.	do stamped guar	MAN	79 h	78 July 83 Jan.	89 lg Feb. 90 Feb.
dil. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6g. 1921 Exten. & Imp., 5 g 1929 d. K. & T.—1st 4s, g 1990	M& N F & A	77 ¹ 4	97 Aug. 743 Jan.	7918 Feb.	Walash let 5	MEN	79 b.	78 July 83 Jan. 9612 May	90 Feb. 102 Feb.
dll. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6g. 1921 Exten. & Imp., 5 g	M& N F& A I & D F& A	100 a. 7714 44	97 Aug. 744 Jan. 36 July	7918 Feb.	Walash let 5	MEN	79 b.	78 July 83 Jan. 96 May 70 Feb. 27 May	90 Feb. 102 Feb. 80 Aug. 514 Sept.
dll. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6g. 1921 Exten. & Imp., 5 g	M& N F& A I & D F& A	100 a. 7714 44	97 Aug. 744 Jan. 36 July	7918 Feb.	Walash let 5	MEN	79 b.	78 July 83 Jan. 96 ¹ 9 May 70 Feb. 27 May 99 ¹ 9 July	90 Feb. 102 Feb. 80 Aug. 514 Sept.
Hil. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6g, 1921 Exten. & Imp., 5 g. 1922 4. K. & T.—1st 4s, g. 1990 2d 4s, g. 1990 2d 4s, g. 1990 4o. Pacific—1st, con., 6g, 1920 3d, 7s. 1996 Pac. of Mo.—1st, ex., 4g, 1938 2d extended 5	M& N F & A F & A I & N I & N I & N	100 a. 77 ¹ 4 44 105 b. 111 ¹ 9b. 97 102 ¹ 9b.	97 Aug. 744 Jan. 36 July 103 May 105 July 94 June 994 Jan.	7918 Feb.	Walash let 5	MEN	79 b.	78 July 83 Jan. 9612 May 70 Feb. 27 May 9912 July 96 Jan. 27 July	90 Feb. 102 Feb. 80 Aug. 51 ¹ 4 Sept. 103 Jan. 101 Feb. 36 ¹ 2 Sept
dll. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6g. 1921 Exten. & Imp., 5 g	M& N F& A F& A I& N I& N I& N I& N I& N I& N I& N I& N	100 a, 77 ¹ 4 44 105 b. 111 ¹ 9b. 97 102 ¹ 9b. 113 ¹ 9b. 165 b.	97 Aug. 744 Jan. 36 July 103 May 105 July 94 June 994 Jan. 112 Jan. 62 July 124 July	7918 Feb.	Virginia Mill.—Geh. m., 5s, 1936; do do stamped guar. Wabash—1st, 5 g		79 b. 101 79 454 101 9 98 9 33 99 b. 94 34a.	78 July 83 Jan. 9612 May 70 Feb. 27 May 9912 July 96 Jan. 27 July	90 Feb. 102 Feb. 80 Aug. 51 ¹ 4 Sept. 103 Jan. 101 Feb.

'indicates price bid; "a" price asked; the Range is made up from actual sales only. "Latest price this week.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES—(Continued).—INACTIVE BONDS—OCTOBER 2.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
Railroad Bonds. (Stock Exchange Prices.) Alabama Mid.—1st, g., 6s1928 Atlantic & Danv.—1st g., 6s1917 Atl. & Pac.—2d W. D., gu. 6s., 1907 Balt. & Ohio—1st, 6s., Fark B. 1919 5s, gold	113	110		*100 97 ¹ 9 80 90 ¹ 9 116 114 98 ¹ 4	99	Ced. Rap. I. F. & N., 1st, 6s.1920 1st, 5s. 1921 C.Ohio - Vol. & Cin.M.1st, 42s.1939 Jent. RR. & Bank Col. g.5s.1937	*100 *100 97 * * * * 80 79	85 75

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- INACTIVE BONDS-(Continued)-OCTOBER 2.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	* SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
	_				100			
Sentral Pacific—Gold bds, 6s, 18 Gold bonds, 6s 18 Gold bonds, 6s 18 Gold bonds, 6s 18 San Joaquin Br., 6s 19 Mort. gold 5s 19 Land grant, 5s, g. 19 West. Pacific—Bonds, 6s 18 No. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s, 19 50. year 5s 19 Jhes, & O.—Pur. M. fund, 6s, 18 Gs, gold, series A 19 Jhes, O. & So. West.—2d, 6s, 19 Jhicago & Alton—1st, 7s 18 Binking fund, 6s 18 Louis, & Mo. River—1st, 7s, 19 Louis, & Mo. River—1st, 7s, 19	96 107 97 108		9al. Har. & San Ant.—1st, 6s. 1910 Gal. H. & S. A.—2d mort., 7s. 1905 West. Div., 2d 6s. 1993 Ga. So. & Fla.—1st, g. 6s. 1927 Grand Rap. & Ind.—Gen. 5s. 1924 Green B. W. & St. P.—1st 6s. 1911 2d income, all subs. paid Honsatomic—Cons. 20d 5s. 1937	*	100	OhioRiv.—(Con.)—Gen. g.,5s.1937 Oreg. Ry & Nav.—Col. tr. g.,5s.1919 Penn. RR.—P.C. & S.L1st,c.,7s.1900 Pitts. Ft. W. & C.—1st, 7s1912		
San Joaquin Br., 6819	00 *104		Ga. So. & Fla.—1st, g. 6s1927	* 77		Pitts. Ft. W. & C.—1st, 7s1912	*139	142
Land grant, 5s. g	00 * 954	9	Green B. W. & St. P.—1st 6s . 1911	* 75	324	2d, 7s. 1912 3d, 7s. 1912 3d, 7s. 1912 Clev. & P.—Cons., s. fd., 7s. 1900 4th, sink, fund, 6s. 1892 8t. L.V. & T. H.—1st, 6s., 7s. 1897	1001.	1011
No. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s. 19	07		Housatonic—Cons. gold 5s1937	*	10419	4th,sink,fund,6s.1892	1201g 1011g	101
50.year 58	38 * 964 98 1094	11119	N. Haven & Derby, Cons. 5s 1918 Hous, & T. C.—Waco & N. 7s 1903	103 110		St. L.V. & T. H.—1st, 6s., 7s. 1897 2d. 7s	*	110
68, gold, series A	08	. 1154	N. Haven & Derby, Cons. 5s. 1918 Hous. & T. C.—Waco & N. 7s. 1903 1st g., 5s (int. gtd) 1937 Cons. g. 6s (int. gtd) 1912 Gen g. 4s (int. gtd) 1921	9919	100	2d, 7s	11119	
hicago & Alton—1st, 7s18	93 104	10519	Gen. g. 4s. (int. gtd)	*	63	Ohio Ind. &W.—1st pref. 5s 1938	110	
Louis. & Mo. River-1st, 78.19	00 116	117	Debent. 4s, prin. & int. gtd.1897			Peoria & Pek. Union—1st, 6s.1921 2d mortg., 4 ¹ 2s1921	60	
Louis, & Mo. River—1st, 78,19 2d, 78. 19 8t, L. Jacks, & Chic.—1st,78,18 1st, guar, (564), 78. Miss.R. Bridge—1st, s. f., 68,19 hic. Burl. & Nor.—Deb. 68. 18 hic. Burling, & Q.—5s, s. f., 19 58, sonvertible. 19 Iowa Div.—Sink. fund, 58. 19 Sinking fund. 48.	00 104		Illinois Central—1st, g., 4s 1951 1st, gold, 3 ¹ 2s	891	105	2d mortg., 4½s	* 99	
1st, guar. (564), 7818	94 104 12 1034	9	1st, gold, 343 1951 Springf. Div.—Coup., 6s 1898 Middle Div.—Reg., 5s 1921 C. St. L. & N. O.—Ten. I., 78 1897 1st, consol., 7s 1897	106 113		Pitts. Cleve. & Tol1st, 6s 1922 Pitts. & L. Er2d g. 5s, "A" 1928 Pitts. Me. K. & Y1st 6s 1932 Pitts. Painsv. & F1st, 5s 1916 Prese't & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6s, g. 1916	*109	
hic. Burl. & Nor.—Deb. 6s18	96		C. St. L. & N. O.—Ten. I., 78. 1897	*110		Pitts. Mc. K. & Y.—1st 6s1932		95
Mc. Burning. & Q.—5s, s. 119 5s, •onvertible19	$01 101 \\ 03 1084$	108%	2d, 6s		114	Pitts. Painsv. & F.—1st, 581916 Presc't & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6s,g.1916		95
Iowa Div.—Sink. fund, 5s19 Sinking fund, 4s19	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9	2d, 6s. 1907 Gold, 5s, coupon 1951 Memp Div., 1st g. 4s. 1951 Dub. & S. C.—2d Div., 7s. 1894 Ced. Falls & Minn.—1st, 7s. 1907	109		Preser't & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6sz, 1916 2d income, 6s	90	97
19 18 18 19 19 19 19 19	21 81 36 95	96	Dub. & S. C.—2d Div., 7s1894	*100 * 85	92	Equip. M. s. f., g., 5s1909	*100	
i. Mil. & St. P.—1st,8s,P.D.18	98 117	11838	Ind. D. & Spr.—1st 7s, ex. cp. 1906	104	108	do. Income, 6s1900	*100	105
2d, 7 3-10s, P. D	98	118 ¹ 2 125	Ind. D. & Spr.—1st 7s, ex. cp. 1906 Ind. Dec. & West.—M. 5s 1947 2d M., inc. 5s, trust rec 1948 Inter. & Gt. Nor.—Coup. 6s 1909 Kanawha & Mich.—Mort. 4s. 1990			Rio Gr. Junet., 1st, guar., g., 5s. 1938 Rome Wat. & Og.—1st M., 7s. 1891	* 53% 101%	****
lst, La Crosse Division, 7s.18	93 116	11712	Inter. & Gt. Nor.—Coup. 6s1909	* 70 71	75	St. Jos. & Gr. Is.—2d inc1925		69
lst, I. & D., 7818	99 *116		Kanawha & Mich.—Mort. 4s.1990 Kan. C. Wyan. & N.W.—1st, 5s. 1938 L. Sh. & M. So.—C. P. & A.—7s. 1892 Buff. & Er.—New bonds, 7s. 1898 Det. M. & T.—1st, 7s1906 Lake Shore—Div. bonds, 7s. 1899 Mahon's Coal RR.—1st. 5s. 1934			St. L. A. & T.H-2d m. inc.7s. 1894	100	
lst, C. & M., 7s	$\begin{array}{c c} 03 & 123 \\ 08 & 123 \end{array}$		L. Sh. & M. So.—C. P.&A.—7s.1892 Buff. & Er.—New bonds, 7s.1898	100	11219	Dividend bonds	55 110	
lat, La C. & Dav., 58	19 101 10 1184		Det. M. & T.—1st, 7s1906	1123 1124		Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s1923	100	112 102
1st, H. & D., 5s	10 * 984		Mahon'g Coal RR1st, 5s. 1934	105	110	St. Louis So.—1st, gd. g. 4s. 1931	80	103
Ist, I. & M., 78. 18 Ist, I. & D., 78. 18 Ist, I. & D., 78. 19 Ist, I. & D. Extension, 78. 19 Ist, I. & D. Extension, 78. 19 Ist, I. & D. Extension, 78. 19 Ist, H. & D., 78. 19 Ist, H. & D., 58. 19 Mineral Point Div. 58. 19 Mineral Point Div. 58. 19 Mineral Point Div. 58. 19 Fargo & South, 68, Assu. 19 Inc. conv. sink. fund, 58. 19 Dakota & Gt. South, 58. 19 Iskota, 66 Gt. South, 58. 19 Iskota, 66 Gt. South, 58. 19 Iskota, 66 Gt. South, 58. 19 Escanaba & L. S. 18t, 68. 19	10 113	102	Lake Shore—Div. bonds, 78. 1899 Mahon'y Coal RR.—1st, 5s. 1934 Kal. All. & G. R.—1st gu. 5s. 1934 Kall. All. & G. R.—1st gu. 5s. 1938 Lehighv., N. Y.—1st gu. g. 4'ys. 1940 litchf. Car. & West.—1st 6s. g. 1916 Long Island—1st, 7s	******	10019	St. L. A. & T.H.—2d m. Inc. 78. 1894 Dividend bonds. 1894 Bellev. & So. III.—1st, 88. 1896 Bellev. & Car.—1st, 68. 1923 Chi.St.L.&Pad.—1st, 62., 55 1917 St. Louis So.—1st, 6d. g. 48. 1931 do 2d income, 58. 1931 Car. & Shawt.—1st g. 4s. 1932 St. Lou. & S. Fran.—Equip., 78, 1895 General 5s.	60 78	
C. & L. Sup. Div., 5s19	21		litchf. Car. & West.—1st 6s. g. 1916	117	98 119	St. Lou. & S. Fran.—Equip., 78,1895	100	
inc. conv. sink. fund, 5s19	16		N. Y. & R'way B.—1st, g. 5s. 1927		101	General 5s	93	85
Dakota & Gt. South., 5s19 ic.&N.W.—30 year deb. 5s. 19	16 * 98		2d mortg., inc	104	35	Kan. City & S.—1st, 6s, g1916 Ft. S. & V. B. Bg.—1st, 6s1910	89	****
			Louis. Evans. & St. L.—Con. 5s. 1939	102	84	St. Paul & Duluth-1st, 5s1931	105	****
Iowa Midland—1st, 8s19	00		Pensacola Division, 6s1920 St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s1921	102	107	2d mortgage 5s		
Dos M. & Minn.—1st, 78.—19 towa Midland.—1st, 8s.—19 Peninsula—1st, conv., 7s.—18 Chic. & Miwaukee—1st, 7s. 18 Chic. & Midwaukee—1st, 7s. 18 Whi. & Mad.—1st, 6s.—19 Ott. C. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s.—19 Northern III.—1st, 5s.—19 R. & P.—D. M. & F. D., 1st4s. 19 1st. 2\(\text{1st}\)	98 120 98 114		St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s1921 2d. 3s1980	110 ¹ 9 61		St. Paul Minn & M.—1st, 7s. 1999 2d mort., 6s	114	••••
Who. & St. P.—2d, 7819	7 1224		2d, 3s	112	11319	Mont. Cen.—1st, guar., 6s 1937	*	115
Ott. C. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s. 19	05 110 09 102			TOT		San Fran. & N. P.—1st, g., 5s.1919	*	98
Northern III.—1st, 5s19 R. L.&P.—D. M. & F. D. 1st4s. 19	102	76	50 year 5s, g., 1937 Pens. & At. – 1st, 6s, gold. 1921 Collat. trust, 5s, g. 1931 Nash. Flor. & S. 1st gu. 5s.,1937	1023	104	Shenan. Val.—1st 7s, g. tr.rec. 1909 Gen. 6s, g., tr. rec. asst'd 1921		****
1st, 2 ¹ gs	5 * 53	65	Collat. trust, 5s, g1931	100		South Carolina -2d, 6s1931	*	88
Keokuk & Des M.—1st, 5s. 19	23 927		Lou.N.Alb.&ChGen.in.g.38.1940	• 96 • 80	82	Texas Central—1st, s. f., 7s1909		*****
Minn. & N. W.—1st. g., 58, 193	36		Lon N O & Tex -1st 4s 1934	* 85		1st mortgage, 7s1911 Texas & New Orleans—1st,7s.1905		*****
R. C. C. T. J. M. & F. D., 18 t 48, 19 18t, 2 19s	1120		Louis. St. L. & Tex2d g, 6s. :1917				*101	
mc. St. F. & Milli.—181, 6819 St. Paul & S. C.—181, 6819 Mic. & W. Ind.—1st, s. f., 68.19 General mortgage, 6819 in Ham. & D.—Con. s. f., 8.19 2d. gold. Alog	1184		2d mort., 5s	97	103	Sabline Division, 18t, 68. 1915 Tex. & Pac., E. Div.—1st, 6s. 1905 Third Avenue (N.Y.).—1st 5s, 1997 Tol. A. A. & Cad.—6s	100 1104	iiii
n Ham. & D.—Con. s. f	32 *1111 ₉ 5 *121 ₉		Memphis & Charl.—6s, gold. 1924 1st con. Tenn lien, 7s. 1915 Mexican National—1st, g., 6s. 1927 2d, income, 6s, "A" 1917 2d, income, 6s, "B" 1917 Michigan Central—6s. 1909 Coupon, 5s. 1931 Mortgage 4s. 1940 Mil. L. S. &W.—Conv. deb., 5s. 1907 Mich. Div., 1st, 6s. 1924 Ashland Division—1st, 6s. 1925 Incomes	115	100	Tol. A. A. & Cad.—681917		82
ld, gold, 4128	7		2d, income, 6s, "A"1917	44	46 15	Tol. A. A. & N. M58, g1940	*	81
n Ham. & D.—Con. s. f. s. 192 2d, gold, 4½s	88		Michigan Central—6s1917	1124	15	1st, 6s1897	1074 1084	
n. Jack. & Mac.—1st, g., 5s. 193	36 ······ 30 92		Coupon, 5s1931	111		1st, 6s	10919	95
C.C. & St. L., Cairo div4s, 193	9		Mil. L. S.&W.—Conv. deb., 5s. 1907	98	170	Collateral Trust, 5s1907		
pring.&Col.Div.—1st,g. 4s. 194	0	85 92	Ashland Division—1st, 6s1924	*114	116	1st, 6s. 1598 Collateral Trust, 6s. 1908 Collateral Trust, 5s. 1907 C. Br. U. P.—F. c., 7s. 1895 Atch. Col. & Pac.—1st, 6s. 1905 Atch. J. Co. & W.—1st, 6s. 1905 U. P. Lin. & Col.—1st, g., 5s. 1918 Open S. L. & U. N. col. trst, 5s. 1918	77	
Cin.San.&Cl.—Con.1st.g.5s. 199	8		Incomes	101	1054	Atch. J. Co. & W.—1st, 6s1905 U. P. Lin. & Col.—1st, g., 5s, 1918	77 691 ₉	
Col. Cin. & Ind.—1st, 78,8.f.189	9 115		Iowa Extension, 1st, 7s1909	104	106^{1}_{2}	Ologio.Lite Citi, Contraction, Oct. 2010	*	754
eve. & Mah. V.—Gold, 5s 193	8 *105		Southwest Ext.—1st. 7s1910	* 96	105	Utah & North.—1st, 7s1908 Gold, 5s1926	105	
Consol. sink. fund, —1st, 7s,s.f.18f Consol. sink. fund, 7s	6 105	110	Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s1921 Impr. & equipment, 6s1922	* 57	100 60	Gold, 5s. 1926 Utah Southern—Gen., 7s. 1909 Exten., 1st, 7s. 1909 Valley R'y Co. of O.—Con. 6s. 1921	* 96	
Lack & W . Conwest 7- 100			Minn. & Pac.—1st mortg., 5s. 1936 Minn.S. Ste. M. & Atl.—1st, 5s. 1926			Valley R'y Co. of O.—Con. 6s. 1921		
Mortgage 7s. 190 Myra. Bing. & N. Y.—1st, 7s. 190 Morris & Essex—1st, 7s. 191 Bonds. 7s	7 *	133	Minn.St. P. & S.S. M — 1st c.g. 4s. 1938				1061	
Morris & Essex—1st. 7s. 190	6 *123 4 *138 \text{1} 6		Minn.8t. P. & S.M.—1stc. g. 4s. 1938 Mo. K. & T.—K. C. & P., 1st, 4s, g. 1990 Dal. & Waco—1st, 5s, gu 1940 Missouri Pacific —Trust, 5s 1940 1st coll 5s. g. 1920	70	71	No. Missouri—1st, 751895 St.L.K.C.&N.—R.E.&RR.7s.1895 St.Charles Br'ge—1st,6s1908		110
Bonds, 7s	0*112		Missouri Pacific -Trust 5s1917		90	West. Va. C. & Pitts.—1st, 6s.1911 Wheel.&L.E.—1st. 5s, gold1926	11021	
1st, con., guar., 7s191	5 13418		St. L. &I. MArk.Br.,1st, 7s.1895	75 105	79	Extension & Imp. g., 5s1930 Miscellaneous Bonds.	103-9	93
oupon, 7818t, ex. 78.189	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 102 \\ 4 & 107 \end{array}$	10719	Mobile & Ohio-1st ext., 681927	109		Miscellaneous Bonds.		984
Day Taul. Can.—18t, ex. 78, 18t Oupon, 78	7 *137	101-2	St. L. & Cairo—4s, guar1931 Morgan's La. & T.—1st, 6s1920	106		Amer. Cot. Oil Deb., g., 8s 1900 Amer. Water Works—1st 6s 1907		105
1st, cons., guar., 6s190	6 116	129	1st, 7s	11419	1081	1st cons. 5s, g. 1907 Cahaba Coal Min.—1st g. 7s. 1907 Chic.Jun.&S. Yds.—Col.t. g,5s,1915 Colorado Fuel—Gen. 6s 1919	108	$\frac{974}{112}$
nver City Cable—1st. 6s. 190	1	102	New Orleans & Gulf—1st, 6s. 1926 N. O. & No. E.—Pr. L. g., 6s. 1915			Colorado Fuel-Gen. 681919		
No. & R. G.—Imp., g., 5s 190 Tenn. Va. & Ga.—1st, 7s 190 divisional 5s	8	80	N. Y. Cent.—Deb. g. 481905	9719		Col. & Hoek. Coal & Los, K 1917		98
Divisional 5s	0 105			100	96	Consol'n Coal—Convert. 6s1897 Cons. Gas Co., Chic1st gu.5s.1936	73	$\frac{105}{76}$
q. & Imp., g., 58	7 *	75	Beech Creek—1st, gold, 4s. 1936 N. Y. N. H. & H.—1st, reg. 4s. 1903 N. Y. & Northern—1st, g., 5s. 1927	103 104		Cons. Gas Co., Chic1st gu.5s. 1936 Denv. C. Wat. Wks.—Gen.g. 5s. 1910 Det. Un. Depot&Stn—1st g. 4s. 1938		****
obile & Birm.—1st, g., 5s. 193	7		2d, 4s	5019	52	Edison Elec. Ill. Co.—1st, 5s.1910 Equitable G. & F.—1st 6s1905	9212	****
q. & Imp., g., 5s	8 116 7 115		Gon. mort., 5s, g1940	77 82	8219 84	Henderson Bridge—1st g. 6s. 1931	104	
d, extended, 5s	9 113 3 1054		Gen. mort., 5s, g	100		Henderson Bridge—1st g. 6s. 1931 Hoboken Land & Imp.—g. 5s. 1910 Mutual Union Teleg'h—6s, g. 1911 Nation'i Starch Mfg.—1st, 6s, 1920		1084 105
th, extended, 58192	0 10712		Spokane & Pal.—1st, 6s1936 St. Paul & N. P.—Gen., 6s1923	103	104	Nation'l Starch Mfg1st, 6s,1920		97
d, extended, 58	8 101	129	Helena&RedM'n—1st,g.,6s.1937 Duluth&Manitoba—1st,g.6s1936	95	100	Northwestern Telegraph—70, 1904	10312	
B. N. Y. & E.—1st. 7s. 191	8 10719			105	106	People's Gas & Coke / 1st g.6s, 1904		96
Seorg., 1st lien, 6s. 190 Seorg., 1st lien, 6s. 190 S. N. Y. & E.—1st, 7s. 191 S. Y. L. E. & W.—Col. tr.,6s. 192 Unded coun. 5s.	8 *130		Cour d'Alene-1st, 6s, gold, 1916		102	Nation'i Starch Mrg.—1st. 6s, 1920 N. Y. & Perry C & L.—1st. g. 6s, 1920 Northwestern Telegraph—7s, 1904 Co., Chicago	100	
unded coup., 5s	9 * 80	85	Gen. 1st, g., 6s		105	Proctor & Gamble—1st g. 6s. 1920 Proctor & Gamble—1st, g., 6s. 1940	9819 1	024
			Cent. Washington—1st, g., 6s. 1938 Norfolk & West.—General, 6s. 1931 New River, 1st, 6s			West. Union Tel.—7s 1875-1900 • Unlisted Bonds.	i	17
ans & T H 1st192	2		New River, 1st, 6s 1932 Imp. & Ext., 6s 1934 Adjustment M., 7s 1924	112 ¹ 9 108		Ala. & VicksConsol.5g., 1921.A&O	90	95
ans. & T.H.—1st,cons.,6s. 192 dt. Vernon—1st 6s. 192	1 *116		Adjustment M., 7s1924 Equipment, 5s1909			Ala. & Vicks. – Consol. 5g., 1921. A&O 2d M., income till '94, 1921. A&O Vicks. & Merid., 1st 6s, 1921. A&O	70 96 1	80
It. Vernon—1st 6s 192 bil. Co. Branch—1st, g., 5s. 193 ans. & Indian—1st, cops	0	108	Equipment, 5s 1908 Clinch Val. 1st 5s 1957 Scieto Val. & N. E.—1st, 4s., 1990	92	96	Atlanta & Charl.—1st 7s,1907.J&J	118 1	20 33
nt & D M 100, 00118 102		105	Ogd. & Lake Ch.—1st con. 681920	103	75 105	Comstock Tun.—Inc. 48, 1919. M&N Georgia Pac.—1st 68, 1922J&J Consol. 5 g., 1923A&O	994 1	0019
nit & F. Marq.—Mort., 6s 192 set con. gold, 5s	97	98	Ohio & Miss—2d consol. 7s1911 Spring.Div.—1st 7s1905	112	11336	Income as	5619	584
		6703	General 5s1932			Little R.& Mem 1st 5g, 1937. M&S	7215	

^{*} No price Friday; these are the latest quotations made this week.

Anvestment Railroad Intelligence.

The Investors' Supplement, a pamphlet of 150 pages, contains extended tables of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads, and other Companies, with remarks and statistics concerning the income, financial status, etc., of each Company. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., January, March, May, July, September and November, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Extra copies are sold to subscribers of the Chronicle at 50 cents each, and to others at \$1 per copy.

The General Quotations of Stocks and Bonds, occupying ix pages of the Chronicle, are published on the third Saturday of each month.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	Latest 1	Earnings 1	Reported.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date
ROADS.	Week or Mo	1891.	1890.	1891.	1890.
	1	8	*	8	*
Alabama Midl'a. Allegheny Vai	Amount	911679	37,192	1 699 917	1 670 516
Atch. T. & S. Fe Half owned	3d wk Sept	769,596	663,161	1,633,817 22,982,720 1,199,397	21,594,303
Total system.	3d wk Sept	769,596 34,179 903,776	34,577	1,199,397 $24,182,119$ $4,691,624$	1,160,083
St L. & San F	3d wk Sept	100,008	143,792	4,691,624	4,478,223
Halfowned Tot.S.L.&S.F.	3d wk Sept	33,485			
Agg. total	3d wk Sept	187,393 991,169	877,244	5,866,105 30,048,224	28.369.073
Atlanta & Char. *	July	67,613	61,021		
Atlanta & Flor'a Atlanta & W.Pt.	August	7,622	8,061 34,582	284,095	280,350
B.&O. East Lines	August	32,789 1,848,576	1,752,674	12,330,588	12,147,613 3,698,733
Western Lines Total	August	504,013 $2,352,589$	498,363	3,606,664 15,937,252	3,698,733 15,846,350
Bal. &O. Southw.	3d wk Sept	53,382	01.108	1.729,263	1.651 046
Date & Lotomac	August	150,170 3,751 19,178	142,485 6,132	1,147,293 34,026	1,114,536 51,761 111,006
Bir.Sh.& Tenn. R	Fills.	19,178	14,819	111,472	111,000
Bishopsville Baff. Roch. & Pitt	July	1.143	0.62	13,377	11,70
		58,223 330,756 157,731	285,096	1,977,152 2,211,020	1,518,991 1,929,273
Canadian Pacific	August	157,731	161.667	082.202	592,003
Cp. F'r& Yad. Val	3d wk Sept	414,000 14,120	365,000 18,268	13,668,041 417,245	11,484,173 335,510
Car.Cum.G&Ch.	July	3,844 6,197	2,007	25.697	14,424
Camden & Atl. Canadian Pacific Cp. F'r & Yad. Val. Car. Cum. G&Ch. Car. Midland Cen. RR. & Bg. Co.	July	496,932	4,925	*******	******
			1,295,535	9.144,838	8,675,314
Central Pacific Central of S. C		1,505,268 6,950	1,451,849 8.026	9,174,965	8,333,045
Char.Cin. & Chie Charlest'n & Sav	July	13,375	8,925	57,257 86,108	67,857 66,782 408,304
		46,345 8,630	41,412 5.869	44505 (141.5)	408,304 $32,643$
Chatt'n'ga Uni'u Cheraw. & Darl.	August	9,413	10,259 6,563	57,873 66,191	76,615
		6,215 1,386	6,563 1,056	59,024 13,947	54,421 12,917 5,474,828
Ches. & Ohio Chic. Burl. & Q. Chic.& East. Ili.	3d wk Sept	184,839	165,059	6,176,787	5,474,828
Chie Burl & O	August	203,287	206.367	1.487.178	1,325,988
Ohic.& East. Ili.	3d wk Sept	3,161.840 $90,255$ $225,817$	84,792	20,692,921 2,671,990 1,450,232	22,674,652 $2,271,320$
Chicago & Erie. Chicago & Erie. Ohicago & St.P. Chicago & N'thw'n. Chicago & St.L. Chicago & St.L.	July.	225,817	216,747	1,450,232	2,271,320 1,571,374 17,934,430
Chie. & N'thw'n.	August	734.097	030,603	19,108,262 17,470,587	17,934,430 $17,345,376$
Chic. Peo. & St. L.	June	2,747,108 60,173 1,658,452 110 681 686,329	28,287	328,604	187,325
Chia St PAK (2d orle Cond	110 681	90.050	3,172,923	10,809.208 3,064,046
Ohie. St. P. M. &O. Ohie. & W. Mich. Oin. Ga. & Ports.	August			4,561,819	4,141,762
Cin. Ga. & Ports.	Angust	41,644	32,640 6,927	1,244,995	1,122,324 $41,954$
Cin. Jack & Mac. Cin. N. O. & T. P.	3d wk Sept	6.676 $13,510$	13,670	$\begin{array}{c} 42,880 \\ 522,058 \end{array}$	473,355
Ala. Gt. South.	3d wk Sept	92,328 34,569	88,512 38,913	3,072,055 $1,307,658$	3,128,941
N. Orl. & N. E.	3d wk Sept	23,428	20,686	784,856	1,358,650 875,703
Ala. Gt. South. N. Orl. & N. E. Ala & Vicksb. Vicks. Sh. & P.	3d wk Sept	13,026 $13,268$	10,854 10,395	419,697	451 800
Erlanger Syst.	3d wk Sept	176,619	1653.36500	395,959 5,980,226	392,231 6,210,325
Oin, Northw'n. Cin. Ports. & V Col. & Maysv. Din. Wab. & Mich.	August	1,840	1,779 25,142 974	13,694	12,952
Col. & Maysv.	August	24,688 1,245	974	153,270 8,244	145,842 6.238
Din. Wab. & Mich.	August	78,103	55,664	453,685	6,238 390,350
Olev. & Canton.	July	$23,020 \\ 75,674$	20,263 $51,050$	682,183 389,713	603,844 297,423
JI.CHI.CH. & S.L.	3d wk Sept	281.218	51,050 $283,728$	9.527.697	9,411,490
Peo. & East'n.	Amount	38,260 27,617	34,033	$\substack{1,156,471\\221,716}$	1,045,111 $205,826$
Color, Midland, Col. H. V. & Tol. Col. Shawnee&H	3d wk Sept	39,105	35,384 38,715	1,468,672	1,348,639
Col. Shawnee&H	August	324,089 14.185	274,953 6,144	2,021,187 356,537	1,853,902 $180,637$
		5,100	4,094	19,115	17,183
Current River Denv. & Rio Gr Des Moin. & No Des M. & N'west	3d wk Sept	3,065	3,193 190,000	111,102 5,928,995	17,183 125,707
Des Moin. & No.	August	179,500 12,917 17,996	12,129 21,610	80.583	6,051,869 73,980
		17.996 8,036	$\frac{21,610}{10,376}$	124,×34 341,36×	135,051 $400,993$
Dot. Lans'g & No Duluth S.S. & Atl	3d wk Sept	25,923	26,502	882.340	864,703
Duluth & Winn	August	262,497	246,498	48,553	34,352
Tenn. Va.&Ga.	August	545,991	613,010	4,003,292	4.123.597
tigin Jol. & East	Inte	66,569	46,953	378,141	4,123,597 318,726
Svans.&Ind'plis Svans. & T. H.	Ba wk Sept	6,928	78,067 6,387	417,274 242,449	446.063
vansv. & T. H.	d wk Sept	25,014	22,233 596,138	839,128	210,674 $751,365$
lint. & P. Marq.	d wk Sent	598,043	596,138 53,761	3,905,259 2,090,113	3,893,916 2,127,752
lorence	uly	1.738	1 541 52	25,601	22,271
t. W. & Rio Gr.	d wk Sept August	23,000 27,448	21,216 16,717 3,341	994,826 151,530	831,826
a. Car'la & No. J	ulv	8.977	3,341	04,941	88,967 33,145
					1 000 000
leo, So. & Fla Jeorget'n & W'".	August	121,751 54,596	133,927 67,820 2.948	1,153,916 492,494 24,983	1,090,836 455,526 23,299

Gr. Rap. & Ind. July Sept Clin. & F. Pt. Sept W. Sept Chin. & F. Pt. Sept W. Sept Chin. & Sept Chin. & Sept Chin. & Sept Sept Chin. & Sept Sept Chin. & Sept Sept Chin. & Sept	1	Latest 1	Earnings 1	Reported.	Jan. 1 to 1	alest Date.
Other lines. 3d wk sept	ROADS.	Week or Me	1891.	1890.		_
Total all lines Selection Section Canad Trum; Wespert Section Canad Trum; Wespert Section Canad Trum; Wespert Section Canad Trum; Section	Gr. Rap. & Ind	3d wk Sept	\$ 52,787	\$ 53,182	\$ 1.732.912	1 914 840
Control of the Cont	Other lines	3d wk Sept 3d wk Sept	9,300 4,764	9,368 4,165		339,815 157,255
Great North Wassept 15	Grand Trunk	WKBept.20	429,011	449,447	2,215,138 14,087,124	
St. P. M. & M. Rantst. 794,077 720,862 5,929,379 3,337,900 Montana Cent. August. 198,696 101,052 831,566 609,489 Housatonic. July	Det.Gr.H & M.	WkSept.19	26,696	73,115	2,635,874	2,692,524 791,670
Montana Cent. Angust. 198,696 101,052 831,566 699,439 101,050	St. P. M. & M.		794,977	720,862	5,929,379	5,357,090
State Color Colo	Montana Cent.	August	108,696	101,052	834,566	690,469
Homest nashned August 19,000 19,400 101,709 101,709 101,001 101,709 101,001 101,709 101,002	Gulf & Chicago.	August	2,899 144,541	3.249	23.618	27,133
Immons Central August 50,310 433,437 11,588,603 0,300,203 636,638 636,036 203,636 636,036 636,	Humest'n&Shen Hutch &South'n	August	7,004	19,409	104,904 40,904	101,799
Lower Lowe	Ind. Dec. & Quin.	August	1,582,297 50,315	1,423,827 45,140	11,568,603 309,156	293,636
Stant C. A. W. August 19.00 19	Iowa Central	3d wk Sept	46,715	45,639 0,639	1,199,907	2,359,179 1,146,110
K.C. G. Men. & Bir. 3 dw Sept 20,955 22,503 323,403 320,203 Keokuk & West. 3 dw Sept 20,965 16,231 16,241 16,	Jack'v.South't'n	3d wk Sept	24,314 34,321	16.316	804.161	488,931
R. Robert & West 19,185	Kanawha&Mich	3d wk Sept	7,068 5,849	7,389 8,974	226,642	233,925
L. Erie Ali, 2860 Algust 6,227 6,975	K.C.F.S. & Mem. K.C.Mem. & Bir.	3d wk Sept	95,187	91,243 22,803	3,233,403 794,101	830,870
L. Shore & M. S. aury S. 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Kingst'n & Pem.	June	12,936	8,045 16,231	279,419 64,448	251,972 79,836
Lehnigh & Hud. August. 36,372 36,097 27,4415 376,1092 1,0016,48 August. 13,0016 14,0016	L. Erie & West	3d wk Sept	67,567	60,829	2,271,731	2,168,210
Louis N. A. & Ch. S. Liw Sept 417,850 386,430 14,098,714 13,448,048 Louis N. D. & T. S. Louis N. A. & Ch. S. Liw Sept 17,855 60,935 2,018,924 1,48,504 1,48,	Lehigh & Hud	August	36,372 14,482	36,097	274,415 459,319	237,109
Louis N. A. & Ch. S. Liw Sept 417,850 386,430 14,098,714 13,448,048 Louis N. D. & T. S. Louis N. A. & Ch. S. Liw Sept 17,855 60,935 2,018,924 1,48,504 1,48,	Long Island	4thwk Sep.	87,008	83,023	3,220,688 233,040	3,047,639
Comparison Com	Louis, Ev. & St. L. Louisv. & Nashv.	3d wk Sept 3d wa Sept	32,640 417,650	31,195 386,430	1,094,893 14,098,714	13,448,948
Comparison Com	Louisv.N.O. & T.	3d wk Sept 3d wk Sept	64,735 67,660	59,602 60,835	2,016,925 2,356,667	1,848,979 1,884,934
Mex. National. 3d wk sept 133,5443 101,696 5,022,750 4,465,879 Mex. Catan.So July. 1,261,360 1,937,744 2,937,992 2,644,451 Mil. L.sh. & West 4thw k sep. 101,076 123,231 2,642,667 2,875,869 Mil. Catan.So July. 1,261,360 1,937,744 8,226,360 8,036,764 Mil. L.sh. & West 4thw k sep. 101,076 123,231 2,642,667 2,875,869 Mil. Mil. Mil. Mil. Mil. Mil. Mil. Mil.	LOU. St. L. & TOA.	ad wk Sept	9.099	10,117	115,422	280,245 59,421
Mch. Cate Canada W N. A. Mig. 22 361,300 183,761 8,226,362 8,033,764 Milwaulkee & No. Milwaulkee &	IMexican Cent	3d wk Sept	74,959	101,696 69,974	5,022,750 2,987,199	4.465,879
mineral Rauge. August. 13,066 13,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,159. 1042,65 37,146 34,149. 1042,65 37,146 34,149. 1042,65 37,146 34,149. 1042,65 37,149. 1042,65	Mexican R'way Mich. C.&Can.So	Wk Aug.22 July.	1,261,360	83,981 1,193,764	8,226,360	2,626,026 8,036,764
Minneap ASS.L. Aligust 13.666 12.995 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859 13.859 13.84.548 1.284.329.989 13.84.548 1.284.329.999 13.84.548 1.284.329.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 1.284.329 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.548 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.549 13.859.999 13.84.749 13.859.999 13.	Millwaukee & Mo	ad wk sept	40,534	39,162	1,196,176	2,887,589 1,127,363
Mobile & Olifo. Mobile & Olifo. Algust. 23,648 291,943 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,494 2,221,815 2,892,111 2,406,471 2,946,528 2,929,577 2,757,037 2,61,823 1,947,430 3,977,973 4,036,140 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,037,147 4,0	Minneap, &St.L.	August	1.15 948	12,865 122,997	1.042.865	897,838
Mobile & Olifo. Mobile & Olifo. Algust. 23,648 291,943 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,493 2,210,494 2,221,815 2,892,111 2,406,471 2,946,528 2,929,577 2,757,037 2,61,823 1,947,430 3,977,973 4,036,140 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,077,972 4,036,147 4,037,147 4,0	Mo, Kan, & Tex.	August 3d wk Sept 3d wk Sept	235,959 221,595 9.840	194,153	5,947,344	5,696,99 7
Monterey & M. G. August. 70,608 31,186 576,529 224,815 Nash.Ch.&Stl.b. August. 493,357 355,668 2,892,116 2,406,471 N. Y. C. & H. & August. 404,6502 3,229,577 2,780,376 2,148,747 Now Orl. & Guilf August. 12,299 9,748 109,403 92,655 N. Y. C. & August. 2,946,268 2,798,618 19,550,554 19,027,119 N. Y. E. & W. August. 2,946,268 2,798,618 19,550,554 19,027,119 N. Y. & N. Eng. August. 49,805 48,559 341,879 40,743,03 N. Y. & North'n. August. 49,805 48,559 341,879 N. Y. Susu. & W. W. Y. & North'n. August. 49,805 48,559 341,879 N. Y. Susu. & W. W. Y. & N.	Total Syst in	3d wk Sent	231,4351		0,200,034	5,919,131
Now Orl. & Guil August 12.298 9.748 109.403 92.655 N. Y. L. & & W. August 2.496.268 2.798.618 19.550.584 19.27.179 N. Y. Pa. & Ohio July 690.264 616.049 3.833.092 4.074.303 N. Y. & N. K. Eng August 572.104 570.730 3.833.092 4.074.303 N. Y. & N. Fork August 572.104 570.730 3.833.092 4.074.303 N. Y. & N. Fork August 572.104 570.730 3.833.092 4.074.303 N. Y. & N. Fork August 572.104 570.730 3.833.092 4.074.303 N. Y. & North'n August 49.805 48.559 3.618.79 3.54.474 N. Y. Ont & W. & W. & Sept 149.743 147.812 1.060.426 1.007.972 4.074.303 N. Y. & North'n Central August 149.743 147.812 1.060.426 1.007.972 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303 4.074.303	Mobile & Ollio	Amoust	233,648 70,608	31,186	2,210,495 576,529	2,144,40 6 224,815
N. Y. L. & W. August. N. Y. L. & W. August. N. Y. & N. E. & W. August. N. Y. & N. Y. & W.	N. Jersey & N. Y.	August July	493,357 27,907	26,102	2,892,116 158,336	144,747
N. Y. & N. King. August. 572,104 570,730 3,853,392 3,897,931 N. Y. & North'n August. 49,805 48,559 3,31,879 354,474 N. Y. Ont. & W. 3 dw Sept 63,575 52,202 2,160,428 1,710,305 N. Y. Susq. & W. ugust. 149,743 147,812 1,060,426 1,007,972 N. Y. Susq. & W. ugust. 183,817 185,119 A644,444 41,527 39,337 464,445 42,49 North'n Central August. 612,108 536,898 4,353,905 439,953 106 A40, A45,309,532 A0rthern Pacific 3d wk Sept 653,333 598,775 16,469,072 15,771,446 No. Pac. & W. C. July. 41,527 39,337 464,454 42,249 North'n Central August. 612,108 536,698 4,353,905 19,477 10,608 August. 3d wk Sept 106,321 104,790 3,030,288 43,905,332 Ohio & Miss. 3d wk Sept 116,321 104,790 3,030,288 19,447,50 Ohio Suthern. 3d wk Sept 15,555 14,922 Ohio & Al. of Ky. 3 dwk Sept 15,555 15,400 Ohio & Al. of Ky. 3 dwk Sept 15,552 15,400 Ohio & Al. of Ky. 3 dwk Sept 15,525 15,400 Ohio & Al. of Ky. 3 dwk Sep		August	4,046,502	3.229,577	27,870,376 19,550,584	26,188,843 19,027,119
Witheast n. St. C. July St.	N. Y. & N. Eng.	July	572.104	616 049	3,833,092 4,036,140	3.897,931
Witheast n. St. C. July St.	N. Y. Ont. & W.	3d wk Sept	49,805 63,575	48,559 52,202	2.160.428	354,474 $1,710,305$
North'n Central August 612,108 553,638 553,698 4,353,905 1,339,532	Norfolk & West	3d wk Sept	183.817	100,110	6,442,747	6,079,122
Ann. Call	North'n Central. Northern Pacific	August 3d wk Sept	612,108	553,698	4,353,905	4,390,532 $15,771,446$
Ohio Soutmerta. 3d wk sept 15,555 14,922 155,423 16,201 331,335 367,684 42,781 44,267 260,091 331,335 369,810 42,781 44,267 260,091 351,355 260,091 351,355 260,091 260,091 27,093	No. Pac.&W.C.	3d wk Septi	700,829 106,321	713,976 104,790	20.072.901	19,447,453 3,005,000
Omaña & St. L. July 42,781 4,267 260,091 331,393 Oregon Imp. Co. July 489,810 457,373 2,236,152 2,505,296 Pennsylvania August 6,212,375 5,930,855 43,367,668 43,265 32,363,332 Petersburg July 496,561 45,267 321,565 43,267 329,333 339,137 Phila. & Erie July 499,551 454,867 2,788,989 2,891,023 329,137 Phila. & Brien. August 1,947,729 1,747,847 12,264,012 11,336,691 32,872 255 26,109,467 24,663,906 22,877 71,136 46,836 39,715 26,946 28,887 71,1716	Ohio Southeru	3d wk Sept 3d wk Sept	18,425 15,555	17,912 14,922		
Pennsylvama	Omana & St. L	July.	42,781	44,267	260,091	351.355
Petersburg. July. 40,667 45,207 321,365 339,187 Philia. & Read'g August. 196,3775 1,824,705 13,845,453 13,327,215 Coal & Iron Co. August. 1947,729 1,747,847 12,264,012 11,336,691 Pitts Mar. & Ch. August. 3,911,504 3,572,552 26,109,467 24,663,906 Pitts Mar. & Ch. August. 3,691 23,278 206,805 Pitts Clev. & T. July. 32,991 23,278 206,805 Pitts Clev. & T. July. 32,991 24,612 168,516 Pitts Pain. & F. July. 32,991 24,612 168,516 Pitts Pain. & F. July. 32,991 24,612 168,516 Pitts Pain. & F. July. 32,991 24,612 168,516 Pitt. Polley. A August. 174,889 132,326 781,119 Pitts Pain. & F. July. 23,910 25,203 230,193 158,247 Pitts Pain. & Pain. 20,250 20,2570 2	Pennsylvania	August	6,212,375	5,930,855	43,367,568 644,027	570,939
Pitts. Clev. & F. July	Petersburg Phila. & Erie	July	40,607 499,551	45,207 454,867	321,565 2,788,938	2.891,023
Pitts. Clev. & F. July	Coal & Iron Co.	August	1,947,729	1,747,847	12,264,012 26 109 467	11,330,691
Pitts. Dev. &T. July. Pitts. Pain. &F. July. Total system 3 dw k Sept Pitts. Pain. & Pitts. & Pitts. Pain. & Pitts. Pain. & Pitts. Pain. & Pitts. Pain. & Pitts. & Pitts. Pain. & Pitts. & Pitts. Pain. & Pitts. & Pit			3,800	3,182	25,554	24,273
Total system 3d wk Sept Ptt, Young, &A. August. 174, 889 1 32, 326 Pt. Royal & Aug. July 27, 171 19,634 222, 615 Pt. Royal & Aug. July 27, 171 19,634 222, 615 Pres, &Arliz, Cen. August. 12,796 9,242 87,813 219,956 Rich. & Danville. August. 22,059 22,381 162,416 157,524 Rich. & Danville. August. 202,500 205,700 1,474,950 631,150 160,000 Pts. Mash. O. Car. August. 87,650 85,400 63,100 531,038 West. No. Car. August. 18,7650 85,400 63,150 620,514 Rich. & Petersb. July 83,000 84,650 10,550,901 89,120 Rich. & Petersb. July 83,000 84,650 10,550,901 89,120 Rich. & Petersb. July 83,000 84,650 10,550,901 80,864,100 Rich. & Petersb. July 83,000 84,910 89,120 80,864,100 Rich. & Petersb. July 84,000 81,992 45,150 17,105 20,980 81,992 10,602,804 10,1403 81,140,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 81,140,140 8	Pittsb. & West'n	July	140,680 46,836	123,989 39,715	819,137 256,946	832,128 $273,725$
Pt. Roya & W. Cat. July 23,910 Pres. & Arlz. Cen. August 22,659 Quiney O. & K. C. August 22,659 Rich. & Danville August 464,800 Col. & Greenv. August 73,500 Col. & Greenv. August 87,650 West. No. Car. August 60,700 Wash. O. & W. August 19,370 Ashv. & Spart August 15,525 Total Sys'm 3d ws Sept Rich. & Petersb. July 28,362 Rich. & Col. & Margust 16,525 Rich & Petersb. July 28,362 Rich & Petersb. July 28,362 Rich & Petersb. July 370 Ashv. & Spart August 15,525 Rich & Petersb. July 370 Ashv. & Spart August 15,525 Rich & Petersb. July 370 Rich & Royal 45,150 Rich & Petersb. July 370 Rich & Royal 45,150 Rich & Petersb. July 370 Rich & Royal 45,150 Rich & Roy	Total system	3d wk Sept	$\frac{32,991}{52,223}$	24.612 44,581	1,618,495	1.589,174
Pres. & Ariz. Cen. August. 12,796 9,242 87,813 157,524 Rich. & Danville August. 22,059 22,381 162,416 Rich. & Danville August. 464,800 473,450 3,866,700 Char. Col. & Au. August. 202,500 205,700 3,747,4950 Char. Col. & Au. August. 60,700 64,800 533,870 Georgia Pae. August. 18,770 364,000 1,238,870 Wash. O. & W. August. 19,370 304,650 10,550,901 Rich. & Petersb. July 28,362 27,866 197,210 Rich. & Petersb. July 28,362 34,100 34,910 36,864 Sag. Tuscola & H. August. 373,077 366,055 36,854 St. L. A. & T. H. B's 3 dw K sept 51,243 34,910 39,2633 St. L. Southw'rn. 2d wk Sept 15,157 13,864 1,936 1,936,147 S. Pran. & N. Pae. 3d wk Sept 19,512 19,138 305,114 Say. Am. & Mon. August. 33,444 32,228 212,150 South Carolina August. 115,000 122,942 1,048,569 920,833 Rich. & Paction 20,485 20,485 20,485 20,485 20,485 Rich. & Paction 20,485	Pt. Royal & Aug. ,	July	27.171	19.034	222,615	180,424
Rich. A Dailwist. 464, 800 473, 430 3,856, 00 3,227, 130 Vir. Midland. August. 202,500 205,700 474,950 590,390 Ch. & Greenv. August. 60,700 64,800 53,270 590,390 West. No. Car. August. 166,300 64,400 669,100 691,239,870 Wash. O.&W. August. 15,525 15,400 101,463 99,120 Ashv. & Spart. August. 15,525 15,400 101,463 99,3727 Rich. & Petersu. July. 28,862 27,866 197,210 171,052 Rio Gr. West. 3d wk Sept 59,993 45,150 1,793,522 1,262,893 St. Lack Th. B's 3d wk Sept 33,890 34,910 982,233 63,641 St. Paul & Dul'th August. 151,579 189,034 269,124 305,812 St. Paul & Dul'th August. 151,579 189,034 189,22 2673,993 2,542,109 St. Paul & Dul'th August. 151,579 189,034 19,542 19,138 <td>Pres. & Ariz. Ceu.</td> <td>August</td> <td>12,796 22,059</td> <td>9,242 22,381</td> <td>87,813</td> <td>157 524</td>	Pres. & Ariz. Ceu.	August	12,796 22,059	9,242 22,381	87,813	157 524
Col. & Greenty, Algust 87,650 64,900 533,270 620,513 62	Vir. Midland.	August	202,500	205,700	3,866,700 1,474,950	3.627,150 $1.432,500$
West, No. Cat. August. 166,300 89,400 693,100 693,100 Georgia Pac. August. 166,300 164,000 192,298,270 94,298 Ashv. & Spart. August. 15,525 15,400 101,403 93,727 Total Sys'm. 3d ws Sept 299,530 304,650 10,550,901 197,210 Rio Gr de South. 3d w Sept 59,900 45,150 170,35,22 1,204,243 Rome W. & Ozd. August. 373,077 366,055 2,628,980 2,608,843 St. L. Southw'rn. 2d wk Sept 33,890 34,910 982,633 36,361 St. L. Southw'rn. 2d wk Sept 11,487 11,113 56,739 36,364 St. L. Southw'rn. 2d wk Sept 19,542 19,132 609,124 309,904 St. Pan. & N. Pac. 3d wk Sept 19,542 19,132 609,124 309,478 S. Ant. & Ar. Pass. 3d wk Sept 19,542 19,132 609,124 549,890 Sav. Am. 4m Mon. Augus	Col. & Greenv.	August	73,500 60,700	64,800	538,270	231,027
Total Sys'm. 3d wa sept Rich. & Petersb. July 28, 362 27, 866 10,550,301 197,210 204,243 Rio Gr'de South. 3d wk sept Rio Gr. West. 3d wk sept Rome W. & Ogd. August 31,457 31,113 65,736 63,641 903,904 85t. L.A& Th.B's 3d wk sept St. Paul & Dul'th August 151,579 138,094 1,056,753 89,478 8A.At. & Ar. Pass. 3d wk sept St. Fran. & N. Pac. 3d wk sept Sav. Am. & Mon. August 151,579 138,094 1,056,753 899,478 84. Am. & Mon. August 36,427 36,011 305,414 305,41	Georgia Pac	August	166,300	164.000	1,239.870	1,209,475
17,032 17,032 17,033 17,032 17,033 1	Ashv. & Spart. Total Sys'm.	August	15,525	15,400	101,403	8.058.041
Rio Gr. West. 3d wk sept 18 mg. M. 59,000 3 mg. M. 45,150 3 mg. M. 1,793,322 1,292,872 668,583 663,684 63,641 65,736 6736 6736 6736 6736 6736 6736 6736	Rio Gr'de South.	SU WK SODE	28,362 5,993	27,866	197,210	204,243
8t. L. Ad. T.H. B** 3d wk sept 33,890 34,910 932,633 303,890 8t. L. Southw*rn. 2d wk sept 100,020 81,992 2673,903 2,42,109 8t. Paul & Dul'tb August 151,579 138,094 1,056,753 899,478 8. Ant. &Ar. Pass. 3d wk sept 157,747 19,132 609,124 305,814 8eav. Am. & Mon. August 36,427 36,011 305,814 212,894 8eattle L. S. & E. 4thwk May 10,150 13,158 144,755 56,891 8liverton July 13,541 11,662 56,891 8outh Carolina August 15,000 122,942 1,048,569 920,833 8o. Pacific Co Gal Har.&S. A. August 355,283 370,463 2,722,923 2,630,932	Rome W. & Ogd.	August	59,000 373,077	45,150 356,055	1,793,522 2,628.980	2,608,543
8t, Pant & Dul'th August 151,579 138,094 1,056,753 1,127,249 8, Fran. & N. Pac. 3d wk sept 57,747 50,279 1,230,937 1,127,249 8, Fran. & N. Pac. 3d wk sept 19,542 19,135 609,124 305,814 8eattle L. S. & E. 4thwk May 10,150 13,158 144,755 156,991 8liverton July 13,541 11,662 56,891 42,603 80ut City & No. June 33,444 22,245 212,150 80ut Carolina August 115,000 122,942 1,048,569 920,833 80, Pacific Co.— Gal Har. & S. A. Negust 355,283 870,463 2,722,923 2,630,832	St. L. A& T. H. B's 3	3d wk Sept	33,890	34,910	982,633	903,904
Sav. Am. & Mon. August 36,427 36,011 303,141 144,755 Seattle L. S. & E. 44thwk May 10,150 13,158 144,755 146,009 Silverton July 13,541 11,662 56,891 42,603 South Carolina August 33,444 22,283 212,150 920,833 So. Pacific Co Gal Har.&S. A. August 355,283 370,463 2,722,923 2,630,832	St. Paul & Dul'th . S. Ant. & Ar. Pass. 3	August 3d wk Sept	151,579	138,094 50,279	1,056,753	1,127,249
Seattle L. S. & E. 4thwk May 10,150 13,158 144,755 140,003 Silverton July 13,541 11,662 56,891 42,603 Sloux City & No June 33,444 22,253 212,150 212,150 South Carolina August 15,000 122,942 1,044,569 920,833 So. Pacific Co Gal Har. & S. A. August 355,283 370,463 2,722,923 2,630,832	Sav. Am. & Mon.	August	36,427	36,011	305.814	549,890 210,854
South Carolina August 115,000 122,942 1,048,569 920,033 80, Pacific Co.— Gal Har AS A. August 355,283 370,463 2,722,923 2,630,832	Silverton	July	13,541	11,662	56,891	42,603
Gal. Har. &S. A. August 355.283 370.463 2.722.923 2.630,832	South Carolina	August	115,000	122,942	1,048,569	
Morgan L&T. August 376,533 444,716 3,306,778 3,336,309 N. Y. T. & Mex. August 20,756 23.631 124,075 122,351	Gal. Har. &S.A.	August	81.657	370,463 113,184	2,722,923 614,748	739,866
	N. Y. T. & Mex.	August	20.756	23.631	124,075	122,351

Doing	Latest E	arning s R	eported.	Jan. 1 to 1	Latest Date
ROADS.	Week or Mo	1891.	1890.	1891.	1890.
So.Pao.Co.(Con)		8	8	*	8
Tex. & N. Orl.	August	134,446	172,141	1,025,135	1,209,092
Atlantic sys.c.	August	975,586	1,124,135	7,844,918	8,039,049
Pacific system	July	3,353,481	3,143,583	20,031,117	18,731,169
Total of all	July	4,288,917	4,079,519	26,900,449	25,674,229
Bo Pac. RR					
No. Div. (Cal.)	July	247,311	246,291	1,217,176	1,246,158
Bo. Div. (Cal.)	July	620,700	589,546	3,663,317	3,611,619
Arizona Div	July	160,020	139,456	1,127,207	1,151,892
New Mex. Div.		81,896	70,764	593,240	602,767
spar. Un. & Col	July	10,962	9.689	75,569	167,833
Staten Isl. R. T.		134,125	138,735	726,028	707,627
	July	13,491	13,439	26,567	26,269
Sammit Branch.	August	109,061	97,297	837,525	656,873
Lykens Valley	August	75,426	82,940	619,741	638,381
Tot'l both Co's	August	184,487	180.237	1,457,264	1,295,252
	August	19,539	18.004	128,541	131,966
Texas & Pacific	3d wk Sept	150,054	159,769	4,579,761	4,734,798
Tex. S. Val&N. W.		934	1,786	30,524	35,062
Tol. A. A. & N. M.	August	87,578	98,384	681,712	763,297
	3d wk Sept	6,280	6,212		
rol.& Ohio Cent.		31,065	34,373	1,034,733	1,034,939
Tol. P. & West	3d wk Sept	25,164	23,514	672,291	662,622
Tol. St. L. & K.C.		41,469	30,402	1,316,881	1,124,100
Ulster & Del	July	48,892	47,849	207,066	199,632
Union Pacific-					
Or. S. L. & U. N.	July	654,013	699,268	4,356,193	4.222,828
Or.Ry.& N. Co.	July	406,960	464,549	2,978,094	2,330,914
Un.Pac.D.&G.	July	531,389	527.662	3,005,955	3,166,308
St.Jo.&G'd Isl.	July	70,060	115,566	435,792	856,670
All oth. lines	July	1,838,401	2,030,318	11,640,596	13,162,393
Tot. U.P.Sys.	July	3,500,823	3,837,362	22,416,628	23,739,112
Cent. Br. & L. L.	July	54,990	66.149	361,975	650.271
Tot. cont'led!	July	3,555,813	3,903,511	22,778,603	24,389,383
Montana Un	July	43.941	86,831	438,818	515,174
Leav. Top. & S.	sulv.	2,060	2.157	16,511	16,981
Man.Al.& Bur.	July	2,951	2,661	22,771	19,621
Joint.own'd, 12	July	24,476	45,824	239,049	275,887
Grand total.	July	3,580,288	3.949.335	23,017,652	24,665,270
Vermont Valley		20,085	20,130	121,566	125,673
Wabash	3d wk Sept	810,000	270,200	9.646,312	
Wab. Chest. &W.	July.	7,230	5,070	36,230	32,452
Wash. Southern.	August	18,530	20,578	191,218	185.248
West Jersey	August	190,635		991,996	980,259
W.V.Cen.&Pitts.	August	94,204	93,828	727,617	606,345
West Vir. & Pitts.	July	21,574	9,951	88,818	56,769
Western of Ala.	August	39,430	42,618	342,839	
West. N. Y. & Pa.	3d wk Sept	79,400	75,300	2,601,403	
Wheeling & L. E.		27,710		913,341	828,818
Wil. Col. & Aug.		56,758	56,996	558,818	549.867
		102,496			
Wisconsin Cent. Wrightsv.& Ten.	July.	6,175	6,210	52,511	47,413

* Figures cover only that part of mileage located in South Carolina a The figures from Jan. 1 to date include corrections for the first three months of each year. b Western and Atlantic included in August, 1891, but not in 1890. c Includes earnings from ferries, etc., not given separately. ! Mexican currency. d Includes Rome Wat. & Ogd. in both years for August and the eight months.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.—The final statement for the third week in September covers 88 roads, and shows 7.61 per cent gain in the aggregate:

3d week of September.	1891.	1890.	Increase.	Decrease.
		8 .	8	
Prev'ly report'd (23roads)	3,885,693	3,588,094	356,024	58,425
Atch. Top. & S. F. system	769,596	663,161	106,435	********
Roads j'tly owned le. St. Louis & San Fran	34,179 153,908	34,577 145,792	0.116	898
Roads j'tly owned 's.	33,485	33,714	8,116	229
Balt. & Ohio Southwest'n	53,382	51,108	2,274	
Cape Fear & Yadkin Val.	14,120	18,268	2,214	4,148
Chicago & East. Illinois.	90,255	84.792	5,463	
Chicago & Grand Trunk	68,666	73,115		4,449
Chicago St. P. & K. City.	110,681	90,050	20,631	
Chicago & West Michigan	41.644	32,640	9,004	******
Cin. Jackson & Macinaw	13,510	13,670		160
Cin.N.O. &T.Pac. (5 ronds)	176,619	169,360	7.259	*******
Cleve. Akron & Columbus	23,020	20,263	2,757	******
Peoria & Eastern	284,218 38,260	283,728 34,033	4,227	
Colorado Midland	39,105	38,715	390	*******
Current River	3,065	3,193	390	123
Detroit Bay C. & Alpena.	8,036	10,376	*******	2,340
Detroit Gr. Hav. & Mil	26,696	25.277	1,419	
Detroit Lansing & North.	25,923	26,502		579
Evansy. & Indianapolis.	6,928	6,387	541	
Evansy. & Terre Haute.	25,014	22,233 53,761	2,781	******
Flint & Pere Marquette	55,560	53.761	1,799	******
Fla. Cent. & Peninsula	23,000 52,787	21,216 53,182	1,784	395
Cincinnati R. & Ft. W	9,300	9,368	******	68
Other lines	4,764	4,165	599	
Iowa Central	46,715	45,639	1,076	
Jacksonville Southeast	24,314	16,316	7,998	
Kansas City Cl. & Spr	5,848	8,974		3,126
Kan. City Ft. S. & Mem	95.187	91,243	3,944	*******
Kansas C. Mem. & Birm.	21,095	22,803	*******	1,708
Keokuk & Western	9,001	8,045	956	******
Lake Eric & Western Little Rock & Memphis	67.567	60,829	6,738	*******
Louisv. Evansv. & St. L.	14,482 32,640	13,391 31,195	1,691 1,445	
Louisville & Nashville	417,650	386,430	31,220	
Louis, N. Alb. & Chie	64,735	59,602	5,133	
Mexican National	74,959	69.974	4.985	*******
Mo. Kansas & Texas	221,595	194,153	27.442	
Kansas City & Pacific	9,840	7,072	2,768	1,302
Morfolk & Western	183,817	185,119	*******	1,302
Ohio & Mississippi	106,321	104,790	1,531	******
Ohio River	18,425	17.912	513	*******
Ohio Southern	15,555	14,922	633	
Peoria Decatur & Evansy. Rich. & Dany. (8 roads)	16,441 299,530	15,576 304,650	865	5,120
Rio Grande Western	59,000	45,150	13,850	0,120
St. L. Alt. & T.H. Brches	33,890	34,910	10,000	1,020
Ban Antonio & Ar. Pass.	57,747	50,279	7,468	
Ban Francisco & No. Pac.	19,542	50,279 19,138	404	
Texas Sab, V. & N. W	934	1,786		852
Toledo Peoria & Western.	25,164	23,514	1,650	*******
Western N. Y. & Penn	78,400	75,300	3,100	
Total (88 roads)	8,091,808	7,519,452	656,803	84,447
Net increase (7.61 p.c.)			572,356	*******

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.—The table following shows the net earnings reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the Chronicle of September 19. The next will appear in the issue of October 17.

——Gross Earnings 1891. 1890
——Roads.

Roads.

Atch. T. & S. Fe... Aug. 3,008,359 2,763,615 1,018,995 1,018,995 1,753,843 July 1 to Aug. 31... 20,699,247 19,673,899 6,314,763 6,755,843 July 1 to Aug. 31... 25,826,894 5,181,401 1,856,311 1,469,909 R'ds j'flyow'd (19),Aug. 125,703 130,478 def. 2,799 def. 1,471 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31... 1,099,104 1,066,346 def. 15,683 123,366 July 1 to Aug. 31... 21,793 5,3046 22,147 def. 3,326 11,735 Total Atch. sys... Aug. 3,134,062 2,894,092 1,016,196 892,894 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31... 21,793,552 20,740,243 6,299,080 5,879,210 July 1 to Aug. 31... 26,079,940 5,443,547 1,852,984 1,481,646 2,787 448 288 Fran Aug. 60,9878

8	July 1 to Aug. 31 6,079,940 5,443,547 St. L. & San Fran Aug. 609,878 607,443	1,852,984	1,481,644
8 2 7	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 4.232.150 4.058.794	1.696.187	277,405 1,675,629
9	July 1 to Aug. 31 1,194,036 1,162,916 R'da j'tly ow'd (2) Aug. 122,436 127,364 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,076,197 1,044,932	526,472	531,435 2,502 146,771
2	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,076,197 1,044,932 July 1 to Aug. 31 247.273 256.624	2,175 2,593	146.771 17,918
2	Tot. S.L. & S.F. Sys. Aug. 732,314 734,806 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 5,308,347 5,103,725	283,724 1,698,362	279,908
8	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 5,308,347 5,103,725 July 1 to Aug. 31 1,441,309 1,419,539	1,698,362 529,065	1,822,400 549,352
4 8	Atch. & San Fran Aug. 3 866 376 3 639 900	1.299.920	1.172,790
0	Jan. 1 to Aug. 3127,106,698 25,843,969 July 1 to Aug. 31 7,521,249 6,863,087	7,997,442 2,382,049	7,701,609 2,030,997
3 2	Buff. Roch. & Pitts. Aug 266,705 195,406 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,804,772 1,373,518	107,183	53,150 458,235
1 3	July 1 to Aug. 31 489.044 397.812	1 168.340	111,461
4	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 12 447 041 10 375 179	720,603 4,337,546	877.576 8,541,812
7	Chasaneska & Ohio Aug 838 197 799 041	251.809	213,112
0	July 1 to Aug. 31 1,003,938 1,3/1,700	1,439,0 34 458,930	213,112 1,032,734 417,892
5	Ches. O. & Southw. July 199,517 186,186	75.468	71,377
3528959	Jan. 1 to July 31 1,282,548 1,119,621 Chie Burl. & Quincy. Aug. 3,161,840 8,016,229 Jan. 1 to Aug. 3120,692,921 22,674,652	360,820 1,344,531	396,000 1.051.465
5	Jan. 1 to Aug. 3120,692,921 22,674,652	7,492,613	1,051,465 7,413,724
1	Chic. Mil. & St. Paul. Aug. 2,367,006 2,322,688 Jan. 1 to Aug. 3116,984,362 16,086,163 July 1 to Aug. 31 4,876,558 4,471,756	4,888,032	751,883 4,780,567 1,418,609
0	July 1 to Aug. S1 4,876,558 4,471,756 Colorado Midland Aug. 188,729 161,287	1,380,206	1,418,609 56,247
8	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,349,930 1,233,196	333,901	410,244 112,203
834	July 1 to Aug. 31 362,076 316,481 Eliz. Lex. & B. S. July 80,000 78,067 Jan. 1 to July 31 417,274 416,063	90,197 27,968	33.052
-	Eliz. Lex. & B. S., July 80,000 78,067 Jan. 1 to July 31 417,274 416,063		33,052 174,383
8	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,063,217 1,026,843 July 1 to Aug. 31 295,440 276,833	45,977 263,468	46,599 279,291 70,850
i	July 1 to Aug. 31 285,440 276,833 Kan. C. Ft. 8. & Mem. Aug. 383,394 405,333		111.479
1	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 2,963,959 3,124,87	786,043 196,176	111,479 851,833 200,604
	July 1 to Aug. 31 732,456 774,084 Louisv. & Nashville Aug. 1,796,054 1,706,940		671,129 4,580,797
t	Louisv. & Nashville Aug. 1,796,054 1,706,944 Jan. 1 to Aug. 3112,849,199 12,378,969 July 1 to Aug. 31 3,662,845 3,252,122	4,716,970 1,348,454	1.209.005
	Mexican NationalAug. 1346.683 286.638	96,236	58,577 483,643
	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 2,750,131 2,435,501 Mil. & Northern Aug. 152,203 148,641	743,828 58,724	49,430 323,881
-	Mil. & Northern Aug. 152,203 148,641 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,082,048 1,018,775 July 1 to Aug. 31 304,717 281,524	390,819 117,054	323,881 91,016
5	N.Y. L.E. & Western. Aug. 2,946,269 2,798,618	11.122.345	11.095.234
8	N.Y.L.E.& Western.Aug. 2,946,269 2,798,618 Jan. 1 to Aug. 3119,550,584 19,027,119 Oct. 1 to Aug. 3127,155,382 26,499,153	16,851,215	6,579,146 19,214,585
ė	Norfolk & Western. Aug. 828,923 776,727 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 5,867,640 5,498,790	323,256 1,923,704	295,172 1,788,782
8	Northern Central Aug. 612.108 553.698	198,052	115,078
ó	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 4,353,905 4,390,533 PennsylvaniaAug. 6,212,375 3,930,855	1,321,395 2,451,410	1,192,270 2,292,026
	Jan. 1 to Aug. 3143,367,568 43,263,832	13,234,677	12,623,740
0	Lines west of P.&E.Aug. Dec. 109,416 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 Dec. 1,216,816	Inc.25	
	Pitts. Youngs. & AAug. 174,889 132,326 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 781,119 941,358	91,334 31 3 ,179	52,943 348,197
	Rio Grande West'n Aug. 240,089 187,456	94,119 583,433	73,765
3	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,636,122 1,148,025 July 1 to Aug. 31 489,645 361,579	583,433 198,090	73,765 323,190 143,747
0	San, Fran. & N Pac Aug. 99.358 83.860	52,435	38.634
9	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 549,151 493,838 July 1 to Aug. 31 183,902 161,847 Southern Pacific Co.—	194,243 89,529	134,347 67,031
	Gal Har & S Ant Aug 355 283 370 469	102,844	100,473 466,025
5	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 2,722,923 2,630.832 Louisiana West'n. Aug. 81,657 113,184	36.785	39.912
8	Jan. 1 to Ang. 31 2,722,923 2,630,832 Louisiana West'n. Aug. 81,657 113,184 Jan. 1 to Ang. 31 614,748 739,966 Morgan's La. & T. Aug. 376,533 444,716	201,867	374,475 140,457
		652.235	929.089
6	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 124,075 122,351	6,337	7,208 def.19,637
8	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 1,025,135 1,209,032	56,821 412,334	93,340 529,655 401,889
	Tot. Atlantic sys. Aug. 975,586 1,124,135 Jan. 1 to Aug. 31 7,844,918 8,089.049	267,937	401,889 2,279,605
	West, N. Y. & Penn. July. 333,889 324.828	99,727 558,922	184,399 683,611
	t After deducting proportion due roads ope	rated on a l	1000 ton

† After deducting proportion due roads operated on a percentage basis, net in Aug., 1891, was \$855, 794, against \$840,851 in 1890; for 8 months to Aug. 31, \$5.162,569, against \$4,902,144, and October 1 to Aug. 31, \$7,030,281, against \$6,842,396 last year.

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following roads, in addition to their gross and net earnings given above, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those charges.

	-Intert, re	ntais, ac.	-Bat. of A	
	1891.	1890.	1891.	1890.
Roads.	8	8	*	
Chie. Burl & Quincy. Aug.	800,000	773,516	544,531	277,949
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31		6,188,125	1,140,613	1,225,599
Kan.C. Ft. 4. & Mem. Aug.		95,264	17,551	16,215
July 1 to Aug. 31		184,393	10,880	16,211
San Fran. & N. Pac*Aug.		17,400	35,243	21,234
July 1 to Aug. 31		34,800	55,113	32,232

^{*} Figures corrected by company.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Illinois Central Railroad.

(For the year ending June 30, 1891.)

The annual report of the directors for the year ending June 30, 1891, is given at length on subsequent pages, with full balance sheet and exhibits. Comparative statistics of the operations and income account have been compiled for the CHRONI-CLE below, all the statements including the Iowa lines.

OPERATION	8.	
Va 2004	1899-90.	1890-91.
Miles operated	2,875	2,875
Equipment— Locomotives	473	547
Passenger cars	417	463
Freight cars	14,103 98	15,406 157
Work cars		137
Number of passengers carried Number of passengers carried one mile	8,207,213	10,108,375
Rate per passenger per mile	158,167,606 2.078 ets.	183,875,079 2.073 ets.
Rate p-r passenger per mile Freight (tons) moved Freight (tons) moved one mile	6,359,729	6.948.867
Rate per ton per mile	0.953 ets.	1,302,002,213 0.934 cts.
FISCAL RESUL		o oba cts.
	1889-90.	1890-91.
Barnings-	R	
Passenger	$3,\overset{3}{2}87,\overset{2}{2}92$ 11,335,365	12.160.600
Freight Mail, express and miscellaneous	1,829,365	3,812,340 12,160,600 1,908,615
	16,452,022	17,881,555
Total Operating expenses—	10,402,022	11,001,000
Maintenance of way, &c	2,505,499	2,732,828
Transportation and miscellaneous	1,483,969 6,876,282	1,802,396 7,355,142
Taxes	787,669	870,680
Total	11,153,419	12,761,046
Net earnings	5,298,603	5,120,509
		0,120,000
INCOME ACCO	1889-90.	1890-91.
Receipts-	8	5,120,509
Net earnings.	5,298,603	5,120,509
liscellaneous	30,018	1,163,109 34,905
Total	6.050.906	6,318,523
		0,010,020
Interest on Illinois Central bonds		1,462,425
Rental Dubuque & Sioux City RR	*415.690	1,247,010 829,169
Dividends on Illinois Central stock	2,400,000	2,250,000
Dividends on Leased Line stock	400,000	400,000
Disturrements— Interest on Illinois Central bonds. Int. on Chicago St. Louis & N. Orieans be Rental Dubuque & Sioux City RR Dividends on Illinois Central stock. Dividends on Leased Line stock. Permanent improvements. Miscellaneous.	50.000	130,027
Total		6,318,633
Balance	sur.8,882	Def.118
* On same basis as in 1890-91, namely	the net earnings	
The statement for the leased line	es in Iowa is	made up as
follows:		
9411	1889-90.	1890-91.
Miles operated	600	600
Gross earnings	2.004.016	\$ 2,558,221
Gross earnings Operating expenses and taxes	1,603,290	1,729,052
Net earnings	400,726	900 100
Net earnings Other income	398	829,169 891
Total Deduct—		830,060
Rent of C. F. & M. RR., paid into court	113,370	113,370
Interest on bonds Interest on notes	460,760	471,935
Sinking fund	14,568 9,210	9,210
Ch. & Dak, and C. R. & Ch. bond int. pri	or to	
July 1, 1890 Dividend on Dub. & Sloux City, 1 per cen	t	139,549 79,996
Total	597,908	830,060
Balance	Def.196,784	

BalanceDef.196,784 Chesapeake & thio Railway. (For the year ending June 30, 1891.)

The annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, has just come to hand. The figures have been compiled for the Chronicle in comparison with the previous year, and are presented below. The report was received too late for comments upon it this week, but in the next Chronicle an analysis of it will be made. The remarks of Mr. Ingalls, the President, together with the balance-sheet on June 30, will be found on another page.

OPERATIONS AND FISCA	L RESULTS.	
Miles operated June 30	1889-90. 923	1890-91. 1,027
Locomotives Passenger cars. Freight, &c., cars. Operations -	237 144 9,889	259 151 11,336
Passengers carried Passengers carried one mile Rate per passenger per mile Freight (tons) carried Freight (tons) carried one mile	1,470,642 71,560,114 2.056 ets. 3,760,577 ,006,323,855	1,692,072 81,908,154 2·155 ets. 4,166,102 1,135,943,311
Rate per ton per mile	0.535 ets, \$ 1,471,436 5,384,255	0.525 cts, 8 1,765,299 5.963,516
Miscellaneous Express Mall Newport News and Norfolk Terminal	99,024 89,198 108,972 *9,064	187,241 90,488 120,567
Total	7,161,949	8,127,111

Expenses—	1889-90.	1890-91,
Maintenance of way and structures	1.574.687	1,429,889
Maintenance of equipment	1,053,827	1,212,251
Conducting transportation	2,386,031	2,436,243
General expenses	164,359	169,951
Traffic expenses	188,288	191,428
Newport News and Norfolk Terminal	*76,048	*342.087
Covington & Cincinnati Bridge	111,887	1138,569
Total expenses	5,455,127	5,920,418
Net earnings	1,706,822	2,206,693

*In 1890 the accounts of the Newport News and Norfolk Terminal were kept separately, and only the monthly balances appeared in C. & O. accounts. In 1891 the gross earnings are included in C. & O. earnings and the gross expenses appear.

†In 1890 the accounts of the Covington & Cincinnati Bridge were kept separately, the monthly balances of earnings appearing in C. & O. accounts, any balances of expenses being charged therein. In 1891 the gross earnings of the Bridge are included in C. & O. figures, and total expenses are charged therein.

INCOME ACCOUNT		
	1889-90.	1890-91.
Net earningsOther income	$\substack{1,706,822\\19,969}$	2,206,693 $18,520$
Total Deduct—	1,726,791	2,225,213
Interest on bonds	*1,663,641	1,745,129
Rentals of tracks	44,401	11,609
Taxes	156,841	163,101
Loss on grain elevator	*****	16,419
Discount and exchange, &c	1,628	69,145
Total	1,866,511	2,005,403
Balance	Def.139,720	Sur.219,810

*Interest charges for the year ending June 30, 1890, included about \$200,000 bonds issued for construction which was not finished or used until 1891

New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

(For the year ending June 30, 1891.)

The annual report states that there was charged during the ear to capital accounts the following items:

year to capital accounts the following recips.	
Real estate and right of way	\$1,254 173
Double track, Shore Line	
Four tracks, New York Division	
Elimination of grade crossings	313,830
Harlem River pass'ger station, Suburban connect'n.& equip.	
New equipment	184,770
Miscellaneous	207,359

"Work on the four tracks has been continued between South Norwalk and Bridgeport, and it is expected that between those points they will soon be in use. The four tracks are also being carried through the Village of Port Chester and across the Byram River. Upon the Shore Line Division it is expected that the double track will have been finished between New London and Leete's Island by the time of your annual meeting. The method of connection with the Harlem Railroad near Woodlawn Junction is being changed as proposed in the last annual report."

On the 10th of January, 1891, it was voted by the directors that the capital stock of the company be increased on the first day of October from the present amount (\$18,700,600), by the issue of 46,750 shares, to be paid for at par by the stockholders of record June 30, 1891. The capital stock of the company will then be \$23,375,000. The proceeds of this stock will be used in payment for the improvements in four-tracking, double-tracking, elimination of grade crossings and other permanent work.

The results of operations have been compiled for the CHRON-

EQUIPMENT JUNE 30.	1891.
Locomotives	224
Passenger cars 583	*651
Freight cars	4,364
Other equipment 16	34

In addition to those stated, company owns 3-10 of 22 drawing-room and 10 sleeping cars in the Wagner Shore Line, and 124-232 of 11 baggage, 9 smoking, 2 postal and 19 passenger cars in the Boston & New York Shore Line Express line.

EARNINGS, EXPENSES AND CHARGES.

1888-89.

1889-90.

.10,094,497 . 7,089,939	10,749,167 7,379,774	11,323,617 7,928,902
3,004,548	3,369,393 149,383	3,394,715 188,365
	3,518,776	3,583,080
. 906.033 484.254	80,000 982,888 552,878 1,705,000	$\substack{80,000\\984,060\\616,923\\1,965,000}$
. 126,644	3,320,766 198,010 cpenses in	3,545,983 37,097 detail, for
re not avai	lable for co	mparison: 1890-91. 14,030,868 341,370,316
ille		1.69 cts. 3,802,012 255,243,884 1.79 cts. 6,649,987
••••••		11,323,617
	142,383 3,146,931 80,000 906,033 484,254 1,550,000 3,720,287 126,644 ngs and experience figures are not avai	7,089,939 7,379,774 3,004,548 3,369,393 142,383 149,383 3,146,931 3,518,776 80,000 80,000 906,033 982,888 484,254 552,878 1,550,000 1,705,000 3,620,287 3,320,766 126,644 198,010 ngs and expenses in the figures for 1889-90 are not available for co

Expenses— Maintenance of way, etc Maintenance of equipment Conducting transportation General	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1890-91. 1,611,255 1,334,384 4,291,654 691,608
Total expenses		7,928,901
Net earnings.		3,394,716
GENERAL BALANCE SHEET J		0,002,710
GENERAL BALANCE SHEET J		
4 4-	1890.	1891.
Assets- Construction account	11 090 500	15.922.014
EquipmentReal estate	3,461,573 871.026	3,879,485 $871,026$
Docks and wharves	128.688	128,688
New construction	3,039,835	4.710,302
Cash	271.255	719,774
Due from agents	56,063	99,118
Due from companies and individuals	305,371	281,908
Advances to Harlem Riv' & Portchester RR.	24.530	24.530
Bills receivable	300	300
Stocks and bonds owned	2.328,769	2,239,277
Materials and supplies on hand	627.992	794,190
Total assets.		
	20,901,930	29,670,612
Liabilities—		
Capital stock	18,600,000	18,700,000
Bonds (see Supplement)	2,000,000	2,000,000
Advances accornt of new stock		876,505
Bills payable	860,000	3,140,000
Interest unpaid (accrued not due)	6,667	6,667
Rentals unpaid (accrued not due)	139,945	192,264
Rentals unpaid	53,024	45,524
Dividends	3,909	3,669
Vouchers and accounts	581,863	845,500
Profit and loss	3,706,527	3,860,484
Total liabilities	25,951,935	29,670,612

Chicago St. Paul & Kansas City Railway. (For the year ending June 30, 1891.)

The annual report is almost entirely statistical, and the figures are given below. At the commencement of the fiscal year there were in operation 862-68 miles, leased and owned. During the year the company has leased trackage from St. Joseph, Mo., to Kansas City, 67-67 miles, and 1-20 miles in the city of Des Moines, making a total of 931-55 miles. But during the same time the lease of the line from Mason City to Manly Junction, 9-10 miles, has been abandoned, leaving the net mileage owned, leased and operated at the close of the year 922-45 miles.

The tables following have been compiled for the Curpovice.

The tables following have been compiled for the CHRONICLE from the present and previous reports.

OF BRAITORS.						
	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.		
Av. miles operated .	608	750	845	887		
Passengers carried Passenger mileage .	831,274 22,350,472	1,153,168 27,759,311	1,217,175 42,081,253			
Rate per pass. p. m. Tons carried	2·34 c. 1,030,356		2 02 c. 1,483,239	2.20 c. 1,388,638		
Tonnage mileage						
Rate per ton per m.		•95 с.	·72 c.	·79 c		
EAL	ININGS, EXP	ENSES AND C	HARGES			

EAL	WHITE PALL	MODE WAD OF	LANUES	
Earnings— Passengers Freight Mall, express, &c	1887-88. $$$ $527,666$ $1,504,550$ $219,299$	1888-89. \$ 688,962 1,871,453 217,570	1889-90. \$ 930,959 3,046,698 248,007	1890-91. \$ 1,010,833 3,077,738 242,280
Total earnings Op. exp. and taxes.	2,251,515 1,817,135	2,777,985 2,140,080	$\frac{4,225,665}{3,265,885}$	4,360,851 3,378,340
Net income	434,380	637,905	959,780	982,511
Interest	595,725 163,826	871,879 236,825	*54,590 296,235	*92,276 355,291
Total	759,551	1,108,704	350,825	447,567
Balance	def 325,171 d	lef. 470,799 i	sur. 608,955	sur 534,944

 ${}^{\bullet}$ This interest is on the three-year notes, 5 per cent priority loan and collateral notes.

GENERAL BALANCE S	HEET J	UNE 30.	
Assets-	889.	1890.	1891.
Cash Funded interest on 1st mortgage Funded interest on general mort General mortgage 4s, owned Expenses of funding scheme	889,478 909,623 101,306 145,108	42,143,790 2,017,003 469,323 252,797 941,050 442,264 54,898	42,898,883 2,017,003 1,524,540 638,057 40,249 1,882,100 438,365 5,214,000 82,723
Total	76,873	46,321,125 14,892,900 30,108,750 6,565 703,955 608,955	54,735,920 14,892,900 36,284,670 1,524,540 11,725 878,187 1,143,899
Total44,1	76,873	46,321,125	54,735,920

Chicago & Eastern Illipois Railroad.

(For the year ending June 30, 1891.)

The report of Mr. H. H. Porter, Chairman, remarks that: "The result of the year's operations cannot but be satisfactory to every stockholder, when carefully analyzed. It shows that while the average rate earned per passenger per mile was 1.66 cents, compared with 1.68 cents last year, the average distance traveled by each passenger, 13.5 miles, as against 13.8 miles last year, the rate for transportation of freight, only 00.59 cents per ton per mile, as against 00.60 last year, and the earnings per ton, 77.9 cents, as against 75 cents last year.

(occasioned by the increased distance of the average haul per ton from 1248 miles to 132.5 miles), yet the proportion of operating expenses to earnings, including taxes, was but 54.56 per cent, as against 59.46 per cent a year ago. It also shows that there was an increase in passenger earnings of \$71.160, or 12.72 per cent, and an increase in freight earnings of \$591.742, or 27.35 per cent. These results have been brought about by a policy of liberal expenditure for additional room, equipment and betterments to the railroad property. The expenditures already made and now in contemplation are giving to this road better facilities in Chicago and along its line, increased double-track, increased side-track, reduced grades, better bridges and more modern equipment than under the same conditions are usually to be found on Western railroads."

Operations, earnings and charges are shown below, compiled for the Chronicle:

Price for the chinometrician			
OPERATIO	NS AND FISCA	L RESULTS.	
	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.
Miles operated	471	436	439
Passengers carried, No	1,931,969	2.414.183	2,819,271
Passengers carried one mile	28,016,887	33,334,883	37,978,520
Rate per passenger per mile.	1.76 ets.	1.68 ets.	1.66 ets.
Freight (tons) carried	2,692,888	2,887,445	3,538,574
Freight (tons) car. 1 mile	338,479,666	360,245,767	468,812,032
Rate per ton per mile	0.61 ets.	0.60 cts.	0.59 ets.
Passengers	492.079	559.486	630,646
Freight	2,066,364	2,163,639	2,755,382
Mail, express and miscel	161,489	188,598	181,167
Total	2,719,932	2,911,723	3,567,195
Oper, expenses and taxes	1,724,547	1,731,369	1,946,500
Net earnings	995,385	1,180,354	1,620,695
IN	COME ACCOUN	T.	
	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.
Net earnings	995,385	1,180,354	1,620,695
Other income	5,013	31,992	39,584
Total Deduct—	1,000,398	1,212,346	1,660,279
Interest on bonds	724.045	768,663	769,905
Interest on floating debt	505	2.851	
Rentals	222,118	200,061	204,227
Dividends on pref. stock. (6 p	. c.) 267,912	(3p.c.) 133,956(6p.c.)275,949
Total	1,214,580	1,105,531	1,250,081
Balance	def. 214.182	sur. 106,815	sur. 410,198

New York Ontario & Western Railway. (For the year ending June 50, 1891.)

(For the year ending June 50, 1891.)

At the annual meeting of stockholders on September 30 the following directors were elected: John Greenough, Richard Irvin, William H. Paulding, John B. Kerr, Thomas P. Fowler, Eben K. Sibley, Francis R. Culbert, Samuel Barton and Albert S. Roe, of New York; Charles S. Whelan, of Philadelphia, Pa.; H. Pearson, Joseph Price and Charles J. Russell, of London, England. After the stockholders' meeting the board organized by re-electing the old officers—Thomas P. Fowler, President; Joseph Price, Vice-President; John B. Kerr, Vice-President and General Counsel; Richard D. Rickard, Secretary and Treasurer.

The annual report of the President of the company, Mr. Thomas. P. Fowler, states that the gross earnings for the year ending June 30, 1891, were \$2,809,702, being an increase of \$609,256, or 27·69 per cent over the previous year. Rentals and fixed charges for the year were \$553,890, leaving a surplus of \$100,439. The number of tons of freight carried one mile was 194,807,759, as compared with 114,554,570 tons in the previous year, an increase of 70·13 per cent. The amount of coal received from the Scranton division during the year was 495,355 tons.

amount of coal received from the Scranton division during the year was 495,335 tons.

There were 850 coal cars purchased upon the "car trust" plan, under trusts to the Bristol Wagon and Carriage Works Company, Limited, and the British Wagon Company, Limited. These trusts are payable in monthly instalments, aggregating \$5,177 per month, of which a sum' representing the interest on the cost of the cars and the expense of insurance and of the trust is charged to income, and the remainder to

capital.

The traffic and earnings statistics, &c., have been compiled for the Chronicle as follows:

OPBRATIONS.	AND FISCAL I	RESULTS.	
	1888-89.		1890-91
Miles operated Operations—	424	477	477
Passengers carried, number		827,766	1,008,215
Passengers carried one mile		32,142,497	36,011,439
Barnings per passenger per m.	1.609 c.	1.912 c.	1 822 c.
Freight carried, tons	850,235	1,257,199	1,737,090
Tons freight carried one mile		114,554,570	194,897,750
Earnings per ton per mile Earnings—	1·365 e.	1.271 c.	1.033 с.
Passengers	511,304	614,653	656,185
Freight	1,123,776	1,455,994	2,013,685
Mail, express, &c	81,001	98,968	103,315
Miscellaneous	24,632	30,831	36,517
Total Operating expenses—	1,740,713	2,200,446	2,809,702
Conducting transportation	411,229	526,463	669,876
Motive power	399,614	506,968	604,021
Maintenance of cars	109,879	142,752	170,487
Maintenance of way	283,439	321,663	395,377
General expenses	83,336	90,311	100,947
Miscellaneous expenses	100,865	96,322	114,935
Taxes	84,500	83,564	99,727
Total	1,472,862	1,768,043	2,155,372
Net earnings	267,851	432,403	654,330
Per cent expenses to earnings.	84.61. ,	80.35	76.71

INCOME ACCOUN	er.	
Receipts— Net earnings. Interest on O. C. & S. bonds.	1889-90. \$ 432,403	1890-91. \$ 654,330 75,000
Total. Distursements— Interest on bonds.	432,403 203,000	729,330 453,902
Miscellaneous interest and discount Rentals	4,212 78,750	5,033 169,956
Total	285,962	628,891
Balance, surplus	146,441	100,439
GENERAL BALANCE SHEE	T JUNE 30.	
Asnets—	1890.	1891.
Franchises and property. Investments in other companies	63,497,73 3 3,071,530 48,934	$\substack{64.776,850\\3,071.530\\50.200}$
Stores, fuel, etc., on hand	163,070	190,245
Sundry accounts due company	137,068	649,193
Traffic accounts due company	34,531	109,422
Loans secured by mortgages	203,218 38,708	422,044 25,740
Total assets	67,194,794	69,295,225
'Common stock	58,113,982	58,113,983
Preferred stock	6,000	6,000
First mortgage 6 p. c. bonds	3,444,000	3,444,000
Consol. 1st mort. 5 p. c. bonds	3,500,000	5,600,000
Revenue balance	356,302	456,741
Interest due and accrued	103,137	$104,071 \\ 302,843$
Sundry accounts due by company Traffic accounts due by company	463,52 3 108,720	131,599
Wages for month of June	101,204	111,463
Loans and bills payable	465,136	504,267
Whar. Val. R'y construc. fund bal	58,301	55,264
Hancock & Pa. RR. do do	154,959	147,657
Profit and loss	319,526	317,337
Total liabilities	67,194,794	69,295,225

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Attaison Topeka & Santa Fe .- An official circular to the Attaison Topeka & Santa Fe.—An official circular to the holders of the guarantee fund mortgage 6 per cent notes of this railroad was issued this week, stating that the guarantee fund notes issued Nov. 1, 1888, and due Nov. 1, 1891, for \$9,000,000, and of which \$7,000,000 are yet outstanding, are upon an underlying lien to the general mortgage 4 per cent gold bonds. There are held by the Union Trust Company of New York as trustee some \$9,000,000 of the 4 per cent gold bonds to provide for ultimate retirement of the guarantee fund notes. The directors of the Atchison Company believe fund notes. The directors of the Atchison Company believe that, with the encouraging prospects of the property, it would be more advantageous to the company to defer retirement of the guarantee fund notes two years, or until Nov. 1, 1893, the general mortgage 4 per cent gold bonds reserved to continue with the trustee until required for purpose of such retirement. The company now offers to the holders of the guaranment. The company now offers to the holders of the guarantee fund mortgage 6 per cent notes the right of such extension at par, with a cash commission of 1 per cent, to be paid by the company to such holders as will signify their assent on or before Oct. 20. The notes of those holders who have not assented to the extension by Oct. 20 will be acquired and paid for in full on or before Nov. 1 by a syndicate, which will extend notes upon the terms offered to present holders.

This reports by means briefly that the managers beligned.

This probably means, briefly, that the managers believe that in less than two years the Atchison 4s may be worth 10 per cent more than their present price, and 10 per cent on \$9,000,000 will be \$900,000 gain to the company. The circular will be found to leave the groups of the company of the circular will be found to leave the groups of the company. cular will be found at length among our advertisements.

cular will be found at length among our advertisements.

Chicago Rock Island & Pacific.—Dow, Jones & Co. say:

"We have been shown one of the new Rock Island bonds in proof. It is a 30-year 5 per cent debenture bond, dated September 1, 1891. The authorized issue is \$10,000,000, but only \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 will be issued at present, and for some time to come. The immediate issue is to provide equipment and to lift a floating debt, incurred in the building of 90 miles of road a year or two ago at a cost of about \$1,500,000. This road extends from Pond Creek to Minco in the Indian Territory. It was built for the Chicago Kansas & Northern Road before its foreclosure. It is not a mortgage bond. It is patterned closely after the Northwest debentures."

Denver & Rio Grande—Mr. E. T. Jeffrey, formerly Gen-

Denver & Rio Grande—Mr. E. T. Jeffrey, formerly General Manager of the Illinois Central, has been made President and General Manager of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, with offices at Denver. The newspaper reports from the West say: "It is generally understood his election is due to the influence of President Manvel, of the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe, with which road the Rio Grande recently made a traffic alliance. Under the new agreement the Santa Fe has traffic alliance. Under the new agreement the Santa Fe has partial control of the Rio Grande, and one of the stipulations of the agreement is said to be that no president or general manager shall be chosen for the Rio Grande without having received the approval of the Santa Fe." This is a fair specimen of the sort of reports that have been circulated about the men of the sort of reports that have been circulated about the Denver & Rio Grande ever since the late president and gen eral manager resigned. The CHRONICLE has the best of reasons for stating that Mr. Jeffrey has been made President only because he was a capable railroad man and would manage the property entirely in the interest of its own stockholders. The idea that the Atchison has partial control, or that no president or general manager shall be chosen without its approval is absurd on its face.

vanced stage of construction from the Rockies to a point near Spokane. The rails are down to McCarthysville, seven miles west of the summit of the main range, and the steel will reach Kalispell early in November.

reach Kalispell early in November.

Kentucky & Indiana Bridge—Louisville Evansville & St.
Louis.—President D. J. Mackey, acting for the Louisville
Evansville & St. Louis R. R., has acquired the Kentucky
& Indiana Bridge over the Ohio River between New Albany
and Louisville, with all its terminals and equipments, including the suburban lines (13 miles of track) yards and shops at
Louisville, the New Albany street railroad and equipments
and the New Albany & Portland ferry line franchises and
boats, and the New Albany belt and terminal roads. The property is capitalized for \$2,000,000 bonds bearing 5 per cent,
\$450,000 sixes, and \$2,000,000 stock. In the deal President
Mackey obtains 51 per cent of the stock in consideration of the
L. E. & St. L. guarantee of 8 per cent on the minority stock
and assumption of the fixed charges, which are \$127,000. The
net income of the Bridge Co., including the rental paid by the
L. E. & St. L., is estimated at \$230,000 per annum. The property is to be delivered entirely free from any floating debt,
and gives entrance into the large Union depot in Louisville.

Missouri Pacific.—At the meeting of directors on Wednes-

and gives entrance into the large Union depot in Louisville.

Missouri Pacific.—At the meeting of directors on Wednesday the quarterly dividend of 1 per cent was passed. The statement of earnings submitted would have been much more satisfactory if it had been given by months instead of for the whole nine months from January 1 to September 30. As this road is presumably in a position similar to the other Southwestern roads, it is probable that its earnings were meager early in the year, and have been on the increase since July. But as long as the management gives out no monthly earnings, the public is liable to be misled constantly as to the company's current business. The official statement submitted was as follows: follows:

To the Directors of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company:

Herewith is the Auditor's statement for the last nine months of the current year, September estimated:

MISSOURI PACIFIC.	
Gross earnings. Operating expenses.	\$9,462,020 7,188,279
Surplus	
Sleeping-car earnings	397,730
Total \$2,088,867 Taxes 353,063 Rentals 104,761 Sundry amounts 55,062	
Sundry amounts	
Deficit	\$59,933
IRON MOUNTAIN.	
Gross earnings	\$8,017,311 5,760,921
Surplus	\$2,256,390
Dividends received. \$3,066 Sundry amounts. 39,102	42,168
Total	\$2,298,558
Total. Interest payments. \$1,698,729 Taxes. 227,138 Rentals. 282,298 Sundry amounts 99,700	
Refunding C. & F. bonds	
Deficit	\$670,678
Net deficit before the payment of dividends Dividends paid	
Total deficit	\$1,619,273

The Auditor has charged against net earnings for this period The Auditor has charged against net earnings for this period the expenses of refunding \$7,000,000 Cairo & Fulton 7 per cent bonds (which fell due on January 1 of this year) into the new general mortgage 5 per cent bonds, amoun.ing to \$661,370 37; also a similar charge for extending \$2,573,000 Missouri Pacific 7 per cent bonds (due July 1) to 5 per cent, amounting to \$128,650, a total of \$790,020 37.

While this presention results in an expression expine of

While this operation results in an aggregate saving of \$192,000 in the future annual fixed charges, the mortgages required the exchange of bond for bond, thus leaving this

required the exchange of bond for bond, thus leaving this expense a charge to be paid out of current earnings.

The almost total failure of crops in Kansas and Nebraska last year, coupled with the low rates for carrying the same, is the cause of the temporarily poor showing.

The present floating debt of the company is \$4.481,347, and would have to be increased if a dividend were declared. To liquidate the same, whenever satisfactory prices can be obliquidate the same, whenever satisfactory prices can be obtained the company has available current securities as follows:

\$1,000,000 Iron Mountain 5 per cent bonds. 3,000,000 Missouri Pacific 1st collateral trust 5 per cent bonds. 5,500,000 Wabash debenture B bonds.

reasons for stating that Mr. Jeffrey has been made President only because he was a capable railroad man and would manage the property entirely in the interest of its own stockholders. The idea that the Atchison has partial control, or that no president or general manager shall be chosen without its approval, is absurd on its face.

Great Northern.—The entire line of the Great Northern's extension to the Flathead Valley and the Pacific is in an ad-

February, 1884. to February, 1887, three years; and Baltimore & Ohio, Atchison, St. Paul and Union Pacific suspended and have not yet resumed payment. While during the last eleven years dividends have been paid by this company, it has eleven years dividends have been paid by this company, it has expended in betterments and charged direct to operating ex-penses the sum of \$4,028,747 46.

JAY GOULD, President.

Monterey & Mexican Gulf.—Messrs. T. S. Bullock and F. A. Wilder, of 40 Wallst., New York, the projectors and owners of the Monterey & Mexican Gulf Road, which has recently been opened through to Tampico on the Gulf of Mexico, have been opened through to Tampico on the Gulf of Mexico, have had during the summer a thorough examination made of the property by Mr. Edward Bates Dorsey, the eminent railroad expert, and Mr. Cecil Gabbett, the former General Manager of the Georgia Central RR. Abstracts from the reports made by these gentlemen will be found on subsequent pages of this issue of the CHRONICLE, and will serve to acquaint the financial public with the present condition and prospects of this road. A traffic contract has been made with the Mexican National which will enable the Monterey & Mexican Gulf to compete for business for the City of Mexico.

Arrangements are about completed for the shipment to Tampico for Monterey of coal and coke to the extent of 8,000 to 10,000 tons per month. Machinery for the discharge of coal at Tampico is in place, which will handle 100 tons of coal per hour. About 800,000 pounds of general merchandise from New York to Montery was forwarded in the last two weeks.

New Ronds & Stocks Authorized.—This item is published

New Bonds & Stocks Authorized.—This item is published to-day on page 484.

New York Capital in New Jersey Corporations.—The Evening Post of September 19, had an extended article showing how New York capital has been driven to New Jersey by the restrictions placed on corporations by our New York State laws. The Post said: "Public attention has frequently been called of late to the large number of corporations owned by New York capital which have been organized under the laws of New Jersey to the great detriment of this city and State. For instance, among the companies so organized may be mentioned the following, with the amount of their capital stock,

2000000	
The American Cotton Oil Company	\$36,000,000
The American Tobacco Company	25,000,000
The Chicago Stock Yards Company	13,000,000
The American Sugar Refining Company	50,000,000
The H. B. Claffin Company	9,000,000
The Thurber-Whyland Company	
Park & Tilford	
The National Tube Works Company	11,500,000
The North American Company	50,000,000
The North American Company	5 000,000
P. Lorillard Company	5,000,000
The National Cordage Company	15,000,000
American Soda Fountain Company	3,750,600
Trow Directory Company	1,500,000
Edison Electric Company	12,000,000
United Electric Traction Company	7,000,000
United Smelting and Refining Company	4.000,000
United Shierring and Bonning Company	3,250,000
United States Book Company	50,200,000
American Gas Investment Company	
The Celluloid Company	6,000,000
The Litho Carbon Company	5,000,000
The Proctor & Gamble Company	4,500,000
The Penokee & Gogebic Consolidated Mining Company	10,000,000
The Union Oil Company	5,000,000
and distribution company it.	0,000,000

"And these are only a few of the larger ones. The matter "And these are only a few of the larger ones. The matter has been considered to some extent by legislative committees in a desultory sort of way, generally incidental to some 'investigation,' but no very clear or distinct explanation of the evil has been given by any one, or any remedy suggested, with the exception perhaps of what may be found in some of the testimony taken by the committees already mentioned." **

Mr. William Nelson Cromwell, of Sullivan & Cromwell, lawyers, at 45 Wall Street, said in reply to questions of a Post reporter:

reporter:

"While it is the policy of nearly every other State in the Union to encourage capital and to invite new enterprises within its domains, the very opposite has recently become the attitude of this State. The result has been an enormous loss in corporation fees, in annual franchise taxes and also in the employment of our citizens in the varied occupations pursued by these corporations. For instance, the amount exacted for the mere privilege of incorporation is a heavy tribute, and makes an important inroad on the capital of the company at the very outset, frequently some thousands of doliars. In other words, the State compels the company to start with an impaired capital by exacting an extravagant and unjust toll reporter :

other words, the State compels the company to start with an impaired capital by exacting an extravagant and unjust toll merely for its certificate of incorporation."

"If then the corporate form is becoming universal, it is more sensible to recognize and regulate it. Many States, such as Connecticut, Kentucky, Illinois, Virginia, Maine and New Jersey, have framed their laws so as especially to invite capital and draw it from New York. For illustration: In New Jersey alone in the last two years there have been organized 1,626 corporations, with an aggregate capital of over \$600,000,000, and covering every kind of business. In 1890 alone 925 corporations with a capital of \$401,925,125 were organized in New Jersey. The greater part of these would have been organized under the laws of this State if our corporation laws had been reasonable. This indicates the loss to the State that had been reasonable. This indicates the loss to the State that

is going on daily.
"What has attracted such vast capital to that State?" The sensible and fair laws which it has enacted. The chief advantages are that New Jersey expressly authorizes one corporation to own and hold the stock of another, while New York and Stock of York does not, save under unsatisfactory limitations.

Jersey allows stocks to be divided into preferred, general, or Jersey allows stocks to be divided into preferred, general, or guaranteed; while New York does not expressly so permit. New Jersey allows to be classified, while New York does not. New Jersey allows corporations to be organized for any lawful business and they may engage in various businesses; whereas in New York the corporation is practically confined to one business.

"In New Jersey the dissolution of a corporation is inex-pensive and rapid; in New York it requires months of time,

vexatious and expensive.

There are other minor advantages in the law of corporainere are other minor advantages in the law of corpora-tions. As to taxation, a decided pecuniary advantage is offered, and a comparison may be of interest. Assume a company of, say, \$ 0,090,000 capital. The incorporation fee in New York would be \$12,590, while in New Jersey it would only be \$2,000. The annual tax in New York would be \$15,000; in New Jersey it would be \$4.250."

Many other points of advantage in the New Jersey laws have also been noticed in the Post of recent issues.

New York Central & Hudson River.—The report for the quarter ending Sept. 30 (1891 being estimated) is as follows. Rome Watertown and Ogdensburg is included in 1891, but

Gross earnings	1890. (Actual.) \$9,064,235 6,287,523	1891, (Estimated) \$11,909,932 (64.21 p. c.) 7,647,416
Net earnings	\$2,826,712 2,082,000	\$4,262,516 2,466,619
Profit Dividence (1 p. c. quar.)	\$744,712 894,283	\$1,795,897 894,283
Balanced	ef.\$149,571	sur. \$901,614

Philadelphia & Reading.—The statement for August and or nine months of the fiscal year shows the following:

,	for time months of th	e macan	rear anows	the follows	ing.
	,	1890.	1891.	Dec. 1 to 1889-90.	Aug. 31.— 1890-91.
	RAILROAD COMP'Y.	#	*	8	*
•		1,824,705	1,983,775	14,932,158	15,531,565
	Gross expenses	879,253	956,657	8,608,629	8,599,220
•	Net earnings	945,422	1,007,118	6,373,529	6,932,345
	Other net receipts	31,519		398,126	327,778
	Total	976,941	1,014,621	6,771,655	7,260,123
1	Deduct-	01 000	F= 4=1	100.000	000 801
•	Permanent improvem'ts	21,663		486,980	369,761
	Proport'n year's charges	598,504	620,749	5,386,542	5,557,293
	Total	620,167	676,220	5,873,522	5,927,054
	COAL & IRON CO.	356,774	338,401	898,133	1,333,069
	Gross receipts1	.747.847	1,947,729	12,711,286	13,870,389
	Operating expenses1		1,781,016	12,397,013	13,185,783
	Net earnings	88,499	166,713	314,273	684,606
	Colliery improvements.	77,593	72,863	651,669	663,800
	Permanent improvem'ts		11,143	******	135,683
	Proport'n year's charges	68,511	68,000	616,595	612,000
	Total	146,104	152,006	1,268,264	1,411,483
	Def. of Coal & Iron Co	57 605	sur.14,707	953,991	726,877
ı	Surplus of Railroad Co	356,774	338,401	898,133	1,333,069
	Julpius of Hairbard Co	000,114	000,101	000,100	1,000,000
1	Ral both compan's a	e 900 160	ar 252 102	dof 55 858	ar 606 192

Bal. both compan's.sr.299,169 sr.353,108 def.55,858 sr. 606,192 Richmond Terminal.—The Richmond Terminal Co. is pay-Richmond Terminal.—The Richmond Terminal Co. is paying interest and rentals on the Danville system and Georgia Central, amounting to about \$600,000. President Inman says that the money was provided entirely out of earnings, but that he has sold for the Terminal Company 2,000 shares of Baltimore & Ohio stock at 97½, which has been held as an asset, as there is a good market for it and the directors authorized the sale of it. The proceeds of the sale have been used in part to reduce the floating debt. President Inman is at work arranging a plan to take care of this debt which he expects to complete shortly. expects to complete shortly.

union Pacific.—The plan to extend the floating debt of the Union Pacific Railroad was formally declared operative by the committee of creditors on the 28th. That committee consists of J. Pierpont Morgan, John A. Stewart, Edward King, F. L. Ames and Alexander E. Orr. Mr. Morgan, the chairman of the committee, announced that all of the \$5,500,000 of the new trust notes offered at public subscription had been taken, and the subscription books were closed. The subscriptions received for these notes aggregated \$6,200,000. The work of settling with the floating debt creditors by giving scriptions received for these notes aggregated \$6,200,000. The work of settling with the floating debt creditors by giving them the 6 per cent three-year notes will now proceed without delay. Nearly all of the creditors have agreed to accept the said notes at 92½, surrendering their present notes and collat-

The new three-year notes come on the market as a short-time security, secured by a very heavy amount of collatera, l and as such will invite the attention of buyers of that class of bonds. A full list of the collaterals was published in the CHRONICLE of Aug. 29 on page 290, and next week we shall probably be able to give an abstract of the deed of trust.

—The Comptroller of the City of Buffalo will receive proposals up to Wednesday noon, the 7th inst., for \$150,000 twenty-year refunding bonds, bearing 3½ per cent interest, payable in Buffalo, or at the Gallatin Bank in New York. Further particulars will be found in the advertisement in another column.

one one Other City of Springfield, Mo., invites proposals up to the New Oth inst. for \$50,000 of 4½ per cent sewer bonds. Particulars as to the issue may be found in our advertising columns.

Reports and Documents.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS TO THE STOCKHOLDERS FOR THE FORTY-FIRST FISCAL YEAR, ENDED JUNE 30, 1891.

In order to simplify the accounts and to reduce expenses, this Company has leased from the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company its railway, 524 miles in length, together with its interest in the Cedar Falls & Minnesota Railroad, 76 miles in length, for a term of sixteen years from July 1, 1890, reserving the right to terminate the lease on short notice.

The only liabilities assumed by the Illinois Central Railroad Company are to operate and maintain those railways and to pay to the Dubuque & Sioux City Company, during the continuance of the lease, their net earnings based on an agreed division of through business. The lessor is to provide funds for all betterments as they are made.

The gross sum received by this Company during the year ended June 30, 1891, from 2,875 miles of railway, has been	16,452,022 37
Making an increase in the gross receipts from traffic of (8°63 per cent)	\$1,429,532 45
The expenses of operation and taxes during the year ended June 30, 1891, amounted to	
Making an increase of (14.41 per cent)	\$1,607,626 46 e
taxes, have been during the year ended June 30, 1391. And in the preceding year.	
Making a decrease of (3.36 per cent)	\$178,094 01
The available sum from all sources has been: Surplus Divident Fund, as declared in last report. Interest on Bonds in that Fund. S,520 Traffic. Lands. Miscelianeous profits, and income from investments.	00
From this there has been paid: Interest on Funded Debt and Bonds drawn under the Sinking Fund. \$1,512,425 (Rent of the Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad. 1,727,039 (Rent of Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad. 829,169 (32
Leaving Out of which there have been taken the dividends payable March 1 (3 per cent) and Sept. 1 (2 per cent), 1891, 5 per cent on \$45,000,000.	\$2,460,926 05 2,250,000 00
There has been carried forward to Surplus Dividend Fund (invested in Illinois Central 4 Per Cent. Gold. Bonds of 1952), and set apart as applicable to future dividends	\$210,926 05

The continued increase in expenses is due to a strict adherence to the higher standards of maintenance adopted last year; to enhance payments for wages and allowances for overtime; to increase taxation, and to better, faster, and more frequent service rendered to the public.

The failure of the majority of stockholders to subscribe for the shares offered to them last autumn entailed the necessity of carrying a floating debt, the interest on which further diminished the fund applicable to dividends. This also delayed work on improvements needed for the economical handling of the increased traffic.

The average rate per ton per mile received for the transportation of freight has been 934-1000 of a cent, as against 953-1000 of a cent in the preceding year and 94-100 of a cent in 1889. While this shows a diminution of 19-1000 of a cent, it can hardly be said, on this railway at least, that rates have been reduced during the past year, the rate on the aggregate tonnage being lowered by the largely increased amount of coal, lumber and grain hauled long distances at rates below the general average. This decrease, although small in itself, corresponds to a loss of \$243,212 in revenue.

This losses by fire have been unusually severe. Although the amount recovered from the insurance companies during the past year has exceeded the premium paid for three years' policies for the insurance of upwards of twelve millions of dollars of property, it fell short of the losses by \$88,800 23.

The proportion of the Gross Revenue of the Illinois Central Railroad paid to the State of Illinois in lieu of taxes, amounted to \$520,949 35. The largest sum heretofore paid in any one year was \$496,489 84 in 1865, when the average rate of freight was \$13-100 cents per ton per mile, or more than three times that now in force.

Taxes on the leased lines and branches have also been greater than ever before, amounting to \$349,730 81, being an increase of \$42,411 79 over the sum paid in the previous year.

The increase in the rent of the Chicago S

The Company's wharf rights in New Orleans have been renewed for a term of twenty-five years, and their extent materi-

ally increased.

Of the 35 Sleeping Cars heretofore owned jointly with the Pullman Company, 4 were burnt, 1 was purchased by this Company, and its half interest in the others was sold to the Pullman Company for the net sum of \$136,624 80, in payment for

which new equipment is to be received.

The contract with the Pullman Company has been abrogated by consent, and a new one entered into, under which the

and contract with the Fullman Company has been abrogated by consent, and a new one entered into, under which the payment for sleeping-car service is reduced from three cents to two cents per mile, the Pullman Company agreeing to furnish cars of the highest standard.

A fast mail and an additional limited vestibuled passenger train in each direction have been placed in daily service between Chicago and New Orleans, and the running time between those cities reduced from thirty-five to twenty-nine hours. The gain in passenger earnings fully justifies the furnishing of this and other improved passenger service.

For advances made to the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company during the past year there have been received \$336.-000 of the 5 per cent Bonds of that Company. The attention of the proprietors is invited to the Report of that Company submitted herewith.

mitted herewith.

There have been sold Illinois Central 4 per cent Gol 1 Bonds of 1952 to the amount of \$1,818,000. Of these Bonds there remain unsold \$1,437,000, of which there have been set apart for Surplus Dividend Fund \$210,000, and to the Insurance Fund

As shown in greater detail in the accompanying tables, the outlay on capital account has been as follows:

Illinois Central Railroad.	\$2,563,245 8
Chicago & Springfield Railroad	902 3
Kankakee & Southwestern Railroad	879 (
South Chicago Railroad	4,947 8
Pantoui Railroad	600 (
Chicago Hayana & Western Railroad	575 9
Chicago Madison & Northern Railroad	287,631 7
Canton Aperdeen & Nashville Railroad	731 2
Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroad	4,767 9
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans Rallroad.	277,583 0
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad	277,58

" ' John S. Kennedy, " ' President Cedar Falls & Minnesota Railroad Сэтрапу.

"' New York, October 1, 1867.'"

The Court further held that the lease of the Celar Falls Railroad, executed September 27, 1866, is valid and binding upon the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company. Appeals have been taken to the Supreme Court of the United States by both the Dubuque Company and the Cedar Falls Company.

The negotiation by the Government of the United States of reciprocal treaties of commerce with Spain in regard to the trade with Cuba, and with various S suth and Central American republics, excited such widespread interest and opened the possibility of such an extended commerce between the food-producing and manufacturing districts of the Upper Mississippi Valley and the countries lying south of the mouth of that River, that your Directors thought it wise to send Commissioners to Cuba, Mexico and Central and South America. Their reports indicate a general desire to trade with the United States, and especially to do so on the direct line. The advantages of this route are shown by the fact that while the distance by rail from Chicago to New Orleans (915 miles) is almost precisely the same as that from Chicago to New York, the sailing distances from New Orleans to ports in the Gulf of Mexico and the Carribean Sea are very much less than from New York and other Atlantic ports.

lantic ports.

Buring the past year there was formed an association of fifteen railways, under the title of the "Western Traffic Association of the President and one Director from During the past year there was formed an association of fifteen railways, under the title of the "Western Traffic Association," the control of which is vested in a joint committee of conference, consisting of the President and one Director from each Company, named by its Board of Directors. The Illinois Central Railroad Company, by a resolution of its Board, became a member of that Association, the influence of which has already been widely felt for good. The method of its organization, its purposes, the position and character of the members of its controlling Board, and the fact that the administration in matters affecting the maintenance of agreed rates and kindred subjects is vested in a Commission of five disinterested and experienced men of high character, give the best augury that it will continue to exercise a salutary and conservative influence. This Association has gone further than any other heretofore formed in recognizing that the responsibility with regard to rates, as well as the power of making them, is vested in the Boards of Directors of the several Companies, and in acknowleding the necessity for separating the power of making rates from the business of soliciting freight.

\$1,496,775

And leaving infithe treasury of the Company June 30, 1891.

Of which there have been sold since the close of the fiscal year.

The attention of the Stockholders is invited to the Report of the Vice-President with accompanying Balance Sheet and Abstracts, and to that of the Second Vice-President, covering those of the General Manager and of the Traffic Manager, which give in greater detail than is here practicable the results of the year's business.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ALEXANDER G. HACKSTAFF,

NEW YORK, September 16, 1891.

Secretary.

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET.

			Northern Lines.				
\$54,680,445 1	\$39,108,144 80 1,600,902 35 1,433,738 00 235,079 06 1,801,775 49 573,879 89 9,926,925 55	Road and Equipment, Illinois Central RR. Chicago & Springfield RR. Kankake & Southwestern RR. South Chicago RR. Chicago Havana & Western RR. Rantoul RR. Chicago Madison & Northern RR.					
38,399,059 2	\$28,210,576 25 3,324,537 76 1,902,323 76 2,318,621 47 2,643,000 00	Division	Road and Equipment, Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Canton Aberdeen & Nashville RR. Yazoo & Mississippi Valley RR. Cairo Bridge and Kentucky Approach.	A			
958,214 4 20,558,386 0	\$11,078,786 03 9,479,600 00		Material and Supplies. Stocks Owned.	B C D			
216,252 0	\$210,926 05 5,326 01		Assets in Surplus Dividend Fund Assets in Insurance Fund	F G			
\$114,812,356 8		<u>[</u>		BSTRACT.			
	\$45,000,000 00			BSTRACT.			
	41,000,000 00	\$2,500,000 00 1,600,000 00 3,700,000 00 1,000,000 00 968,000 00 1,500,000 00 15,000,000 00 2,499,000 00 5,266,000 00	Capital Stock of Illinois Central RR. Co. Funded debt of Illinois Central RR. Co. 6 per cent Sterling Bonds of 1895, 2500,000. 6 per cent Springfeld Division Bonds of 1898. 5 per cent Springfeld Division Bonds of 1898. 5 per cent Sterling Bonds of 1905, 2740,000. 5 per cent Sterling Bonds of 1905, 27200,000. 5 per cent Middle Division Bonds of 1921. 4 per cent First Mortgage Gold Bonds of 1952. 4 per cent Gold Bonds of 1951. 34p per cent First Mortgage Gold Bonds of 1951. 34p per cent First Mortgage Gold Bonds of 1951.	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII			
\$79,034,000 00	34,034,000 00	\$34,033,000 00 1,000 00	Past Due Bonds				
	\$10,000,000 00	\$1,372,000 00 80,000 00	Leased Line Stock of Illinois Central RR. Co. Funded Debt of Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Co. 7 per cent Bonds of 1897. 6 per cent Bonds of 1907. 5 per cent Gold Bonds of 1951	I I I K			
		3,324,000 00 2,643,000 00	4 per cent Gold Bonds of 1951, Memphis Division	D&I			
28,701,000 00	18,701,000 00	\$18,695,000 00 6,000 00	Past Due Bonds				
1,417,138 57 4,543,966 24			Net Liabilities				
900,000 00 216,252 06	\$210,926 05 5,326 01		Set apart to provide for Dividend payable September 1, 1891 Usurance Fund Lusurance Fund	F Gn			
\$114,812,356 87		-					

ABSTRACT "A"-PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS CHARGED TO CA PITAL.

Way lands acquired.	\$80,793 4
Station grounds acquired.	211.167 7
Buildings	132,344 5
Water Works	5,887 0
Sidings	294,367 7
Widening roadway	13,132 4
Ballasting.	186.847 0
Fencing.	64,226 9
Cattle guards and crossings	34 1
Section houses	586 6
New tracks, 7 and 8, from 53d to 67th streets, Chicago	27,436 5
New main track from Peotone north (on account)	880 1
Filling at Weldon	1,327 9
Filling at car works.	286 6
Approach to Cairo Bridge, Illinois shore.	8,383 0
New telegraph between Chicago and New Orleans, 1 wire	31,380 3
ocomo tives, 25 8-wheel passenger engines. \$238.344 07	
" 26 10-wheel passenger and freight engines 236,314 80	
2 consolidation freight engines. 20,998 05	
21 6-wheel switching engines 169,128 92	
" Air and driver brakes, 37 engines. 23,243 49	688,529 3
Passenger Cars, 40 day coaches \$206,063 47	
" 24 suburban coaches 73,680 00	
" 6 postal cars (60 feet). 23,605 37	
" 10 baggage cars, balance	
" 1 business car	
" vestibuling and gas, 10 new coaches 12,897 04	
" vestibuling 5 baggage cars	352,7369
Freight cars, 1,250 coal cars, with air brakes	
" 53 furniture cars	
" air brakes on 195 freight cars	694,469 7
ew shop machinery and tools.	23,098 9
g banast cars and prows	32,400 0
steam shovel	6,500 0
ditching machine	2,000 0
STOW EXPONATOR	15,000 6
ndependent entrance into Chicago (C. M. & N. BR.). \$249,420 40 pur track to Addison, Ill. 18,567 27	267,987 6
	83,141,804 94
	CO, 1 11100 1

ABSTRACT "B."-WORKING STOCK OF SUPPLIES.

Transportation Department Road Department. Machinery Department Stationery Machinery Department	488,162 55
	\$958,214 40

ABSTRACT "C."-STOCKS OWNED.

	Par Value.	Book Value.
Illinois Central RR. Co. Stock and Scrip Leased Line Stock, L. C. RR. Co. C. St. L. & N. O. RR. Co. Chicago & Springfield RR. Co. Mound City RR. Co. Dubuque & Sioux City RR. Co. Dubuque & Sioux City RR. Co. Dubuque & Sioux City RR. Co. Dunelith & Dubuque Bridge Co. Dupelith & Dubuque Bridge Co. Down Falls & Sioux City RR. Co. Down Hill Compress & Manufacturing Co. Mississippi Valley Co. Holly Springs Compress & Manufacturing Co. Mississippi & Tenmessee RR. Co. Mississippi & Tenmessee RR. Co. Misselsippi & Mississippi & Tenmessee RR. Co. Misselsippi & Tenmessee RR. Co. Misselsippi & Tenmessee RR. Co.	\$3,503,225 00 11,000 00 10,200 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 7,917,800 00 7,700 00 1,000,000 00 92,400 00	11,000 00 10,200 00 25,000 00 3,000 00 5,954,664 83 3,850 00 1,373,990 20 92,400 00 47,000 00 5,000 00 43,700 00
	\$1 2,967,350 00	\$11,078,786 0 ca

ABSTRACT "D."-BONDS OWNED.

	Par Value.	Book Value.
Illinois Central RR. Sterling Sinking Fund Bonds. Illinois Central 4 per cent Gold Bonds of 1952. Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Co. Gold 5s of 1951.	\$7,000 00	\$7,000 00
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Co. Gold 5s of 1951	1,222,000 00 62,000 00	1,222,000 00 62,000 00
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Co. Gold 5 per cent Bridge Bonds. Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Co. Memphis Division 4 per cent Gold Bonds of 1950.	2,643,000 00 2,	2,643,000 00
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans RR. Co. Memphis Division 4 per cent Gold Bonds of 1950		74,000 00
Dubuque & Sioux City RR. Co. Gold 5s of 1938	1,531,000 00	1,531,000 00
Mississippi Central Second Mortgage Bonds (past due) Dubuque & Sioux City RR. Co. Gold 5s of 1958. River View Hotel Co. Bonds.	10,000 00	10,000 00
Bonds Pledged, see Abstract "K."	\$5,549,600 00	\$5,549,600 00
Bolius 1 Buged, see Alberta R. Co. 58. \$3,100,000 Cedar Rapids & Chicago RR. Co. 58. \$30,000	3,930,000 00	3,930,000 00
30,000	3,000,000 00	3,330,000 00
	\$9,479,600 00	\$9,479,600 00

ABSTRACT "E."-ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Cash Assets.			@1 100 107 40
Cash Bills receivable C. St. L. & N. O. RR. Co.—Account Cairo Bridge		\$490,094 27	\$1,193,125 42
C. St. L. & N. O. RR. Co.—Account Cairo Bridge	***************************************	2,678 79 94,998 43	587,771 49
Bills payable Liabilities,		\$2,436,153 64 213,887 50 200,000 00 78,985 80	\$1,780,896 91
Bills payable Coupons due July 1, 1891 Rent due July 1, 1891 Coupons and Dividends overdue and unpaid	Ψ4		
Net Liabilities Chicago office	\$2	2,929,026 94 269,008 54	\$3,198,035 28
Net Liabilities			\$1,417,138 57

ABSTRACT "F."-[SEE NEXT PAGE.]

ABSTRACT "H."-INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROFITS.

Interest on money loaned\$33,58' Interest on Dub. & S. City RR. Co.'s notes 16,000		Interest on bills payable	\$183,244 26
Do. 4 p. c. gold bonds, 1952. 117,916 C. St. L. & N. O. RR. 5 p. c. gold bonds. 324,319 Do. Do. bridge bonds. 130,706	3 75 9 60 9 60 9 60 9 60 9 60	Expenses New York Oppice—] Salaries	
Interest on bonds of subsidiary lines pledged to secure \$1.5,000,- 000 llh. Cen. 4 p. c. gold bonds of 1952—\$16,350,000 5p. c. bonds.\$817,500 Less interest collected from D. & S. City RR. Co. as above— On Cherokee & Dak. RR. Co. bonds\$155,000 On Ced. Rap. & Chic. RR. Co. bonds	000		1
Interest on Canton Aber. & Nash. RR. Co. note given for bonds canceled		Fixed charges of subsidiary lines written off.	643,50000
DIVIDENDS ON SHARES— 105,084 10	00 00 34		
Iowa Land & Loan Co. stock		Balance, representing net income from in- yestments and miscellaneous profits	1,154,589 🖫
PROFIT— 12,318 Sterling exchange 12,318 Net premium on bonds sold 6,050 Sundry items 2,541	27 00 77		
	20,910 04		
	42,053,096 64		\$2,053,096 64

ABSTRACT "F."-APPLICATION OF INCOME.

Surplus Dividend Fund June 30, 1890, as shown in last report. Six months' Interest on \$211,000 Illinois Central 4s of 1952 in that Fund Oot. 1, 1890. Six months' Interest on \$215,000 Illinois Central 4s of 1952 in that Fund April 1, 1891.		\$211,037 35 4,220 00 4,300 00	
Net Receipts during the year ended June 30, 1891— From the Operation of the Railway, as shown in Abstract "L." From the Land Office. From Investments and Miscellaneous Profits, as shown in Abstract "H"		\$5,120,508 40 34,904 61 1,154,589 52	
Interest on Bonds— October 1, 1890, and April 1, 1891, on 6 per cent Sterling Bonds January 1 and July 1, 1891, on 6 per cent Springfield Division Bonds October 1, 1890, and April 1, 1891, on 5 per cent Sterling Sinking Fund Bonds December 1, 1890, and June 1, 1891, on 5 per cent Sterling Bonds August 1, 1890, and February 1, 1891, on 5 per cent Middle Division Bonds January 1 and July 1, 1891, on 4 per cent First Mortgage Bonds October 1, 1890, and April 1, 1891, on 4 per cent Gold Bonds of 1952 January 1 and July 1, 1891, on 34 per cent First Mortgage Bonds January 1 and July 1, 1891, on 34 per cent Sterling Bonds	96,000 00 186,250 00 30,000 00 48,400 00 60,000 00 600,000 00 87,465 00		\$6,529,559 88
Illinois Central 5 per cent Sterling Sinking Fund Bonds of 1903 drawn for payment. Rent of C. St. L. & N. O. RR.— October 1, 1890, Interest on 8 per cent N. O. J. & Gt. N. Second Mortgage Bonds. November 1, 1890, and May 1, 1891, Interest on 7 per cent C. St. L. & N. O. First Mort, Bonds. December 1, 1890, and June 1, 1891, Interest on 6 per cent C. St. L. & N. O. Second Mort Bonds. December 1, 1890, and June 15, 1891, Interest on 5 per cent C. St. L. & N. O. Gold Bonds. December 1, 1890, and June 1, '91, Interest on 4 p.c. C. St. L. & N. O. Memph. Div., First M. Bonds. December 1, 1890, and June 1, 1891, Interest on 5 p.c. C. St. L. & N. O. RR. Cairo Bridge Bonds. For account Contingent Fund Cairo Bridge January 1 and July 1, 1891, Interest at 4 per cent on Leased Line Stock Sterling Exchange Premiums. Salaries of Trustees and others.	\$59,200 00 96,110 00 4,800 00 826,200 00 130,000 00 49,300 00 400,000 00 27,655 82	50,000 00 1,727,039 3 2	
Rent Dubuque & Sioux City RR. Co	\$1,350,000 00	829,169 51 2,250,000 00	6,318,633 83
Surplus Dividend Fund, applicable to Future Dividends, and invested in \$210,000 Illinois Central 4s of 1952, and \$926 05 cash			\$210,926 05

ABSTRACT "K."—BONDS PLEDGED AS SECURITY For \$15,000,000 Illinois Central 4 per cent Gold Bonds of 1952.

CLASS OF BONDS.	Miles incl'd'd	TIME.		Amount of	Amount	INTEREST.		
	in Mtg.		When Dus.	Authorized 18sue.	Outstanding.	Rate.	When Payable.	Annual Interest.
Canton Aberdeen & Nash. RR. Co. 1st M., gold Yazoo & Miss. Valley RR. Co. 1st M., gold. Chicago Havana & West. RR. Co. 1st M., gold. Chicago Madison & North. RR. Co. 1st M., g. Rantoul RR. Co. 1st Mortgage, gold. Cherokeee & Dakota RR. Co. 1st M., gold. Cedar Rap. & Chicago RR. Co. 1st M., gold.	140·36 131·62· 222·14 74·43 155·58	Dec. 1, 1887 Dec. 1, 1887 Dec. 1, 1886 Mar. 30, 1888 July 1, 1887 Mar. 1, 1888 &cb. 1, 1888	June 1, 1952 June 1, 1952 Dec. 1, 1926 Dec. 1, 1935 June 1, 1927 Dec. 1, 1935 Dec. 1, 1935	2,800,000 2,500,000 4,370,000 1,000,000 3,100,000	2,800,000 2,500,000 4,370,000 1,000,000 3,100,000	5 per cent 5 per cent 5 per cent 5 per cent 5 per cent	June and Dec. June and Dec. June and Dec. June and Dec. June and Dec. June and Dec. June and Dec.	140,000 $125,000$ $218,500$ $50,000$ $155,000$
Total	853.87	****		\$16,350,000	\$16,350,000			\$817,50

For \$5.266,000 Illinois Central 3½ per cent Sterling Bonds of 1950 (5,266 & £200=£1,053,200), there are pledged \$5,266,000 Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Company 5 per cent Gold Bonds of 1951.

ABSTRACT "L"—RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1891.

WHOLE LINE.	Total.	Per Cent of Total
RECEIPTS FROM OPERATION— Treight Passenger fail Express Extra Baggage. Extr	\$12,160,600 22 3,812,339 80 412,784 92 363,949 49 60,782 33 46,957 50 15,149 80 41,399 26 122,691 81 234,995 23 7,793 57 12,360 50 3,483 84 1,172 20 95,312 89 18,944 72 44,401 48 432,435 21	68 006 21 320 2 309 2 035 340 229 085 231 686 1314 044 069 020 007 533 106 248 2 418
Total Receipts from Operation	\$17,881,554 77	·100
EXPENSES OF OFERATION— Maintenance of Way and Structures Maintenance of Equipment Passenger Train Expenses Freight Train Expenses Freight Train Expenses Stelegraph Expenses Claims and Damages Track Service and Switching Mileage of Cars (net) Stationery and Printing Outside Agencies Advertising Salaries of Officers Salaries of Officers Salaries of Officers Salaries of Officers Seneral Office Expenses and Supplies Legal Expenses Insurance Proportion of St. Charles Air Line Expense Derating Mound City Railway Proportion of Belt Line Expense, Memphis Raifroad Hotel and Eating House Expenses Compressing Cotton General Expenses Seneral Expenses Compressing Cotton General Expenses	\$2,732,828 69 1,802,395 73 1,904,667 34 2,536,113 65 1,879,652 08 217,213 91 275,826 69 165,623 47 268,143 33 169,932 93 165,517 88 47,353 04 184,021 88 246,447 94 70,730 98 97,949 20 64,319 05 7,293 45 1,767 63 1,576 19 40,150 71 13,970 50 88,469 94	15-283 10-080 5-819 14-183 9-393 1-215 1-559 9-23 1-500 7-82 -926 1-329 1-378 1-395
Total Expenses of Operation.	\$11,890,366 21	66.495
xcess of Receipts over Operation expenses.	\$5,991,188 56	33.505
TAXES – roportion Gross Receipts paid the State of Illinois as required by Charter	\$520,949 35 349,730 81	2·913 1·956
Total taxes	\$870,680 16	4.869
xpenses of Operation and Taxes	\$12,761,046 37	71:364
Net Receipts from Operation	\$5,120,508 40	28.636

OOMPABATIVE STATEMENT OF EARWINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1891 AND 1890.

Miles of road operated during 1891, $2,875^{18}100$; during 1890, $2,875^{18}100$ miles.

	Year Ended June 30.		_	Per Cent of In-	
	1891.	1890.	Increase.	Decrease.	Decrease.
Freight	\$12,160,600 22	\$11,335,364 77	\$825,235 45	7:28	
Passenger					
Wail		388,790 09			*****
Express		333,183 10	30,766 39	9.23	
Extra Baggage	60,782 33	54,179 19			
ransportation of Milk	40.957 50	31,761 30	9,196 20	28.95	
rain Privileges	15,149 80	13,838 50	1,311 30	9.48	
leeping Cars	41,399 26	47.984 76		13.72	\$6,585 5
tent of Property		148,092 96		17.15	25,401 1
ent of Tracks	234,995 23	234,316 13	679 10	29	*** ****
elegraph Receipts	7,793 57	8,179 45		4.72	385 8
Demurrage	12.360 50	6,602 00		87.22	
torage, Dockage and Cairo Wharf Boat	3,483 84	3,131 55	352 29	11.25	
eam Scale Fees	1,172 20		1,172 20	100.00	
witching	95,312 86	87,229 42	8,083 47	9.27	
ompressing Cotton	18,944 72	10,935 27	8,009 45	73.24	
tailroad Hotel and Eating Houses	44,401 48	38,616 45		14.98	
nter-State Transfer and Earnings over other lines	432,435 21	422,525 16	9,910 05	2.35	
TOTAL	\$17,881,554 77	\$16,452.022 32	\$1,429,532 45	8.69	

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATION EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1891 AND 1890.

	Year Ended	I June 30.	Increase.	Per Cent of	Decrease.
	1891.	1890.	Increase,	Increase. or Decrease.	
Maintenance of Wayand Structures	\$2,732,828 69	\$2,505,499 14	\$227,329 55	9.07	
Maintenance of Equipment	1,802,395 73	1,483,969 27	318,426 46	21.46	
Passenger Train Expenses	1.040,667 34	854,044 46		21.85	
Freight Train Expenses		2,131,494 02	404,619 63		
Station Expenses		1,490,571 25			
Telegraph Expenses		207.376 15			
Claims and Damages		172,195 94			
Track Service and Switching		• 128,623 23	36,400 24		
Mileage of Cars (net)		205.543 93			
Stationery and Printing	139,932 93	132,619 80			
		141.011 97			
Outside Agencies		35,579 72			
Advertising					
Salaries of Officers	184,021 88	164,515 86			
Salaries of Clerks	246,447 94	216,865 28			
General Office Expenses and Supplies	70,730 98	70,083 18			
Legal Expenses					\$12,582 8
Insurance		63,759 06			
Proportion of St. Charles Air Line Expenses	7,293 45				1,270 93
Operating Mound City Railway	1,767 63				429 26
Operating Mound City Railway Proiportion of Belt Line Expenses, Memphis	1,576 19	2,810 12		43.91	1,238 92
Ralroad Hotel and Eating Houses	40,150 71	38,545 65	1,605 06	4.16	
Compressing Cotton	13,970 50	9,614 91	4.355 59	45:30	
Compressing Cotton Expense Account Southern Flood		143,856 60		100.00	143,856 60
Reut of Locomotives borrowed.				100:00	7,490 00
General Expenses		38,387 51		130.47	
Total	P\$11.890.366 21	\$10,365,750 39	\$1.524.615 82	14.71	

The proportion of Operating Expenses to Earnings, excluding rentals and taxes, was 66:50 per cent, being an increase of 3:49 per cent as compared with year ended June 30, 1890.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF GENERAL OPERATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1891 AND 1890.

WHOLE LINE.	Year End	Increase.	Per C't of In- crease	Decrease.	
	1891.	1890.	Thereuse.	or De- crease.	Decreuse.
Miles of road operated Mileage of Engines on Passenger and Freight Trains and Switching at Stations Gross Earnings Operation Expenses. Net Earnings, without deducting Rentals or Taxes. Gross Earnings per mile of Road. Operation Expenses per mile of Road. Net Earnings per mile of Road, without deducting Rentals or Taxes. Gross Earnings per mile run. Operation Expenses per mile run. Net earnings per mile run, without deducting Rentals or Taxes.	20,018,334 \$17,881,554.77 \$11,890,366:21 5,991,188:56 6,219:28 4,135:52 2,083:76 89 33-100 :59 40-100	60 12-100	2,775,856 \$1,429,532.45 1,524,615.82 497.20 530.27	1.56	\$95,083·37 33·07 '06 09-100 72-100 '05 37-10

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1891 AND 1890.

	Year ended June 30.		Intrease.	Per Cent of Increase	Decreuse.
	1891.	1890.		or Decrease	
Tons of freight transported Revenue from same Average revenue per ton. Revenue per mile of road. Mileage of engines hauling freight trains. Revenue per mile run. Tons of freight carried one mile. Average distance each ton was carried Revenue per ton per mile.	\$1 75 \$4,229 51 10,088,055 \$1 20 54-100 1,302,002,213 187:37m. 934-1000c.	\$1 78 \$3,942 49 9,100,847 \$1 24 55-100	\$825,235 45 \$287 02 987,208	7.28 1.69 7.28 10.85 3.22	'03c, '04 01-100c
Number of passengers carried Revenue from same Average fare of each passenger Revenue per mile of road Number carried one mile Average number of miles traveled by each passenger Gross earnings of passenger trains Gross earnings of passenger trains per mile of road Mileage of engines hauling passenger trains Average rate per mile received from each passenger	10,108,375 \$3,812,339 80 37 71-100e. \$1,325 95 18:19m. \$4,705,963 84 \$1,636 75 5,805,488 \$1:06-100e.	\$3,287,292 22 40 05-100c. \$1,143 33 158,167,606 19·27m \$4,109,014 40 \$1,429 14 4,771,534 86·12-100c.	\$525,047 58 \$182 62 25,707,473 \$596,919 44 \$207 61	15.97 5.84 15.97 16.25 5.60 14.52 14.53 21.67	2 34-100c. 1 08-100m. 5 06-100c. 5-1000c.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS TO THE STOCKHOLD ERS-FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891.

To the Stockholders :

Pursuant to the By-laws, the annual report is submitted as

The railway operated by the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway

miles. 665 282-5 Total miles of main line.....

933.9 Total.....

In addition to the foregoing, the branch from Gordonsville to Orange, Va., 9 miles, has been operated under lease since March 1, 1891, and this Company has also runits own trains into Washington from Orange, 84 5 miles, under a trackage contract with the Virginia Midland and Pennsylvania Railway lines.

The Cabin Creek Branch (18 miles), controlled by this Company, has been operated by the Kanawha Railway Company; and the Freestone Branch (9 miles), which is also controlled by this Company, has been operated for account of the Kinniconnick & Freestone R. R. Company. The Craig Vailey Branch, from Bessemer (near Eagle Mountain, Va.) to Craig City (near Newcastle), Va., 26½ miles, has been completed since the close of the fiscal year, and is now operated by this Company. The same is true of the Warm Springs Valley Branch, 25 miles; making the total road operated and controlled by this Company (or over which it has trackage rights) at the date of this report (September 10, 1891), 1,105-9 miles.

The arrangement made a year ago for the lease of the Kanawha

The arrangement made a year ago for the lease of the Kanawha & Ohio Railway (now Kanawha & Michigan Railway) to this company has been abandoned, owing to the unwillingness of the Kanawha & Ohio managers to bring the matter to a conclusion.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES,

The earnings and expenses of the Company, and the mileage operated, for the year ending June 30, 1891, compare with the two previous fiscal years as follows:

	Year ending June 30.			
Miles operated	1889.	1890. 923.	1891. 934.*	
Gross Earnings		\$7,161,949 37		
Operating Expensess and Maintenance	4,265,000	5,455,127 30	5,920,418 20	
Net Earnings Interest on Funded Debt, Taxes and Rentals, including Grain Elevator and		\$1,706,822 07.	\$2,206,692 89	
other charges for the year		1,904,683 838	1,986,882 16	

*Also 9 miles additional (Gordonsville to Orange) since March 1, 1891, and trackage for through business, 84.5 miles (Orange to Washington), since

†The interest on funded debt, etc., for year ending Jane 30, 1889, cannot be stated, as the reorganization of the Company, which involved a readjust-ment of its debt, was not accomplished until January 1, 1889.

§Interest charges for the year ending June 30, 1890, included about \$200,000 on bonds issued for construction which was not finished or used until 1891, and for other purposes from which no benefit was derived in 1890.

	1889.	1890.	1891.
Gross Earnings per mile	\$6,808	\$7,759	\$8,660*
Operating Expenses per mile	5,490	5,910	6,312*
Net Earnings per mile	1,318	1,849	2,348*

* Exclusive of earnings and expenses of Washington Line, which has only been operated since April 1, 1891.

The Craig Valley and Warm Springs branches, as stated in a The Craig Valley and Warm Springs branches, as stated in a previous paragraph, have been completed since the close of the fiscal year. It was the expectation of the Company that they would be in operation before the end of the last fiscal year, but the work was delayed from bad weather and other causes. The Craig Valley Branch will develop a large mineral business to feed the main line, as it extends into a country rich in iron ores, and wishout other railway facilities. The Warm Springs Valley Branch, in addition to general traffic which it will bring upon the main line, opens up easy access to the Warm and Hot and Healing Springs of Virginia, which for many years have been celebrated for their medicinal qualities. There are already three hotels in the valley, and others will probably follow; and this branch will

add, perhaps, as largely to the passenger traffic of the main line as any enterprise that the company has in hand.

Your Directors have for some time felt the need of bettefacilities for reaching Washington and that the Chesapeake & Ohio should be able to control the making of its rates and the movement of its trains from that city, as the business to and from the Capital of the country is increasing and promises in the future to be very large. In pursuance of these views, surveys were made to build into Washington, and good and cheap routes were found, but the Virginia Midland Railway Company met this Company fairly and proposed to give it substantially what was wanted on reasonable terms. Under these circumstances it seemed better to arrange for trackage over the Virginia Midland and its connections than to build an additional line; and therefore during the year contracts were closed with the Virginia Midland and with the Washington Southern and Baltimore & Potomac Companies, securing to the Chesapeake & Ohio the right to run its own trains in and out of Washington and manage its own business with that city. The contracts are especially favorable, as they depend mainly upon the business done, and if the business should be light the payments will be light; while if it is large the payments will be proportionate, They are also fair to the other companies, as they give them increased business and rental for their property without additional outlay. Operations over this line were started on the first of April, but, as it has been the dull season for Washington business, it has not developed largely, although it has proved a source of profit even in the dull season; it is expected during the Autumn and Winter to be of great advantage to the Company.

This Company's relations with the steamship lines doing business.

pany.
This Company's relations with the steamship lines doing busipany.

This Company's relations with the steamship lines doing business between Newport News and New York, Providence and Boston have been closer during the last year than ever before, and have worked smoothly. The Chesapeake & Ohio has more business than these steamers, so far, have been able to take care of readily, but it is probable that the parties owning these lines will increase the facilities as the demand grows. Your officers have kept in mind during the year the necessity of a steamship line from Newport News to Europe, and they have succeeded in closing a contract with the owners of a line of steamers to operate from Newport News to England, which commenced in the early part of June last, and under the agreement there are to be such a number of sailings as may be determined by the volume of export business and the requirements from time to time. At present the sailings are semi-monthly and the line promises favorable results to this company. With steamship lines to New England and New York, and to England, and with passenger lines to Fortress Monroe and to Washington, the through business of the Company, eastbound, would seem to be well provided for. Westbound the relations of this Company with the Elizabethtown Lexington & Big Sandy, the Louisville & Nashville and the Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis railways have continued very intimate and satisfactory, and there is nothing to desire in the way of traffic Department of the railway. panies.

panies.

The officers in charge of the Traffic Department of the railway during the past year are to be congratulated upon the fact that they have largely increased the traffic and at the same time have increased the rate received for carrying it, other than for coal. It is rarely that a railway can increase its traffic except at some decrease of the general rate, but in the present case both general freight and pa-senger traffic have increased largely in amount and the latter rates then in the previous year. The only business that at better rates than in the previous year. The only business that shows a less rate is the traffic in coal, and this business depends ensnows a less rate is the trainer in coal, and this business alepends eatirely on the rates which are made by other companies with which the Chesapeake & Ohio is forced to compete. These have been made less and less each year until they are entirely too low, especially for seaboard coal. It is hoped that, after the various companies get tired of advertising their lines by supplying seacompanies get tired or advertising their lines by supplying sea-board coal at unnecessarily low prices, an agreement may be made which will give fair and paying rates on this business. It has been the policy of this Company to take only such of the coal traffic as would pay the highest rate and would keep the road moderately employed. The traffic in coal to the seaboard, especi-

moderately employed. The traffic in coal to the seaboard, especially, is not valuable enough to push; most of the other traffic in coal pays fairly satisfactory rates.

The results of the Transportation Department show great improvement, which is due both to more efficient organization and to the improved condition of the road and its equipment, and to additional side tracks. Freight engine mileage was 4,313,391 miles, against 4,475,114 miles last year, while freight car mileage was 117,024,607 miles, against 112,839,347 miles last year, showing that a larger number of cars was handled with less engine service. The load per train was increased from 225 to 263 tons. The passenger traffic shows a corresponding improvement in its handling by the Transportation Department.

During the year, as will be seen from the tables accompanying this report, and also from the General Manager's report, the Company has handled the increase of business at a very little increase.

this report, and also from the General Manager's report, the Company has handled the increase of business at a very little increase of expense, and without any loss of life to a passenger. With the double track that was completed and put in operation in June, 1891, and with the new sidings that have been completed, even better results are looked for during the present year.

The company has been able, through contracts with new mines that have been opened, to secure very cheap coal for its engines, at that the large increase of toppage and passengers has

engines, so that the large increase of tonnage and passengers has been handled at a less expense for fuel. The company is now getting coal suited to its use, loaded on its cars at sixty cents per ton of 2,240 pounds, which is a remarkably low price.

The output and distribution of coal for the year have been as follows:

OUTPUT	OF COAL.	
	YE.	AR ENDING.
	June 30, 18	90. June 30, 1891.
	Tons.	Tons.
Cannel	10,444	20,473
Coe	463.742	
Splint and Block	420,197	
New River	790,982	1,042,527
Coke	234,759	269,198
	1,920,124	2,275,698

DISTRIBUTION OF COAL.

	YEAR	Ending.
J_{i}	ine 30, 1890.	June 30, 1891
- 16 6 Clampan	Tons. 329,910	Tons. 374,479
Fuel for use of Company Delivered to points on Cincinnati	529,910	314,419
Division and beyond	273,650	352,458
Delivered to points on E. L. & B. S. R. R.	44,675	61,469
Delivered to points on C. & O. (old line), except Richmond	229,303	231,385
Delivered to points on C. & O. (James River Division), except Rich-	,	,
mond	120,792	177,016
Valley R. R		1,275
Delivered to points on Virginia Mid- land Railway	54,746	63,893
Delivered to points on R. F. & P. R. R.	20,184	23,917
Delivered at Richmond	161,799	176,827
Delivered at James River wharves.	10,313	16,210
Delivered at Newport News, Nor- folk, etc	33,158	24,399
Shipped at Newport News	641,594	772,370
	1,920,124	2,275,698

The Operating Department has during the past year continued the work of steadily improving the physical condition of the existing property. As the stockholders well know, the whole tendency of railway management for years back has been (as a matter of necessity) towards heavy engines and large cars, which require heavy rails, ballasted roadbed, strong bridges and long side tracks. With the low rates of compensation which now prevail, a railway doing a large traffic, which should adhere to the lighter and less economical standards of a few years ago, would not to day be able to earn its operating expenses. The transition from the old to the new conditions necessitates a large amount of reconstruction work and the substitution of heavier material for that which is abandoned. The principal lines of railway commenced making the change gradually ten years (or more) ago, but the impoverished condition of the Chesapeake & Ohio rendered such a general course impossible for it to pursue; indeed, in many respects its financial straits necessitated a retrograde movement, and the neglect of even ordinary maintenance.

As a result, an unusually large amount of reconstruction has devolved upon the Operating Department since the reorganization of the Company, to put the existing property in order and to bring it up to modern conditions, such as alone permit of its profitable operation.

The principal items of expenditure partaking more or less of

operation.

bring it up to modern conditions, such as alone permit of its profimable operation.

The principal items of expenditure, partaking more or less of
this character during the past fiscal year, have been: Stone ballast on 88°2 miles, and gravel, slag and cinder ballast on 163°6
miles (aggregating 9,615 carloads of stone, 14,897 carloads of
gravel and 8,466 carloads of slag and cinders); the laying of 78
miles with 75-pound steel in the place of lighter rail, and the charging of the difference in the rail and the cost of laying the same
to expenses; also \$45,322.47 spent in arching Big Bend and
Millboro tunnels, which were not arched when the road
was built, but have been in process of arching for several years;
a large portion of the cost of re-building the Hinton roundhouse,
which was too old and dilapidated for further use, and in place
of which a large and economical house has been built; the
building of 9 miles of widing for industrial works and 21 additional miles of sidings for passing of trains; also considerable
expenditures for new stations along the line; and finally, for
replacement of equipment, as detailed in the General Manager's
report, a considerable sum in excess of full maintenance and
ordinary renewals.

Of course, a certain amount of work of the character detailed

Of course, a certain amount of work of the character detailed is always necessary, but the outlays of the past year (like those of the two previous years) are largely in excess of the average, and a good part of them represent reconstruction which, under ordia good part of them represent reconstruction which, under ordinary conditiont, should have been commenced years ago, and bave been spread out gradually. In addition to these special items, the condition of the road and equipment generally has been kept up to first-class standard in every way, and \$41,524 57 have been spent in ballasting and widening banks on the Cincinati Division, which suffered during the floods of 1890; also \$70,202 02 in rebuilding Bull Creek and Cabin Creek bridges on the same division, both of which (wing to defective construction)

\$70,202 02 in rebuilding Bull Creek and Cabin Creek bridges on the same division, both of which (owing to defective construction) were carried away by flood in that year.

The expenditures mentioned, have, of course, added to the apparent cost of operating the road during the past year, but it is gratifying to state that their benefit is most evident in the condition of the property and the results from its operation, including its freedom from accidents and delays due to defective

track or poorly maintained equipment (which were formerly of frequent occurrence), and its unusual freedom from other serious accidents, to say nothing of the greater facility and constantly increasing ratio of economy with which its business is transported. Transportation difficulties have been the great problem on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, and they are now mostly overcome. The road is also reaching a point where the extraordinary betterments can be steadily reduced, and the stockholders will have secured to themselves a permanently large and established traffic, with a road able to handle it economically and profitably.

lished traffic, with a road able to handle it economically and profitably.

Duting the next few years the heaviest extra outlay will probably be for filling trestles. There are a dozen or more large trestles on the Huntington Division, which should be filled up (rather than rebuilt) before their safe limit of life is reached, and the policy of your management will be to fill them up gradually, spreading the expense over the next five years. A good deal of ballasting also remains to be done, and a moderate amount will have to be expended annually in other needed betterments, including some additional sidings in each year: also in the continuhave to be expended annually in other needed betterments, including some additional sidings in each year; also in the continuance of the work of arching tunnels until their completion, which at the present rate of progress will take about three years. It would seem probable, however, that with the increased earnings of the company, the work could be handled without an undue ratio of expense, and that the company, before very much longer, would be able to consider the question of paying moder ate dividends on its first preferred stock, and in due course to increase them and later on to pay on its second preferred stock also.

COST OF ROAD AND EQUIPMENT.

The following condensed statement of cost of road and equipment and the amounts charged to construction during the year is published here in order that the stockholders may see just what the expenditures under this head have been; they are as

The balance sheet of June 30, 1890, showed the cost of the entire line, including additions and the Richmond and Allegheny Division, also the New River Bridge, to be on that date.... **\$106,553,138 56** 107,000 00 45,000 00 Other reorganization claims. 17,798 67 incircle reorganization cannot be decivered in a control of claims against Receivers of Richmond & Alleghany Railroad Company, subject to which the property was acquired..... 28,897 34

Total......\$106,751,834 57

All miscellaneous improvements made during the past year, have been handled by the Operating Department, and their cost has been included in operating expenses.

The two principal charges to Construction Account during the

years have been:
Cost of Craig Valley Branch, 26½ miles, (nearly completed on July 1st).
Cost of 1,000 box cars and 500 coal cars; also 12 locomotives, the purchase of which was announced in the last report, and part of additional passenger equipment..... 1,111,987 58

\$1,721,236 10

The other charges to this account have been for the balance of cost of the 23 miles of double track, freight yards, shops, etc., undertaken two years ago; the cost of completing the Hawk's Nest and Cabin Creek branches, and Fortress Monroe and Fourth Street, Cincinnati, extensions; also for some additional real estate required, together with one or two other items as detailed

below.

It is gratifying to note the completion of the double track, also of the shops and yards, and to state that the company now has, for the first time in its history, these facilities in some degree approaching its requirements. Their advantage is shown in the ease with which the increased volume of traffic going over the line at the date of this report is handled.

The cost of this work during the past year has been:

The cost of this morn daring the past jobs has be	
For yards, roundhouse and additions to shops at Covington, Ky.; drainage work at Covington, Bellevue and Dayton, Ky.; viaduct	
at Newport, Ky., also other additions on	
Cincinnati Division and Ohio River Bridge	\$189,617 38
For completion of 23.2 miles double track (Clifton Forge to Low Moor, Don to Brooks,	
Thurmond to East Sewell, and Mt. Carbon	
to Handley)	264,926 49
For completion of Hawk's Nest Branch	35,038 44
For completion of Cabin Creek Branch	28,867 98
For completion of Fortress Monroe extension	11,393 03
For extension in Ashland (not yet finished)	25,926 50
For additional real estate (mostly at Newport News)	36,975 64
view vards	60 016 70

83,966 83

\$753,748 26

W	ork at	Clifton	Forge ;	also co	mpletin
Less p	w yard roceeds	s at that of land	sold	\$33	3,966
For co	mpletic	on of Fo	irth Stre	et elevate	ed exte

Taking the total cost of road and equipment on June 30, 1891 (after deducting \$8,722 75 for credit balance of snndry items), as per

FUTURE ADDITIONS.

The problem that seems to confront your Directors is how to take care of the increased business that is constantly pressing upon them. It will be noticed that the earnings of the Company (both gross and net) since the present management took charge have steadily grown, and the future never looked so promising as to-day. To take care of the rapid increase of business requires considerable expenditures. The Company has still in its treasure \$1,000,000 of its 5 per cent consolidated bonds, which can by sold from time to time for terminals, additional double track and other like purposes, so far as they will go.

The policy of the Company should be to add to its equipment; to build additional sections of double track on the main line, and steadily to develop business by the construction of branch lines into the coal fields and timber territory of West Virginia.

The Company will also, in the course of the next few years, have to improve its terminal facilities at Richmond, Lynchburg, and one or two other points. Fortunately, all or nearly all of the land for these purposes is already owned. The heaviest outlay will be at Richmond, to effect a suitable connection between the old main line and the James River Division tracks without interfering with the city streets. An additional merchandise pier at Newport News is also urgently needed.

Means for such work must of course be provided when opportunity offers, by issuing such securities as the stockholders may determine.

may determine.

FIXED CHARGES.

The fixed charges of the Company for the coming year, in cluding rentals, etc., are estimated as follows:

	6 per cent. on	\$2,287,000 00	Purchase Money Bonds	\$137,220 00
	6 per cent. on	2,083,729 17	DODGS OF 1908	122,023 75
	6 per cent. on	2,000,000 00	Bonds of 1911	120,000 00
	6 per cent. on	2,658 89	Bonds of 1918	
	6 per cent. on	142,000 00	Bonds of 1922	159 58
١	5 per cent, on	22,096,000 00	Consolidated Mortgage 5s	8,520 00
Į	6 per cent. on	474,000 00	Equipment 6s	1,104,800 00
ı	4 per cent, on	1,000,000 00	James River (R. & A.) Division	28,440 00
ł	- 801 001111 011	2,000,000 00	let Montage	40 000 00
I	2 per cent, on	5,000,000 00	1st Mortgage.	40,000 00
Į	* per cent. on	0,000,000 00	James River (R. & A.) Division	*** ***
ı	4 per cent. on	1,000,000 00	1st Mortgage	100,000 00
1	4 per cent. on	1,000,000 00	James River (R. & A.) Division	
ı		ána 600 00	2d Mortgage	40,000 00
١	5 per cent. on	650,000 00	Craig Valley Branch 1st Mort-	
ı			gage	32,500 00
ı	5 per cent. on	400,000 00	Warm Springs Branch 1st Mort-	
١			gage	20,000 00
I	6 per cent. on	10,000 00	Elevator Bonds	3600 00
1	4 per cent. on	820,000 00	Elevator Bonds	32,800 00
ı	6 per cent. on	170,000 00	New River Bridge Bonds	10,200 00
1	5 per cent. on	823,000 00	Alleghany Car Trusts	16,150 00
ł	6 per cent. on	900,000 00	(Average amount) Equipment	
ł			Notes	54,000 00
ı	8 per cent, on	60,200 00	Manchester Bonds	4,816 00
1	5 per cent. on	36,000 00	Manchester Bonds	1,800 00

\$1,874,029 28 Trackage, Rentals, etc., are, say (net)..... 30,000 00

The foregoing figures are exclusive of taxes, which amounted last year to \$163,100 90. Taxes, which have heretofore been treated as a part of "Fixed Charges," will hereafter be included in the monthly operating expenses, in conformity with the custom now generally adopted by railway companies.

Attached to this report will be found the balance sheet of the company, a statement of profit and loss account, tables showing earnings and operating expenses in detail, and other statistics of the Company; also, the report of the General Manager, giving the details of the various operations of the Company in his charge. charg

All of which is respectfully submitted.

By order of the Board of Directors.

M. E. INGALLS, President.

\$111,794,779 26

CINCINNATI, O., September 10, 1891.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

\$111,794,779 26

			JUNE 3
Debit. To cost of road and equipment, including ownership in Maysville & Big Sapdy			
R. R. Co. and Covington and Cincinnati Bridge, also Paint Creek, Cabin Creek,			
Hawk's Nest and Craig Valley Branches. To cost of sundry securities:	*********	\$1	09,218,096 18
Subscription to Southern Improve- ment Co. securities (Warm Springs			
Valley properties) Sundry subscriptions to enterprises.	\$100,000	00	
&c	15,396		
Craig Co. stock (land at Bessemer)	9,546		
Rockbridge Alum and Goshen Ry Freestone & Kinniconnick R. R. Co.			
stock	44,658		
Greenbrier & New River R. R. Co	54,567		
Buckingham R R. bonds	41,500		
Seat N Y. Produce Exchange	857		
Sundry construction and equipment	119,791	25	
To special cash deposit to pay Coupons To Special cash deposit to pay balance	\$218,720	73	426,493 55
cost Craig Valley Branch	44,697	52	000 410 05
To material and supplies on hand To cash in hands of Treasurer	\$362,551 82,142		263,418 25
To current Accounts, Agents, Conductors' Balances, etc.,	731,697	co	
To amount due by Coal Agencies	520,475		
To profit and loss			1,696,866 83 189,904 45

30	1891.		
1	Credit.		
E	r eapital stock— First preferred. Second preferred. Common.	12,000,000 00	271 000 000 000
1 -	- Annalad daha		\$71,000,000 00
E	y funded debt— Six per c't P. M. gold bonds, due 1898. Six per cent gold bonds, due 1908 Six per cent gold bonds, due 1911 Six per cent currency bonds, due 1918 Six per cent gold bonds, due 1922	\$2,287,000 00 2,033,729 17 2,000,000 00 2,658 89 142,000 00	
	Six per cent equipment bonds	474,000 00	
1	First consolidated mortgage five per		
ŧ	cent gold bonds	22,096,000 00	
1	First mortgage four per cent gold	,	
1	bonds, R. & A. Division	1,000,000 00	
1	First mortgage two to four per cent	-,,	
1	gold bonds, R. & A. Division	5,000,000 00	
1	Second mortgage four per cent gold		
1	bonds, R. & A. Division	1,000,000 00	
1	First mortgage five per cent gold	-,,	
1	bonds, Craig Valley Branch	650,000 00	
1	New River Bridge six per cent gold	,	
1	bonds	170,000 00	
1	Manchester City eight per cent bonds	60,200 00	
1	Manchester improvement five per		
1	cent. bonds	36,000 00	
ı			
1		\$36,951,588 06	
	Allegheny five per cent Car Trust certificates	323,000 00	
1	C. & O. Equipment notes, six per cent.	1,010,190 18	
1	Real Estate notes	75,238 24	
			38,360,016 48
E	By unpaid coupons (see special cash de-		
	posit, \$218,720 73, opposite)	\$218,531 64	9/99
E	by accrued interest on funded debt	256,270 61	
1			474,802 25
E	ly bills payable to coal operators (see		and a
1_	coal agencies, opposite)	\$454,373 34	1426
E	y bills payable for rails, supplies, &c	452,123 92	
	y audited vouchers	1,020,530 64	
B	y sundry liabilities	32,932 63	1 050 060 57
1			1,959,960 53

New Bonds and Stocks Authorized or Offered.-The following is a list of new issues of securities offered or to be offered:

Belmont, Mass.—\$25,000 school and refunding, and \$10,000 street improvement 4 per cent bonds, due in one to ten years. Bids are in-vited.

BRANDON, Mass.-Water works and sewer bonds are authorized.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—\$1,000,000 4 per cent permanent water loan bonds, due January 1, 1911. Bids will be received till October 14 by T. F. Jackson, Comptroller

BUPALO, N. Y.—\$150,000 refunding 3½ per cent bonds, due 1911, are offered. The details of the offering will be found in our advertising columns,

Campan, N. J.—\$35,000 4 per cent water bonds, redeemable in 1902, are authorized.

CUMBERLAND, R. I.—\$100,000 funding 4 per cents, due 1892 and after.
Bids will be received till October 24. Full particulars are given in
our advertising columns.

DAYTON, OHIO.—\$100,000 street bonds. Bids will be received till October 23 by C. A. Herbig, City Auditor.

GRAND FORKS, No. DAK.—\$50,000 sewer bonds are to be issued.

NEW WHATCOM, WASH.—\$370,000 sewer bonds proposed.

MACON, GA.—\$210,000 sewer bonds are authorized.

REDLANDS, CAL.—\$100,000 drainage ditch bonds are to be issued.

SOMERVILLE, Mass.—New bonds are authorized.

SPRINGFIBLD, Mo.-\$50,000 412 per cent 10-20 sewer bonds, due 1911, are offered. Full particulars are given in our advertising columns.

Watertown, N. Y. \$20,000 street and sewer bonds are to be issued.

d nd

REPORT UPON CONDITION AND BUSINESS PROSPECTS

EDWARD BATES DORSEY.

In compliance with instructions, I have carefully examined the Monterey & Mexican Gulf Railroad, which extends from Venadito or Trevino, a station on the International Railway of Mexico, southeasterly through Monterey and Victoria to Tampico, a total length of 393 miles.

Sixty-six miles from Venadito it crosses the National Railway at Monterey. This road has been built by a concession from the Mexican Government, which gives a grant of \$8,000 per kilometer in 6 per cent bonds at 90 cents of their nominal value; this equals \$14,220 Mexican money per mile. All this subsidy has gone or will go to the contractors. The concession from the Mexican Government is in two concessions, covering the entire line, one from Trevino or Venadito to Monterey, and the other from Monterey to Tampico.

The Mexican Government has recently given a subsidy for opening the harbor of Tampico. Mr. E. L. Corthel, the eminent engineer who had charge of and directed and built the Mississippi River jetties below New Orleans, is the consulting engineer of the Tampico Harbor works, He is sanguine that

Mississippi River jetties below New Orleans, is the consulting engineer of the Tampico Harbor works, He is sanguine that he will soon have on the bar 24 feet of water. At the present time there is 93/4 (nine and three-fourths) feet at the end of the south jetty, and minimum depth of 13 feet between jetties. The lighterage charge is now \$1.70 Mexican or \$1.23 American money per ton from the ship to the wharf. The railroad company has a contract at these rates, pending the opening of the harbor. This road is standard gauge, 4.81/4, with 56 pound steel rail laid with double standard angle plates with four bolts at the joint; nearly all switches are of the standard split type, with improved standard and targets, and 2,640 ties to the mile. The ties are 8 feet long, 7x8 Southern pine and tropical had wood. It is very well built about 16 mile. The ties are 8 feet long, 7x8 Southern pine and tropical hand wood. It is very well built, about 40 per cent being ballasted; most of the remainder can be operated as it is, the soil being very favorable. Of course it would be much better to have it thoroughly ballasted, which would cost \$350,000 Mexi-

being very favorable. Of course it would cost \$350,000 Mexican money.

The depot buildings, stations and section-houses are well located and built, and are ample for a large traffic. The water tanks are of iron on stone masonry, all equipped with steam pumps and some with windmills. The depot building, in which are located the general offices, at Monterey, is especially a fine building, being built of brick, handsomely trimmed with black marble.

Tampico by this road is the nearest port on tidewater to the northeastern quarter of Mexico, embracing over 185,000 square miles, and with a large population must necessarily command the trade of this section, with its rich mines. The road also passes through a very rich agricultural country, producing corn, coffee, sugar, dyewoods, all kinds of tropical and semi-tropical fruits and vegetables.

The traffic of the road will be largely the export of ores and bullion, and the import of coal, coke and lumber for the different smelters, reduction works and mines. In addition to the mining business is the transporting of farm products, principally corn, sugar, coffee and fruits, and the imports to the interior, being the shortest mileage, and consequently the cheapest route to a very large, populous and rich section of Mexico.

The railroad intersects the International Railroad, of stand-

Mexico.

The railroad intersects the International Railroad, of standard, or 4 feet 8½ inch gauge, at Venadito, and the Mexican National, of 3 feet gauge, at Monterey, with both of which it has profitable traffic connections, which make it a connecting line for the City of Mexico traffic.

No railway system of Mexico has such a high percentage of good farming land along it as this. In fact, nearly all the distance from Monterey to Tampico can be called good agricultural country, and now that the railroad gives cheap transportation many of the streams that the railroad crosses will be used more extensively for irrigation, thereby largely increasing the crops and consequently the traffic.

The following are some of the principal places on this railroad, with their population resident and tributary:

Monterey	50,000
Juarez	5.000
Cadereyta	35,000
Montemorales	32,000
Linares	40.000
Victoria	30.000
Tampico	15,000

These figures are only approximate as all Mexican figures

These figures are only approximate as all Mexican figures of population are inaccurate.

The road has easy grades, the maximum being 1½ per cent and easy curves with very cheap fuel, paying small wages, and as the legal charges for freight are very high, it will be operated for less than half of the earnings.

Monterey is now the most important industrial town in Mexico, and 70 per cent of its business will go over this road. At the present time it has the following smelting furnaces: 9 in operation, 9 under construction and 4 that will be commenced soon. A large machine shop and foundry is in operation. moperation, 9 under construction and 4 that will be commenced soon. A large machine shop and foundry is in operation. A large brewery is under erection. The smelting furnaces will require daily over 1,000 tons of ore and 200 tons of coke, of which 70 per cent of the ore and all the coke will pass over this road; they will ship 200 tons of bullion per day, all

MONTEREY & MEXICAN GULF RAILROAD. of which must pass over this road. Other smelters are in contemplation, which will add largely to the net earnings.

This road has contracts with the three smelters at Monterey which will give in gross annual	
earnings from the shove of	\$1,240,22
All the business of these smelters, as reported, amounts to \$1,452,750	
From which 30 per c't of the ore business must be deducted as belonging to other railroads 212,530	
Balance\$1,240,220	

Total annual profit, Mexican money......\$1,240,220 It is estimated that the present consumption of coal and coke that will be imported through Tampico and transported over this road, independent of that required by the three Monterey smelters, is over 225,000 tons annually.

This company owns considerable valuable land independent of its right of way, the most important being

miles of water front on deep water, being by far the best there for dock purposes.

As the road has only been completed to tide-water at Tampico within the last few days, it has done no through business. Its business has heretofore been confined to local traffic. For this purpose its rolling stock, yard ac commodations and sidings have been ample, but now with the large increased business all must be largely increased.

As soon as possible this road should be extended northwesterly from Venadito through the Cuatro Cienegas and Sierra Mojada mining districts to the Mexican Central Railway. This would open up these and other important mining districts, and would give the road a much larger haul on these ores than now, as well as on the imports and farm products going from the coast to the interior. The peculiar kind of ores produced by the Sierra Mojada mines are very necessary to the Monterey and other smelters, and they will require daily several hundred tons of them.

In all my railway experience I have never seen a new rail-

In all my railway experience I have never seen a new rail-road commence operations with such absolute certainty of good and profitable future business, with binding legal con-tracts that will much more than pay its fixed charges on the first issue of bonds.

(Signed)

EDWARD BATES DORSEY.

REPORT UPON THE CONDITION AND BUSINESS BY CECIL GABBETT.

In accordance with instructions I visited Mexico during the latter part of July of this year, and inspected the above-named road, whose gauge is 4 feet 8½ inches, from Trevino to a point near Tampico, the latter being the southern terminal of the road, situated on the Gulf of Mexico, and the former being the northwestern terminus where it intersects the Mexican International Railroad, whose gauge is standard (4 feet 8½ inches.) At Monterey it crosses the Mexican National Railroad, whose gauge is 3 feet. The entire length of the road is 393 miles, on which the grading, track-laying and bridging have been finished. This line of railroad had granted to it by the Government of Mexico two concessions covering the entire line, one from Trevino to Monterey and the other from Monterey to Tampico.

PHYSICAL CONDITION AND LOCATION OF ROAD FROM TRE

PHYSICAL CONDITION AND LOCATION OF ROAD FROM TRE VINO TO TAMPICO.

The location traverses mostly wide valleys bounded on the west by the Sierra Madre Mountains and by the San Carlos Mountains on the east. The grading is very light, the maximum grades being 1½ per cent, with easy curvature. The soil is of a loamy texture, with "tippe tatte," or cement gravel, in abundance, the latter making an excellent ballast, quite an amount of which has been placed under the track, forming a first-class road-bed. In my opinion it will be unnecessary to make any large outlay for ballasting, since this work can proceed from time to time in connection with the repairs of the road, utilizing the regular track forces.

The ties are of standard dimensions, being 7 by 8 inches, 8 feet long, and of Southern pine, sawn, 2,640 to the mile, and

The rail is 56 lbs. per yard, steel, laid with double standard angle plates, four bolts to the joint. Mostly all the switches are of the standard split type, with stands and targets of the most improved character. The bridges are all wooden, made of Southern pine, built substantially, and varying in height

from 18 to 56 feet. Several of these wooden bridges are being replaced by iron ones placed on substantial stone abutments, the construction of which is well under way. These, when completed, will cost in the neighborhood of \$500,000. On the completed, will cost in the neighborhood of \$500,000. On the whole, the cost of the maintenance of the bridges on this line will not be an item of much expense as compared with other lines in the United States. The water stations are all of a substantial character, having iron tanks with a capacity of 30,000 gallons, placed on masonry supporters. These water stations are to be run by windmills, some of which have already been received. By this means of pumping the cost of water supply will be reduced to a minimum. The shops of the company are located at Monterey, and though at present sufficiently large will before long require large additions. They now consist of one wooden round house with 15 stalls, foreman and tool houses and car shed. Neatness and order were to be found everywhere I went. The yard facilities at Monterey are also inadequate for the business, but I was informed that a number of additional tracks were to be laid at an early date. Material in the shape of steel rail and ties, and in abundance, was already on the ground for this purpose. The telegraph line which belongs to the company has been built in a substantial manner and is a source of revenue.

The side track facilities as they now stand are sufficient, but

The side track facilities as they now stand are sufficient, but will have to be increased as the traffic increases. The station buildings, with the exception of those at Cadereyta, Montemorelos and Monterey are of wood, the latter being of stone. The one at Monterey, which will cost about \$42,000, to be completed in about thirty days, will contain the general offices of the company. These three stations are equal in design and workmanship to any of the same character of stations to be found in the United States on the best equipped roads. The wooden stations will also do credit to any road, being neat and commodious. The following is a list of stations which have depots, besides owning right of way 100 feet wide, from Trevino to Tampico:

	cres.	A	cres.
At Trevino it owns	200	At Villagran	15
Monterey			40
Cadereyia	10		40
San Juan	275		40
Teran	10	Gonzales	200
Montemorelos	10		.500
Linares	1.5		,

Also all the stations between Trevino and Monterey have suitable and ample station grounds. It has been and is still the policy of this company to give or lease land suitable for enter-prises on which to locate. In consequence of this policy hav-ing been in force most of the industries of Monterey are located on grounds donated by this company which are reached solely by their tracks and to which toll is paid by other rail-

solely by their tracks and to which toll is paid by other rail-road companies, amounting to not less than one dollar per car. The estimated value of this plant at Monterey is in the neighborhood of half a million dollars. The facilities at Tam-pico I consider unrivaled. The company's lands extend about two miles down the Panuco River, commanding a valu-able wharf frontage on deep water. The removal of the bar at Tampico is a matter which bears an important part in the earning canacity of this road honce a careful investigation of at Tampico is a matter which bears an important part in the carning capacity of this road, hence a careful investigation of this subject was made, necessitating a trip to the City of Mexico to examine into such records as were on file in the office of the Secretariat of Public Works, which examination resulted in the following information being obtained. The Panuco River for some miles above the city of Tampico has a width of from 1,500 to 1,800 feet to its intersection with the Gulf of Mexico, where it has been contracted to 1,300 feet. It has an area of about 1,000 acres, of 24 feet water at low tide, with a channel of 36 feet. The plans for the removal of the bar were made by Mr. E. L. Corthell, and are being executed by Mr. Wronaske, both of these gentlemen having been connected with Mr. Eads on his works at the South Pass on the Mississippi. The north jetty starts at shore line, and continues straight into the Gulf, taking the direction of the river for some miles above. The jetty on the south side leaves the shore on a curve, which is continued until its tangent is parallel to 1,000 feet from the north jetty, contracting the channel and giving a current of fire miles and continued to the lide. continued until its tangent is parallel to 1,000 feet from the north jetty, contracting the channel and giving a current of five miles an hour at ebb tide. The north jetty on July 15th had been run into the Gulf 5,700 feet, leaving 1,300 feet yet to be built. The south jetty had reached a distance of 5,300 feet. The minimum depth between jetties is 18 feet. The effect of the work thus far done has been to move the outline of the bar outwards or seawards without materially deepening channels across the same. No radical result could be expected while the work is in course of construction, with no portion completed and the waters of the Gulf passing over the jetties as they now do. The work of completion of jetties is being pushed forward, and it is hoped deep water will be reached by next November, resulting in the securing of a harbor giving at least 24 feet of water. This achieved, will without doubt secure Tampico as the port on the Gulf through which the majority of the traffic of the republic from foreign points, together with traffic from the Eastern States of America, will the majority of the traffic of the republic from foreign points, together with traffic from the Eastern States of America, will find its way. From Tampico there are only two lines of railroads, one being the Monterey & Mexican Gulf RR., with easy grades and light curvature, entering large markets direct or over its connections. The other is the Mexican Central RR., which, unfortunately, has to contend with extraordinarily heavy grades and curvature, the latter having been reported as 18 per cent while the former is 4½ per cent. These hindrances would debar this line from competing with the Mon-

terey & Mexican Gulf RR. for business for points north of Tam-pico and east of its own lines between El Paso and the City of Mexico.

Mexico.

The sanitary condition of Tampico is reported good, yellow fever not having existed there since 1879, at which time it was brought from New Orleans. The commerce of this port is increasing with marvelous strides. Many new docks, warehouses, offices and residences are now under construction. Tampico is picturesquely situated on a succession of beautful hills, rising to an altitude of 300 feet, and affording natural drainage. It is totally unlike the average Mexican town, in that the buildings, instead of being flat-roofed, have gable ends. The character of the soil through which the Monterey & Mexican Gulf RR. passes is rich in the extreme, and capable ends. The character of the soil through which the Monterey & Mexican Gulf RR. passes is rich in the extreme, and capable of growing any products. It requires only to be cultivated, which, now that the road is practically completed, will be rapidly done. The soil requires no fertilizing, the climate admitting of two crops being raised per year; hence it is fair to surmise that in a few years the transportation of the agricultural produce will be a source of large revenue to the railroad company. On the whole, the physical condition of this line is better than nine out of ten new lines I have ever passed over.

TRAFFIC.

The local traffic on this line is worked on the basis of the rates granted in the concession by the Mexican Government, the only change in the same being the adoption of another class, "A," which covers practically light, bulky and perishable articles, and the subdivision of the 1st. 2d and 3d classes into "car loads" and "less than car loads," thus giving practically every classes the car load rates being lowered work. into "car loads" and "less than car loads, thus giving practically seven classes, the car load rates being lowered upon a graduated scale on basis of 10 per cent. Class A is advanced 50 per cent over 1st class. It was found admissible in consequence of competition of coast lines to reduce the rates on local business as far east as Montemorelos (60 miles), but in no local business as far east as Montemorelos (60 miles), but in no case was it to be less than eight and three tenths cents per ton per mile for less than car loads and three cents per ton per mile on car loads. Prior to the building of this line the territory tributary to it was supplied mostly from Matamoras. Now Monterey is doing the bulk of the business. That portion of the line from Trevino to Monterey (66 miles) will not yield much local traffic for the present at least. There are but three points on it which can contribute much business, viz.: Garcia, Eutamala and Padrone. The first of these has a population of about 3,000 inhabitants: the last two have back of them a section of country with about 10,000 people. The through business of this portion of the line will be an important factor, since it connects with the Mexican International RR., being of the same gauge and bringing it in close contact with the trade of the country tributary to that line as well as the Mexican Central territory, north of Zacatecas. It has also placed Monterey on an equality with San Louis Potosi and the City of Mexico, in so far as having through rates from the United States, previous to north of Zacatecas. It has also placed Monterey on an equality with San Louis Potosi and the City of Mexico, in so far as having through rates from the United States, previous to which Monterey was simply a local point on the Mexican National RR.; hence the rapid growth of the business of this town. Its merchants are now distributing goods throughout the entire length of the line of the Mexican International RR., and along the Mexican Central, between Zacatecas and Chihuahua. This latter will materially increase when the line is in operation to Tampico, since this company's alliance with the various steamship companies touching at Tampico will enable it to reduce rates from European and American points, and to force the long lines out of the market. There is now in effect via Tampico a rate of 50 shillings per ton on all business from Liverpool to Monterey. Out of this this company receives as its proportion 28 shillings, or two cents per ton per mile. On wheat, cotton, beans, corn, barley, etc., grown on the Mexican Central and Mexican International railroads, for points on the Monterey & Gulf RR. this company receives four cents per ton per mile. The average revenue on coke from the Felipe mines is two and one-half (2½) cents and on coal two (2) cents per ton per mile. The northern competition business with the Mexican National RR. via Eagle's Pass averages 3 cents (three cents) per ton per mile. On all competitive business except 24 Ixtle originating at or destined to points east of Monterey, the average revenue is 8½ cents per ton per mile. On Ixtle, one of its greatest stanles, the revenue is about ness except 24 1xtle originating at or destined to points east of Monterey, the average revenue is 8½ cents per ton per mile. On 1xtle, one of its greatest staples, the revenue is about 3.7-10 cents per ton per mile. During the year 1890 there was imported into the city of New York alone some 40,000 bales of this article, 26,000 bales of which went out of this republic via Tampico. During the past twelve months there was moved over this line 12,487,575 lbs. of piloncillo, or raw sugar, at an average distance of 184 miles and upon which the revenue over this line 12,437,575 lbs, of piloneillo, or raw sugar, at an average distance of 164 miles, and upon which the revenue was 7½ cents per ton per mile. I have been informed that the acreage in sugar cane this year is much larger than ever before. The cotton crop of the Lagunal country for the year 1890 was 36,000 bales, the bulk of which seeks markets in Southern Mexico. Of this the Monterey & Guif RR. moved over 8,000 bales, at a rate of not less than two cents per ton per mile. The fruit industry is rapidly developing, and is a growing source of revenue to this company. On oranges, bananas and pineapples, etc., the rate on local shipments is 10 cents per ton per mile, and on through 7 cents per ton per mile. In the past, Northern Mexico's coffee supply has reached it through Eagle's Pass, El Paso or Laredo. There are large coffee fields immediately contiguous to Tampico which ought to be a source of revenue to this company, on which a rate of 3 6-10 cents per ton per mile will be realized from Tampico to Rio Grande. There are also at Alta Mira, near Tampico, salt wells, but so far undeveloped. L

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Wool, hides and skins, live stock, cascarilla bark, dyewoods and rice are a source of constant shipments on which mostly local rates are obtained. During the past year there has been located at Monterey:

Two smelters, capacity 450 tons of ore daily, to which is now being added 250 tons a day additional.

One foundry and machine shop. One sash, door, blind and furniture factory. One rolling flour mill of 125 bbls. capacity daily.

One soap factory. Two ice factories

One machine brick yard and several ordinary hand brick

One soap factory.
Two ice factories.
One machine brick yard and several ordinary hand brick yards,
—all of which (with the exception of one ice factory) are on the company's tracks and in operation. A large brewery and cold storage house is nearing completion, from which meats from the United States are to be distributed. A third smelter of 500 tons daily capacity is under construction. This smelter is known as the Guggenheim smelter. To operate these smelters it will require daily about 1,000 tons of ore, 200 tons of coke, 133 tons of lime stone and 7 car-loads of wood. The combined output of the bullion will amount to 200 tons daily, on which the company have one, two and five years contracts, the revenue thus accruing to them on which will average two (2) cents per ton per mile. The bullion will all seek the European and New York markets via Tampico. The net revenue which the Monterey & Gulf RR. Co. will derive from the above-named smelters at Monterey in my estimation will amount to \$496,400 American money yearly at the least. In addition to the product of the Monterey smelters, contracts have been made with the Mexican smelters of the Cerrabro mining districts for their outputs, amounting to 86 tons per month. The character of the ore produced in the Sierra Mojada, LaMula and Cuatro Cienegas districts lying west of Trevino is of such a nature that the smelters at Monterey require it for fluxing purposes. Shipments of ore from Linares, in the State of Tamaulipas, commence moving at the rate of 15,000 tons per month, on which this company will receive two and one-tenth cents per ton per mile. Traffic agreements are now pending for the establishment of a line of boats from New Orleans and Pensacola to Tampico, which will enable this company to compete for business to and from all points south in the United States with the present rail lines. From these markets most of the lumber, coal and coke used in the eastern portion of Mexico will be obtained. Lumber at present at Monterey is costing about thirty dollars enable this line of railroad to handle a large volume of busi ness from the Central Traffic Association Territory. First.—The future of this railroad's success will be greatly in-

ness from the Central Traffic Association Territory.

First.—The future of this railroad's success will be greatly increased by its immediate extension into the Sierra Mojada district, a distance of about 213 miles. The proposed line between Trevino and Sierra Mojada would go up the Canyon de San Marcos, leaving Sierra de la Pila on its left. Both these districts are mineral bearing, but so far few prospectors have visited them, and no developments have been made. Several mines were discovered, but from lack of transportation facilities abandoned. At Sierra San Marcos three mines are being worked. The San Marcos is now in position to furnish 30 tons of ore daily, and the other two mines will be ready in three or four months to produce ore. In adition to these mines various others are being worked in the Sierra de la Fragus. Coal croppings are also reported to have been run across that section, but nothing definite has been reported on this subject. From or near San Marcos two routes are open to Sierra Majada. One by way of the Puerto de Jova, which route would traverse an undeveloped mineral country and non-agricultural. The other round by Cuatro Cienegas, tapping the trade of Cienegas with its wine and fig culture, and also securing ore from San Pablo mining district and the Purissuna range. In the latter range are located the Reforma, Santa Pila and Porvenir mines, which are now in a position to furnish 60 tons of ore daily, with prospects of large increase. The other mines in this range can furnish 20 tons daily. These ores are now being hauled by wagons to Monclova on the Mexican International RR.

Second.—The Monterey & Mexican Gulf RR. in being con-

now being hauled by wagons to motion.

Second.—The Monterey & Mexican Gulf RR. in being considered in Mexico a home enterprise, and having General Trevino as its President, is guaranteed the hearty support of all persons in its vicinity and in the republic, which counts much in its favor.

Third.—It is not dependent on agricultural products for traffic, which are only to be had at certain periods of the year, though most of the territory which it covers is capable of high cultivation and pasturage. Lands can be purchased at from

though most of the territory which it covers though most of the territory which it covers the cultivation and pasturage. Lands can be purchased at from fifty to sixty cents per acre.

Fourth.—This railroad can be operated at a very low percentage of its gross earnings, since water and fuel can be obtained at a very low cost. Also the rates permitted to be charged by the Government are very high compared with those charged in the United States, in fact more than double.

(Signed.)

CECIL GABBETT.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Oct. 2, 1891.

The weather has turned seasonably cool, putting an end to a period of excessive heat somewhat remarkable for its long duration. Rains have fallen over wide areas, and quite heavily in some sections, relieving the drought which had become serious, but hardly enough to replenish the streams that supply many towns and cities with water. General trade makes moderate progress. Speculation in leading staples show a good deal of feverishness, and fluctuations in values are often quite fitful, subject apparently to other than legitimate influences.

legitimate influences.

The following is a comparative statement of stocks of leading articles of merchandise at dates given:

	1891. Sept. 1.	1891. Oct. 1.	1890. Oct. 1.
Porkbbls.	18,482	16,585	12,379
Lardtes.	50,230	34.857	49,938
Tobacco, domestichhds.	19,581	19,978	25,861
Tobacco, foreign bales.	41.161	42,464	41,643
Coffee, Riobags.	137,721	216,242	171,109
Coffee, otherbags.	44,992	17,603	45,470
Coffee, Java, &cmats.	17,603	42,830	66,282
Sugarhhds.	3.737	792	None.
Sugarboxes.	None.	None.	None.
Sugarbags, &c.	685,037	628.576	213,476
Meladohhds.	None.	None.	None.
Molasses, foreign hhds.	603	390	125
Molasses, domesticbbls.	16,000	15,500	3,500
Hides No.	426,800	401,400	378,600
Cottonbales.	129,288	159,897	32,408
Rosinbbls.	19,860	25,998	20,791
Spirits turpentine A. bbls.	1,248	1,698	1.757
Tarbbls.	493	503	822
Rice, E. Ibags.	31,200	26,000	22,500
Rice, domestic pkgs.	300	900	1,800
Linseedbags.	None.	None.	None,
Saltpetrebags.	21,500	19,800	16,200
Jute buttsbales.	66,000	50,500	103,000
Manila hempbales.	2,707	2,707	6,707
Bisal hempbales.	14,000	11,590	10,100
Flourbbls. and sacks.	140,500	13 ,970	146,875

Lard on the spot has been inactive and variable, but closes steadier with a fair demand at 6.85@6.90c. for prime City and 7.10@7.12%c. for prime Western, with refined for the Continent quoted at 7.15@7.45c. The speculation in futures made a smart advance on Tuesday in sympathy with the rise in corn, but turned easier. To-day, however, there was a fresh advance on reduced stocks. but turned easier. To-da vance on reduced stocks.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES.

October deliveryc.	8at. 6.90	Mon. 7:30	Tues. 7:10	Wed. 7:05	Thur. 7:05	Fr4.
November delivery c.		7.07	7.16	7.10	7.09	7.15
December deliverye.	7.03	7.15	7.21	7.13	7.13	7.20

Pork has been dull but closed more active. Cut meats have

Pork has been dull but closed more active. Cut meats have been quiet. Medium and light weights of pickled bellies are quoted at 8% 28% c. Tallow is lower and more active at 5c. Cheese firmer, with a fair demand at 8% 29% c. for State factory, full cream.

Coffee on the spot has been a trifle more active, but at a slight further decline. Rio No. 7 is quoted at 13% c. Mild grades have met with a very fair inquiry at steady prices. To-day 1,600 bags Maracaibo sold on the basis of 18c. for good Cucuta. The speculation in Rio options has been less active, and prices were somewhat unsettled, showing, however, no important changes for the week, but some irregularity. To-day covering by local "shorts" caused an early decline to be recovered. The close was firm, with sellers as follows:

October 12.40c. January. 11.35c. April 1.35c.

 October
 12:40c.
 January
 11:35c.
 April
 11:35c.

 November
 11:40c.
 February
 11:30c.
 May
 11:40c.

 December
 11:35c.
 March.
 11:30c.
 June.
 11:45c.

prices.

Kentucky tobacco for the month of September has sold to the extent of only 1,200 hhds., but stocks are comparatively small; good grades are firm, low grades quite neglected. Seed leaf has again been in brisk request,
Refined petroleum is quoted at 6.40c. in bbls., 6.80c in cases, and 3.90c. in bulk, showing a slight decline from last week; naphtha 5.75c.; crude in bbl., 5.60c. and in bulk 3.10c. the same as last week. Crude certificates have been more active, selling to-day at 585c. 61c., closing at 601c. Spirits turpentine and rosins are unchanged. Wool is dull for domestic, but fairly active for foreign.

on the Metal Exchange Straits tin sold at 20 15c. for Novemor, showing a partial recovery from a recent decline. Ingot copper is dull and nominal at 12:30c. Domestic lead has slightly improved and is quoted at 4:55c. The interior iron markets have not fully maintained the improved prospects of

The statement of the Fourth Street National Bank of Philadelphia may be found among the bank statements in the advertising columns of this issue.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., October 2, 1891.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 230,966 bales, against 216,336 bales last week and 159,055 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1891, 737,588 bales, against 833,396 bales for the same period of 1890, showing a decrease since Sept. 1, 1891, of 95,808 bales

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	11,925	15,290	4,260	6,119	6,084	6,840	50,518
El Paso, &c				42		104	146
Mew Orleans	8,673	12,145	20,109	8,725	5,430	6,039	61,120
Mobile	1,870	2,335	5,222	1,283	1,104	1,300	13,164
Florida			*****				*****
Savannah	8,961	14,064	2,865	3,665	3,071	5,742	38,368
Brunsw'k, &c.				2,762		1,632	4,394
Charleston	3,743	6,644	3,651	3,714	4,247	4,157	26,156
Port Royal, &c						7	7
Wilmington	1,811	2,415	2,514	1,401	2,302	1,183	11,576
Wash'gton, &c				4			4
Norfolk	1,440	2,697	2,453	1,260	3.612	2,096	13,558
West Point	576	870	2,299	832	2,427	1,784	8,788
N'wp't N's,&c.				210		163	373
New York					200	15	215
Boston		119	341	422	163	133	1,178
Baltimore						323	223
Philadelph'a,&c	30	5		385	60	698	
Totals this week	39,029	56,634	43,714	30,824	28,700	32,065	230,968

For comparison we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since September 1, 1891, and the stock to-night, compared with last year.

Receipts to	18	891.	1	890.	#tock.		
Oct. 2.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1891.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1890.	1891.	1890.	
Galveston	50,518	192,161	48,518	189,962	95,274	53,857	
El Paso, &c.	146	440	136	431			
New Orleans.	61,120	191,189	52,759	151,096	148,392	52,702	
Mobile	13,164	42,151	10,738	36,419	12,025	11,110	
Florida			232	813			
Bavannah	38,369	159,721	49,928	182,120	97,793	60,318	
Bruns., &c.	4,394	8,355	8,828	15,989	2,187		
Charleston		63,669	29,147	98,544	46,494	58,779	
P. Royal,&c	7	13	25	25		*****	
Wilmington .	11,576	22,509	10,918	49,057	17,394	21,846	
Wash'tn,&c	4	28	21	44		******	
Norfolk	13,559	29,317	28,714	74,911	16,888	24,182	
West Point.	8,788	19.458	6,782	30,154	6,110		
NwptN&c	373	1,112	534	1.529			
Hew York	215	906	327	494	164,782	37,544	
Boston	1,178	1,787	183	205	10,000	5,000	
Baltimore	223	396		507	6,491	3,268	
Phil'del'a, &c		4,377		1,091	1,990	2,387	
Totals	230,966	737,588	246,938	833,396	625,820	330,993	

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we ive below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886
Galv'ston, &c	50,684	48,654	43,218	29,921	35,155	34,080
New Orleans	61,120	52,759	67,684	45,653	60,996	43,819
Mobile	13,164	10,738	13,518	8,746	8,944	5,304
Savannah	38,368	49,928	52,284	43,868	62,396	47,224
Charl'st'n,&c	26,156	29,172	19,062	28,937	25,084	30,238
Wilm'gt'n,&c	11,580	10,939	7,858	6,932	10,574	12,647
Norfolk	13,558	26,714	13,982	18,836	21,147	14,494
W't Point, &c	9,161	7,316	13,339	8,917	24,039	5,309
Al others	7,195	10,718	14,529	3,758	2,851	4,001
Tot.this week	230,966	246,938	245,374	190,568	251,186	197,166
Since Sept. 1.	737,588	833,396	718,173	493,499	905,962	586,491

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 107,178 bales, of which 67,283 were to Great Britain, 10,623 to France and 29,272 tothe rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week, and since September 1, 1891.

Exports	W	eek End Export		. 2.	From Sept. 1, 1891, to Oct. 2, 18 Exported to—			
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Total
Galveston	23,007	9,924	3,830	36,761	49,496	9,934	3,830	63,250
New Orleans	7,424		14,475	\$1,899	\$8,421	9,986	23,883	70,720
Mob. & Penc'la		*****						
Savannah	5,264	******	4,000	9,364	5,364		4,000	9,364
Brunswick								
Charleston	3,965			3,965	3,965			3,965
Wilmington			*****				4.820	4,820
Norfolk		******	******		1,985			1,985
West Point	3,437			3,437	6,711		*******	6,711
N'port Nws. &c					-,,,,,,		***************************************	-,,,,,,
New York	18,824	699	3,742		58,050	3.536	10,953	71.859
Boston	2,798		-,,,,,,	2,798	6,598	-,0-0	20,000	6,598
Baltimore	1.869	******	3,225	5,094	8.154	400	5,273	13,827
Philadelp'a,&c	595	*****		595	1,793			1,793
Total	67,283	10,623	29,272	107,178	180,537	23,816	50,539	254,892
Total, 1890	98,072	18,932	46,972	163,976	309,837	\$0,092	103,185	488,104

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs, Carey, Yale & Lambert. 24 Beaver Street.

	O	a Shipboo	ırd, not c	leared—)	or	
Oct. 2 at-	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans Galveston Savannah* Charleston Moblie Norfolk New York Other ports	27,648 34,080 8,000 4,000 None. 2,800 4,100 12,000	13,707 2,751 None. None. None. 425 None.	5,127 1,766 5,000 4,800 None. 2,900 5,500 8,000	4,051 1,778 5,000 1,900 None. 4,000 None. None.	50,533 40,375 18,000 10,700 None. 9,700 10,025 20,000	97,889 54,899 79,793 35,794 12,025 7,188 154,757 24,172
Fotal 1891	92,628	16,883	83,093	16,729	159,333	466,487
Fotal 1890	89,697 67,645	7,321 9,372	27,068 18,117	19,481 18,890	143,567 114,024	187,426 186,024

The speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market had a buoyant opening on Saturday last, but the higher prices were mainly the result of speculative manipulation; and on Monday, under estimates of a very full crop movement for the week, with lower prices at Liverpool, most of Saturday's advance was lost. On Tuesday there was a fresh rise, ascribed to the approach of a "cold wave" from the Northwest, and fears that the general rains at the South, which were quite heavy in some sections, might damage the bolls that were open and ready for the pickers. On Wednesday the market heavy in some sections, might damage the bolls that were open and ready for the pickers. On Wednesday the market was variable; an early advance, in which manipulation played a part, was followed by considerable depression. The receipts at the ports falling below estimates were accounted for by the news of an extensive strike among laborers at Savannah; and the weather over a great portion of the cotton region, though slightly cooler, had cleared up, dispelling for the time apprehensions of damage by excessive rains. On Thursday there were advices of serious troubles among cotton pickers in West Tennessee and a stronger report from Liverpool, but an early advance was not maintained. To-day an early advance was soon lost and a further decline took place, which was attributed to the increased receipts at the interior towns, but was largely due to realizing by bulls who had become tired of carrying their loads. Cotton on the spot has been variable. Quotations were reduced 1-16c. on Monday and advanced 1-16c. on Wednesday, although stocks begin to show a large accumulation thus early in the season. To-day the market was dull and nominal at 8 11-16c. for middling uplands. The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 449,000 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 2,060 bales, including — for export, 2,060 for consumption, — for speculation, and — in transit. Of the above — bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week—September 26 to October 2.

each day of the past week—September 26 to October 2.

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon	Tue	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Ordinary 1b.	6118	6	6	6-10	6116	6116
Strict Ordinary	73	6718	6716	73	738	738
Good Ordinary		7516 71116	7111	73	734	73
Low Middling		8116	8116	81	810	810
Strict Low Middling		8716	8716	810	810	84
Middling		850	850	81116		
Good Middling	9316	919	91	9316	9316	9314
Strict Good Middling	9916	910	91	9916	9916	9916
Middling Fair	10316	1019	1010	10316	10316	10316
Fair	10916	101	1019	10916	1001.	10916
GULF.	Sat,	Mon	Tues	Wed	Tb	Pri.
Ordinary 1b.	619	6716	6716	619	610	610
Strict Ordinary	61016	678	67	61516		61516
Good Ordinary	71316	734	73	71316	7131.	71314
Strict Good Ordinary	810	818	318	8314	8318	8316
Low Middling	8918	818	819	8914	89.6	8916
Strict Low Middling	81516	878	878	81618	81516	81516
Middling	918	9116	9116	918	918	918
Good Middling	950	9916	9916	95	958	95
Strict Good Middling	10	91518	91516	10	10	10
Middling Fair		10916	10914	1059	10%	10
Fair.	11	10151	101516	11	11	11
STAINED.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordinary 1b.	51316	534	54	51316	\$1316	51316
Strict Good Ordinary	6716	638	624	6716	6718	6716
Low Middling	7016	714	714	7518	7516	75:4
Middling	8 16	71516		818	818	84

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales of cotton on the spot and for future delivery each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.

	SPOT MARKET SALES OF SPOT AND TRANSIT.						Sales of Futures.	
	CLOSED.	Ex-	Con-	spee- ul'i'n	Fran-	Total.		
daturday	Firm		825			825	72,600	
Monday	Steady at 118 dc. Quiet but firm		233 236			233 236	84,300 76,500	
Wed'day .	Steady at 116 ad.	****	349			349	103,800	
	Quiet	****	230 187	****	****	230 187	58,400 53,400	
Total			3.080			2,060	449,000	

ul	lowin	1 3	rehensi	ve table:	7	Z	Œ.	by t
Balessines Sep. 1. 91	totalsales this week.	riday, Oct. 2— Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	hursday, Oct. 1— Sales, total	Wednesd'y, Sep. 30— Bales, total	Fuesday, Sept. 29— Sales, total	Monday, Sept. 28- Sales, total. Prices paid (range) Closing	Saturday, Sept. 26- Sales, total	FUTURES.
3 213 900	449,000	Variable. 53,400 8.45 a 9.69 Lower.	Variable. 58,400 8.48 # 9.63 Dull.	Variable. 103,800 8.48 # 9.57 Easier.	Buoyant. 76,500 8.40@ 9.60 Steady.	Lower. 84,300 8.48@ 9.60 Quiet.	Buoyant. 72,600 9.47 2 9.70 Steady.	Range and Total Sales.
19 600	1,300 8.46	AVer	Aver	Aver - ** Nominal.	Aver 8.45 8.45 a -0 8.45 a -8.51	Aver 8.48 400 - 2 8.48 8.41- 8.44	Aver 8.47 500 8.47 a - 8.53 - 8.54	September.
207 900	13,300 8.48	Aver : 8:48 1,400 8:45# 8:51 8:44- 8:46	Aver 8:50 8:48 # 8:51 8:46 — 8:48	Aver. 8:54 3,100 8:48 # 8:55 8:44 - 8:45	Aver 8.43 8.40 # 8.58 8.49 # 8.58	Aver 8.43 Aver 4,600 12,1 8.402 8.45 8.569 8.40- 8.41 8.57-	Aver: 8:50 2,600 8:47 # 8:54 8:53 — 8:54	October.
200 000	50,900 8.64	Aver : 8.64 2,600 8.59 & 8.66 8.58 - 8.59	0 Aver 8.65 7,500 1 8.63 a 8.68 8.62 - 8.63	Aver 8.67 10,400 8.61 a 8.72 8.62 — 8.63	Aver : 8.62 6,500 8.57 a 8.67 8.67 - 8.68	A ver 8.59 12,100 8.56 a 8.62 8.57 — 8.58	Aver 8.68 11,800 8.64.0 8.71 8.70	November.
459 600	8.81	Aver: 8.79 11,000 8.74 a 8.83 8.75 — 8.76	Aver : 8.82 7,500 8.80 <i>a</i> 8.84 8.79—8.80	Aver: 8:84 17,000 8:78 a 8:90 8:79 — 8:80	Aver: 8.79 12,500 8.72 a 8.83 8.83 - 8.84	Aver 8.76 11,700 8.72 a 8.78 8.73 - 8.74	Aver: 8.85 9.800 8.820 8.88 8.86- 8.87	December.
1 417 400	195,200 8-97	Aver . 8.95 23.900 8.91 # 8.99 8.92 # 8.93	Aver: 8:98 25,600 8:95 # 9:00 8:95 — 8:96	46,100 8.95 # 9.06 8.96 - 8.97	Aver 8.95 37,200 8.88 # 8.99 8.99— 9.00	Aver: 8.92 32,500 8.89 a 8.95 8.89 - 8.90	Aver. 9.02 29,900 8.98 a 9.05 9.03 — 9.04	January.
241 000	55,800 9.12	Aver . 9.09 5,100 9.06 <i>a</i> 9.14 9.06 – 9.07	Aver . 9.12 5,000 9.10# 9.14 9.10- 9.11	Aver 9·17 15,400 9·10 a 9·20 9·10 - 9·11	Aver 9.09 10,400 9.03 # 9.15 9.14 9.15	Aver 9.06 Aver 12,400 9.04-9.08 9.16 9.04-9.05 9.16	Aver 9·19 7,500 9·15 9·9·20 9·18 - 9·19	February.
160 600	40,500 9.24	Aver 9.21 6,200 9.17 9.26 9.18 9.19	Aver 9.25 8,300 9.23 a 9.26 9.22 — 9.23	Aver 9.26 8,300 9.21 # 9.31 9.22 - 9.23	Aver . 9.22 6,600 9.17 ø 9.26 9.26 – 9.27	Aver 9-19 5,000 9-16¢ 9-21 9-16 9-18	Aver 9-29 6,100 9-25 # 9-31 9-30 — 9-31	March.
ER 400	5.800 9.34	Aver 9.30 1,100 9.29 a 9.31 9.28 - 9.29	9.32 - 9.33	9.36 9.36	9.27 9.36	9.27 # 9 9.26 9	9.39 a 9 9.40 - 9	April.
	7,400	9.40 a 9.45 9.40 a 9.45 9.40 a 9.45 9.40 a 9.45	99	9.43 # 9.51 9.43 # 9.51	9.38 a 9.46 9.46 - 9.47	9.38 # 9.41 9.36 - 9.37	9-49 9-50 9-49 9-50 9-49 9-50 9-49 9-50	May.
20000	6,100 9.51	Aver 9.50 9.48 9 9.53 9.47 - 9.48	Aver. 9.52 9.49 a 9.55 9.50 - 9.51	Aver 9.56 1,100 9.56 \$ 9.57 9.49— 9.50	9.45 0 045 9.45 0 045 9.45 0 045 9.45 0 045	Aver : 5.47 2,200 9.45 a 9.49 9.44 - 9.45	9.54 a 9.58 9.54 a 9.58 9.57 — 9.58	June.
	1.700 9.38	Aver . 9-43 Aver . 9-50 Aver	701	Aver. 9.47 Aver. 9.56 Aver. 9.42 9.59 9.56 9.58	9.61 - 9.62	2.90 Aver . 9.39 Aver . \$\frac{1.47}{2.500} Aver . 9.55 Aver . 9.60 at 5.600 at 5.60	-39 Aver . 9-49 Aver . 9-56 Aver . 9-63 Aver . 9-70 aver . 1,000 500 1,000 500 9-54 9-58 9-62 9-65 9-70 0-	July.
	1,500	9.00 60 have ineverthe a	9.63 9.63 9.64 9.66	9.63 9.55 the about the ab	Aver 9.60 9.60 a - 9.68 - 9.70	Aver 9.60 - 9.60 9.58 - 9.60	9.70 9.75 9.71 9.75	August.

We have included in the above table, and shall continue each week to give, the average price of futures each day for each month. It will be found under each day following the abbreviation "Aver." The average for each month for the week is also given at bottom of table.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:
50 pd. to exch. 500 Oct. for Jan.
06 pd. to exch. 1,000 Oct. for Nov.
17 pd. to exch. 200 Dec. for Jan.
16 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for May.
17 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for May.
18 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for May.
19 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for May.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Oct. 2), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

		1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.
•	Stock at Liverpool bales.	667,000	483,000	363,000	289,000
	Stock at London	14,000	26,000	22,000	
	Block at Bolldon	14,000	20,000		10,000
	Total Great Britain stock.			385,000	
	Stock at Hamburg	4,300	1,900	1,800	4,000
	Stock at Bremen	50,000	13,000	8,700	9,600
	Stock at Amsterdam	18,000	2,000	5,000	
	Stock at Rotterdam	• 300		300	
	Stock at Antwerp	7,000		15,000	
	Stock at House	163,000		52,000	
	Stock at Havre	10,000	3,000	6,000	72,000
	Stock at Marseilles	10,000	3,000		
	Stock at Barcelona	56,000		27,000	
	Stock at G	5,000		7,000	
	Stock at Trieste	32,000	5,000	5,000	7,000
	Total Continental stocks	345,600	152,100	127,800	130,500
	Total European stocks	1,026,600	661,100	512,800	432,500
	India cotton affoat for Europe.	38,000		37,000	
	Amer. cott'n afloat for Europe.	165,000		261,000	
	Egypt.Brazil.&c.,aftforE'r'pe			16,000	
		625,820	330,993	300,048	
	Stock in United States ports			97.710	327,641
	Stock in U. S. interior towns	142,246		87,742	107,722
	United States exports to-day.	20,680	21,086	37,669	26,144
	Total visible supply	2,039,346	1,437,058	1,252,259	1,066,007
	Of the above, the totals of Amer	dcanando	ther descri	ptionsare	as follows:
	American-	****	100 000	000 000	
	Liverpool stockbales.	504,000		202,000	
	Continental stocks	212,000	48,000	56,000	
	American affoat for Europe	165,000	298,000	261,000	123,000
	United States stock	625,820	330,993	300,048	327,641
	United States interior stocks	142,246	87,879	87.742	107,722
	United States exports to-day.	20.680		37,669	26,144
	Total American	1,669,746	984,958	944,459	805,507
	Bast Indian, Brazil, &c	100 000	-04 000	*** ***	
	Liverpool stock	163,000		161,000	
1	London stock	14,000	26,000	22,000	
١	Continental stocks	133,600	104,100	71,800	80,500
	India afloat for Europe	38,000		37,000	34,000
	Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	21,000	22,000	16,000	15,000
١	Total East India, &c	369,600	472,100	307,500	260,500
		1,669,746	984,958	944,459	805,507
1	Total visible supply	2.090.246	1.457.050	1 050 050	1.004.000
	Brice Mid Uni Liverneel	47ad.	5 4d.	63. d.	
	Price Mid. Upl., Liverpool				
1	Price Mid. Upl., New York	811 ₁₆ c.		10%c.	10316C.
	The imports into Co	ntinental	ports this	week h	ave been

7,000 bales.
The above figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 582,288 bales as compared with the same date of 1890, an increase of 787,097 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1889 and an increase of 973,339 bales as compared with 1888.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is the receipts for the week, and since September 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1890—is set out in detail in the following statement.

1	Rec	Receipts.	Crob - 2, 1	891.	Rec	Receipts. 1890	tober 3, 18	390.
TOWNS.	This week.	Since Sept.1, 91.	This week.	Stock Oct. 2.	This week.	Since Sept.1,'90.	This week.	Slock Oct. 3.
Augusta, Ga	12,192	27,620	10,826	12.881	12,672	45.743	8,537	13,937
Columbus, Ga	4,877	15,063	4.139	3.847	5,025	15,941	2,865	3,998
Macon, Ga	4,550	13,715	3,936	2,170	5,924	18,048	4,431	3,101
Montgomery, Ala	11,568	42,463		11,864	9,563	36,313	8,742	5,596
Selma, Ala	6,759	27,928		8,625	5,682	23,157	3.886	6,179
Memphis, Tenn	16,790	24,300		15,830	8,314	18,328	7,165	8,330
Nashville, Tenn	567	1,354		1,158	747	1,543	448	682
Dallas Texas	2.827	16,106		653	3,998	12,374	3,598	1,000
Sherman, Texas.	2,578	4,679	1,7.0	1,469	1,510	4,407	1,081	883
bhreveport, La	2,703	8,710	3,995	5,120	3,646	9,979	1,338	4,235
Columbia Miss.	1.412	2,991	975	150	050	0000	910	2,200
Eufaula, Ala	2,229	8,290	1,978	2,308	2,111	7,583	1.805	1,557
Albany, Ga	3,881	14,349	3,279	3,923	2,804	12,919	2.341	2,993
Atlanta, Ga		13,112		4.418	4,243	13,838	3,590	3,298
Kome, Gat	100	3,300		1,500	3,465	7,145	3,010	782
Charlotte, N. C		1,092		200	1,359	4,697	1,089	000
of Louis, Mo	7,400	14,671	5,827	2000	5,013	11,348	4,683	2,341
Navaperry 8		1363	2000	0,007	2,000	20,000	1000	Thort
Raleigh, N. C.	-	2.515	785	1.0%0	2.455	7,873	2.369	1.100
Tarboro, N. C.					394	1.563		
Louisville, Ky.*	129	589	23	236	78	370		21
Little Rock, Ark.	1,567	2,347	550	1,822	921	1,772		1,095
Brenham, Texas.	2,816	14,512	2,427	2,715	2.480	a,785	_	1,128
Houston, Texast	50,000	211,248	46,000	27.365	45,714	175,349		14,875
Helena, Ark	1,010	1,376	290	2,101	258	571		748
Greenville, Miss.	1,510	3,168	790	1,383	584	1,303		517
Meridian, Miss	1,681	4,657	1,211	1,818	1,300	3,439	1,560	1,194
Athens, Ga	3,509	4,905	1 369	2,996	2,330	3,965	1,099	1,577
Total, 31 towns 161,812	161,812	509,815	127,777	142,246	139,656	475,450	115,130	87.879

^{*} L uisville figures "net" in both years.
† Tais year's figures estimated.

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Weak	Receip	to at the	Ports.	St'k at 1	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts	from P	lant'ns.
Buding-	1889.	1890.	1991.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1889.	1890.	1891.
Aug. 28	27,700	42.810	31,429	8,737	11,979	59,001	29,339	45,825	80,455
Sept. 4	57,453	92,589	54,435	19,208	21,448	58,094	67,865	100,884	84,646
" 11	92,994	134,368	98,190	25,606	28,501	68,580	99,895	181,491	108,498
" 18	136,348	171,708	159,055	\$1,195	40,396	85,160	141,987	188,608	177,688
. 25	191,833	211,522	216,886	46,866	63,353	108,211	207,504	234,479	239,437
				87,742	87.879	143,246	286,250	271,464	\$65,001

The above statement shows: 1.—That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1891, are 833,905 bales; in 1890 were 906,705 bales; in 1889 were 792,356 bales.

2.—That, although the receipts at the outports the past week

were 230,966 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 265,001 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 271,464 bales and for 1889 they were 286,250 bales.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.— Below we give closing quotations of middling cotton at South-ern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

Week ending	CLOSE	NG QUOTA	rions for	R MIDDLIN	G COTTON	on-
October 2.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Galveston New Orleans Mobile Savannah Charleston Wilmington Norfolk Boston Baltimore Philadelphia Augusta Memphis Memphis Bt. Louis	87 ₁₆ 839 814 713 ₁₆ 8 8 814 811 ₁₆ 81 ₂ 9 81 ₆ 87 ₁₈ 83 ₈	8918 839 814 71316 819 814 81116 819 9	81g 836 814 71318 816 814 865 812 9	81 ₂ 83 ₅ 81 ₄ 713 ₁₆ 81 ₅ 82 ₅ 81 ₅ 81 ₅ 81 ₇ 87 ₁₆	81 ₉ 83 ₈ 81 ₄ 713 ₁₈ 81 ₉ 81 ₁₁₆ 81 ₉ 81 ₁₄ # 18 87 ₁₈	819 838 814 71316 8 814 839 81116 819 811, @18
Cincinnati Louisville	85 ₈	858 838	858 838	85g 83g	85 ₉	859 838

The closing quotations to-day (Friday) at other important Southern markets were as follows:

8¹8 Little Rock 8 Montgomery ... 8¹8 Nashville 7⁷8 Natchez $egin{array}{lll} 8^{1}\mathbf{9} & Newberry.... \\ 8^{3}\mathbf{1}^{s} & Raleigh.... \\ 8^{3}\mathbf{4} & Selma... \\ 8^{3}\mathbf{16} & Shreveport.... \end{array}$

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT. 1. Overland Movement for the Week and since Sept. 1.— We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since September 1. As the returns reach us by telegraph late Friday night it is impossible to enter so largely into detail as in our regular monthly report, but all the principal matters of interest are given. This weekly publication is of course supplementary to the more extended monthly statements. The results for the week ending Oct. 2 and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

	18	391.	18	890.
October 2,	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Shipped-				
Via St. Louis	5.827	16.896	4.683	9,296
Via Cairo	3,934	9.928	4,492	11,822
Via Hannibal	2,377	8,226	2,007	7.445
Via Evansville		96	51	254
Via Louisville	2,308	5,977	2,500	4.332
Via Cincinnati	1,720	4,252	1,215	3,121
Via other routes, &c	7,122	9,609	4,772	11,411
Total gross overland	23,288	54,984	19,720	47,681
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c.	2,794	7.466	1.658	2,297
Between interior towns	815	2.086	844	2,038
Inland, &c., from South	5,011	11,270	2,765	8,694
Total to be deducted	8,620	20,772	5,267	13,029
Leaving total net overland*	14,668	34,212	14,453	34,652

^{*} Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 14,168 bales, against 14,453 bales for the same week in 1890, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a decrease from a year ago of 404 bales.

In Sight and Spinners'	18	891.	18	890.
Takings.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Receipts at ports to Oct. 2 Net overland to Oct. 2 Southern consumption to Oct. 2	230,966 14,668 12,000	737,588 34,212 58,000		833,396 34,652 52,000
Total marketed	257,6 3 4 34,035	829,800 86,317	272,391 24,526	920,048 73,309
Came into sight during week. Total in sight Oct. 2	291,669	916,117	296,917	993,357
North'n spinners tak'gs to Oct. 2	******	115,000		152,483

It will be seen by the above that there has come into sight during the week 291,669 bales, against 296,917 bales for the same week of 1890, and that the decrease in amount in sight to-night as compared with last year is 77,240 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Our telegraphic advices from the South to-night indicate that in Texas and at a few points on the Atlantic picking has been interrupted by rain. Elsewhere, however, crop gathering has made excellent progress and cotton is being freely marketed. The movement at Savannah has been interfered with by a strike,

Galveston, Texas .- It has rained heavily on four days of the week, the precipitation reaching three inches and fifty-seven hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 77, ranging from 70 to 84. During September the rainfall was seven inches and twenty-eight hundredths.

Palestine, Texas.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching ninety-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 64 to 90, averaging 77. Rainthe month of September one inch and

Huntsville, Texas .- We have had hard rain on three days Huntsville, 1220s.—We have not hard rain on three days of the week to the extent of three inches and nine hundredths, Picking has been interrupted. Average thermometer 77, high-Picking has been interrupted. est 90 and lowest 64. Ra eighty-eight hundredths. Rainfall for September four inches and

eighty-eight hundredths.

Dallas, Texas.—We have had rain on two days of the week, the precipitation being fifty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 78, the highest being 90 and the lowest 66. During the month of September the rainfall reached one inch and thirty-seven hundredths,

San Antonio, Texas.—We have had rain on six days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirty-three hundredths of an inch. Picking has been interrupted. The thermometer has averaged 77, ranging from 66 to 88. During the month of September the rainfall reached three inches and and thirty-seven hundredths.

Luling, Texas.—There has been hard rain on five days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and fifty hun iredths, Picking thas been interrupted. The thermometer has ranged from 64 to 92, averaging 78. During the month of September the rainfall reached three inches and twenty-five hundredths.

hundredths.

September the rainfall reached three inches and twenty-live hundredths.

Columbia, Texas.—Picking has been partially resumed. Rain has fallen on two days of the week to the extent of twenty-eight hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 79, highest 88, lowest 72. Rainfall for the month of September two inches and sixty-four hundredths.

Cuero, Texas.—Picking has been stopped by the heavy rain which has fallen on four days of the week. The rainfall reaching three inches and eighty-nine hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 82, the highest being 92, and the lowest 72. During the month of September the rainfall reached four inches and sixty-four hundredths.

Brenham, Texas.—It has rained heavily on six days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and fifty-seven hundredths. Picking has been interfered with. The thermometer has averaged 78, ranging from 66 to 90. Rainfall for September four inches and sixty-three hundredths.

Betton, Texas.—We have had rain on one day during the week. The precipitation reached sixty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 60 to 92, averaging 76. Rainfall for the month of September one inch and sixty-

inch. The thermometer has ranged from but to we, averaged 76. Rainfall for the month of September one inch and sixty two hundredths.

Weatherford, Texas.—Picking is active. There has been one shower during the week the rainfall being thirteen hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 78, highest 96, lowest 60.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—We have had rain on one day during the week, the rainfall reaching two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 79.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—There has been heavy rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching four inches and one hundredth. The thermometer has averaged 76, ranging from 65 to 89.

Columbus, Mississippi.—More than half the crop is already cked. Rainfall for the week, four hundredths of an inch on ac day. The thermometer has ranged from 66 to 92, averone day.

Leland, Mississippi.--No rain has fallen during the week.

aging 78.

Leland, Mississippi.—No rain has fallen during the week.

Average thermometer 79.4, highest 97 and lowest 62.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—Telegram not received.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—The past week has been dry and only four hundredths of an inch of rain has fallen since September 10. The weather continues warm. The thermometer has averaged 78, ranging from 59 to 90.

Helena, Arkansas.—The bottom crop is opening rapidly and is being picked in good condition. The crop is short. Dry weather has prevailed all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 60 to 90, averaging 75.5. The month's rainfall has been thirty-eight hundredths of an inch on two days.

Memphis, Tennessee.—It has been hot and dry all week—no rain since Sept. 10. The weather has affected cotton unfavorably, causing shedding and premature ripening, and the condition continues to decline. Fields are white with cotton and picking is generally making rapid progress. The cotton marketed thus far is of superior grade and staple. Average thermometer 78, highest 93, lowest 58. September rainfall fiftynine hundredths of an inch on two days.

Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had no rain all the week. The thermometer has averaged 76, the highest being 92 and the lowest 57.

Mobile Mahama — Picking and marketing are progressing

the lowest 57.

Mobile, Alabama.—Picking and marketing are progressing cively. We have had rain on two days of the week, the actively.

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rainfall reaching six hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 79, ranging from 68 to 89. Month's rainfall four inches and five hundredths.

Montgomery, Alabama.—The weather has been hot and dry all the week and picking and marketing are making rapid progress. If the fine weather continues another fortnight most of the cotton will be gathered. The thermometer has ranged from 64 to 82, averaging 73. September rainfall two inches and fifteen hundredths.

inches and fifteen hundredths.

Selma, Alabama.—It has rained lightly on one day of the week. Average thermometer 79, highest 90, lowest 69.

Auburn, Alabama.—The weather has been excellent for picking cotton, and the staple is being gathered in good condition. Rainfall for the week two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 67.2, the highest being 89 and the lowest 56.

Madison, Florida.—Picking has made good progress, the conditions having been favorable. There has been rain on one day of the week, to the extent of forty-five hundredths of The thermometer has averaged 81, ranging from 62

to 91.

Columbus, Georgia.—No rain all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 68 to 89, averaging 81.

Savannah, Georgia.—The movement of cotton and general business are being retarded by the strike. Rain has fallen on six days of the week, to the extent of one inch and eightyone hundredths. Average thermometer 76, highest 84 and largest 67. lowest 67.

lowest 67.

Augusta, Georgia.—The weather has been pleasant during the week, with light rain on three days, the rainfall reaching thirty-four hundredths of an inch. No improvement is to be noted in crop accounts. Shedding and rust prevail to a considerable extent and will reduce the product. The thermometer has averaged 75, the highest being 87 and the lowest 65. During the month of September the rainfall reached two inches and fifteen hundredths.

Charleston, South Carolina.—There has been rain on seven days of the week, the precipitation reaching two inches and

days of the week, the precipitation reaching two inches and seventy-eight hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 76, ranging from 66 to 84.

Stateburg, South Carolina.—We have had rain on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching twenty nine hundreths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 65.8 to

dreths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 60 6 81.7, averaging 78.
Wilson, North Carolina.— It has rained on four days of the week, the rainfall reaching forty-eight hundreths of an inch. Average thermometer 74, highest 82, lowest 64.
The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock October 1, 1891, and October 2, 1890.

	Oct. 1, '91.	Oct. 2, '90.
	Feet.	Feet.
New OrleansAbove low-water mark. MemphisAbove low-water mark.	3·5 3·4	5·8 13·7
Nashville Above low-water mark.	0.6	6.5
ShreveportAbove low-water mark. VicksburgAbove low-water mark.	2·7 3·4	6·0 22·9

India Cotton Movement from all Ports.—The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to October 1.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipm	ents this	week.	Shipme	ents since	Sept. 1.	Rec	eipls.
Year	Great Conti- Brit'n. nent.		Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Sept. 1.
1891		10,000	10,000	1.000	17.000	18.000	3,000	26,000
1890	1,000	2,000	3,000	3,000	7,000	10,000	4,000	18,000
1889		4,000	4,000	4,000	12,000	16,000	3,000	17,000
1888		1.000	1.000	3.000	14.000	17.000	3.000	13.000

According to the foregoing Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 1,000 bales and an increase in the shipments of 7,000 bales, and the shipments since Sept. 1 show an increase of 8,000 bales, The movement at Calcutta, Madras, and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of September, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for th	e week.	Shipm	ents since Se	pt. 1.
	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Calcutta-						
1891	1,000		1,000	1.000	1,000	2,000
1890		1.000	1.000	1.000	2,000	3,000
Madras-		-,	-,	-,	_,	-,
1891	2.000		2,000	7,000	3,000	10,000
1890	1,000		1,000	9,000	6,000	15,000
All others-	1,000		1,000	3,000	0,000	10,000
1891	1,000	1.000	2.000	9.000	6.000	15,000
1890		2,000	2,000	18,000	6,000	24,000
200	******	2,000	2,000	10,000	0,000	24,000
Total all-						
1891	4,000	1,000	5,000	17,000	10,000	27,000
1890	1,000	3,000	4,000	28,000	14,000	42,000

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments	18	91.	18	90.	18	89.
to all Europe from-	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
Bombay.	10,000 5,000	18,000 27,000	3,000 4,000	10,000 42,000	4,000	16,000 45,000
Total	15,000	45,000	7,000	52,000	8,000	61,000

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, September 30.	18	391.	18	90.	18	189.
Receipts (cantars*) This week Since Sept. 1.		20,000		50,000	This week. 8	80,000 87,000
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.		Since Sept. 1.
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	8,000 1,000		3,000 2,000	22,000 5,000	7,000 1,000	16,000
Total Europe	9,000	20,000	10,000	27,000	8,000	20,000

A cantar is 98 pounds.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Sept. 30 were 120,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe 9.000 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET. Our report received by cable to-night MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market is strong for yarns and firm for shirtings. The demand for both yarns and cloth is good. We give the prices for to-day below, and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for

			1	189	1.						1890.		
		Cop.		8 ¹ 4 Shir	lbs.	IS.	Cott'n Mid. Uplds	32	s Cop. wist.		84 lb. Shirtin		Cott'n Mid. Uplds
" 18	7 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 8 7 ¹ 8	d. @7 ¹ 9 @7 ³ 4 @7 ³ 4 @7 ³ 4	8. 5 5 5 5 5	d. 8 9 0 9	8. @7 @7 @7 @7	d. 0 1 1 1 1	d. 4 ⁹ 16 4 ⁷ 8 4 ⁷ 8 4 ¹³ 16	838	2858 2858	66666	d. s. 419@7 419@7 419@7 419@7 419@7	d. 333333333	d. 6318 51316 51316 51316 51318

COTTON CONSUMPTION AND OVERLAND MOVEMENT TO OCT. 1. -In our editorial columns to-day will be found our usual Overland Movement brought down to October 1.

LIVERPOOL STOCK .- A re-count of the stock of cotton at Liverpool was made on Saturday last, September 26, and it disclosed a deficiency compared with the estimated figures of 19,239 bales, distributed as follows: American, 4,810 bales and others, 14,429 bales. This shows that the deliveries to spinners have been that much in excess of the figures published by the Liverpool Cotton Association.

EGYPTIAN COTTON CROP .--The report of the Alexandria General Produce Association for the month of August refers to cotton as follows:

General Produce Association for the month of August refers to cotton as follows:

The information received during August continues to be favorable The heat has been intense and regular during the first half of the month. The flood of the Nile has attained a fairly high level, which permits of abundant irrigation. These circumstances have stimulated the development of the cotton trees and their blossoming. The flowers and boils are plentiful, and a certain proportion of the latter are already ripe or on the point of being so. Nevertheless the crop is more backward than last year, estimated in some districts at eight and in others at affect days. It is therefore believed that the first picking cannot become general in Lower Egypt before from the 10th to the 20th of September, according to provinces and lo salities.

In Upper gypt and the Fayoum picking commenced about a fortnight ago. Worms in very small quantities made their appearance in August, but, as previously, they disappeared without doing any appreciable damage. On the other hand, fogs more or less tutense are reported to have occarred several times. The injury done by them up to the present to the Mir-Atifi cotton is sourcely nationable. Such, however, is not the case with the Ashmouni and Bamieh cotton. These in some localities have suffered considerably. Very fortunately these two qualities have fallem more and more out of cultivation, and have been replaced by Mit-Afff.

To sum up, our information is good. The reports we have received give reason to hope as good results in 1990, and we should easily share this hope if the danger of fogs and unavorable weakher, which are still very much to be feared in September, did not oblige us to postpone until later our estimate of the crop.

The foll wing are the official figures of the acreage under cotton this year, province by prevince. It will be noticed that these if agrees show a diminution of 24,233 feddans, whereas the information we have received from our correspondents would lead us to believe that, if

	1891.	1890.
Lower Egypt.	Feddans.	Feddans.
Behera	124,434	118,728
Charkieh	122,482	127,288
Dakahlieh	152,134	153,235
Gailoubieh	42,294	41,969
Garbieh	256,288	249,191
Menoufieh	32,228	80,012
Total	779,860	770,423
Fayoum	23,818	60.122
A-slout		1,063
Beni-Souef		13,759
Esda		22
Guerga		214
Guizeh	0 000	1.961
Kena		-,
Minia		7,915
Total	51,381	85,056
Grand total	831,241	855,479
Decrease 1891	24,238 fed	dans.

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &c.-The demand for jute bagging on the spot has been moderate during the week under review, but in execution of former orders there has been a fairly liberal movement of stock. The market is steady, the close to-night being at 5%c. for 1% lbs., 6%c. for 2 lbs. and 6%c. for standard grades. While there has been only limited transactions in butts, the market continues strong. Quotations to-night are 11/2c. for paper grades and 21/4c. for bagging

EAST INDIA CROP PROSPECTS.—The following is from Messrs. Gaddum, Bythell & Co.'s report, dated Bombay, August 21:

Gaddum, Bythell & Co.'s report, dated Bombay, August 21:
The weather has been very favorable for the cotton plants during the last week, the rains having held off, and although the sky was most y cloudy there were frequent pr-longed periods of sunshine, which strengthened the plant's and allowed weeding to be carried on. Some light showers of rain in Oomra districts would now be welcome and the a pearance of the sky gives early promise of rain. Broach and Bhowning plants 2 to 3 inches above the ground. Bengal reports are showing plants 2 to 3 inches above the ground. Bengal reports are varied; some districts want rain, while others are suffering from too much rain, and in other districts again the plants are flourishing.

The Bombay Prices Current of saying data sayes.

The Bombay Prices Current of same date says:

The Bombay Prices Current of same date says:

After the weather and crop reports by wire were issue in the middle of last week there had been, up to Monday, very little rain over the cotton area, and, as a further fall was not generally required, the plants were reported to be flourishing in most of the districts where they were growing, while sowing was making good progress in others. The only district where the absence of rain had prevented the cotton crop being sown was Bellary, while a further fall was needed at Beawar, in the Bengal circle. On the other hand the crop was suffering from too much rain at Delhi, and at Khangaum, in the Oomra circle, fine weather was required; but at Julyaum, in the same circle, where, it will be remembered, the rainfall had been excessive, the plants continued to show more improvement. At Broach the weather was seasonable, and crop prosects were good, the late unusually heavy rain notwithstanding. There had been no further fall in the Dhollera circle, but sowing had begun at Vectumgaun, it was progressing at Diollera itself, and the plants were flourishing at Bhownuggur, in which district the prospects were stated to be good. Since the above advices came to have heavy and continuous rains fell at Cawnpore, in the Bengal circle, bringing up the fall to ever the average, and the plants were flourishing in this district. Generally, this is also the telegraphic report from other circles to-day, though more rain is wanted at Commawuttee and Barsee and a break at Khangaum. Weeding was complete i in the Broach district, and from Dhollera the news is favorable on the whole.

Shipping News,—The exports of cotton from the United

Shipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 64,788 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York we juclude the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday.

lacenda mo manifesta of all respect contact up to India	Cately .
Total	al bales.
New York—To Liverpool, per steamers Bothnia, 1,574 City of New York, 1,309Cufic, 4,173Italy, 4,171	
Phidias, 2,672 Servia, 2,083 Wyoming, 619	16,601
To Hull, per steamer Colorado, 2 223	2,223
To Havre, per steamer La Champagne, 699	2,223 699
724	1,939
To Hamburg, per steamer Dania, 70)	700
To Amsterdam, per steamers Dubbledam, 200 Rotter-	
dam, 84.	284
To Genoa, per steamer Victoria, 819	819
Vesta, 5,800,	12.000
To Havre, per steamer Joseph Johns, 4,589	4,589
To Bremen, per steamer Mareca, 5,705	5,705
GALVESTON-To Liverpool, per steamer Isleworth, 6,068	6,068
WILMINGTON-To Bremen, per steamer Stratheyre, 4,820	4,820
NORFOLK-To Liverpool, per steamer Flaxman, 985	985
Bosron-Te Liverpool, per steamers Cephalonia, 487	
Georgian, 25 Roman, 1,056	1,568
BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per steamer Carthaginian, 3,330	3,380
To Havre, per steamer Alma, 400	400
To Bremen, per steamer Habsburg, 210	210
To Hamburg, per steamer Scandia, 200	200
To Antwerp, per steamer Sorrento, 400	400
PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpool, per steamers British Prince, 914	
Ohio, 184	1,198
Workel	04 =00

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

				premen				
	Liver-			& Ham-	Ant-	Amster	۹.	
	pool.	Hull.	Havre	. burg.	werp.	dam.	Genou.	Total.
New York.		2,223	699	2,639		284	819	23,265
N. Orleans.	12,000	*****	4,589	5,705	*****	*****	*****	22,294
Galveston.	6,068	*****	*****		*****	******		6,068
Wilmingt'n		*****	*****	4,820		*****		4,820
Norfolk	985	*****		*****	*****		*****	985
Boston	1,568	*****				*****		1,568
Baltimore.	3,380	*****	400	410	400	*****		4,590
Philadelp'a	1,198	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	1,198
70-4-1	41.000	0.000						
Total	41,800	2,223	5,658	13,574	400	284	819	64.788

284 819 64,788 Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

the latest dates:

Galverton—To Liverpool—Sept. 28—Steamer St. Clears, 6,250.

To Havie—Sept. 28—Steamer Empress, 5,025.... Sept. 30—Steamer Scottish Prince, ——.

Scottish Prince, ——.

To Reval—Sept. 28—Steamer Birch, 3,830.

New Orleans—To Liverpool—Sept. 25—Steamer Norfolk, 5,364.

To Genon—Sept. 30—Steamer Jesmond, ——.

To Genon—Sept. 30—Steamer Jesmond, ——.

CHARLESTON—To Liverpool—Sept. 29—Steamer Moruca, 3,965.

WEST POINT—TO Liverpool—Sept. 29—Steamer Moruca, 3,437.

Boston—To Liverpool—Sept. 25—Steamer Columbian, 307...Sept. 25—Steamer Samaria, ——...Sept. 28—Steamer Minhigan, ——.

Baltimore—To Liverpool—Sept. 24—Steamer Queensmore, 1,639.

To London—Sept. 24—Steamer Minhesota, 200.

To Hamburg—Sept. 24—Steamer Morlesohn, 100.

PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpool—Sept. 29—Steamer Lord Clive, ——.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Liverpool, steam d .		733	739	782	732	732
Do bidd.	1364	1364	1364	1364		
Havre, steamd.	316@732	316 @ 732	316 2732	316 @ 732	732	789
Dod.						
Bremen, steam d.	1364 @ 732	1364 @ 733	1'64 @732	1364 7732	732	732
Dod.						
Hamburg, steam.c	732	732	732	733	732	732
Doe.						
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	40*	40	40	401	45 250	45 250*
Doc.	****				****	
Reval, steamd.	15,40032	1564 2032	1564 @ 932	1564 @ 932	15,4 @932	15,4 29,00
Dod.						
Barcelona, steam d.	147	41	147	341	141	341
Genoa, steamd.	732	732	732	789	14	14
Trieste, steam d.		14	14	14	34	14
Antwerp, steam.d.		532	532	532	532	532

Per 100 lbs. † Steamer October 15th.

LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port:

•	Sept. 11	Sept. 18.	Sept. 25.	Oct. 2
Sales of the weekbales.	79,000	53,000	49,000	66,000
Of which exporters took		4,000	2,500	2,400
Of which speculators took		4,000	400	4,500
Sales American		41,000	39,000	53,000
Actual export	2,000	6,000	5,000	4,000
Forwarded	68,000	64,000	59,000	58,000
Total stock-Estimated	796,000	746,000	711,000	667,000
Of which American-Estim'd	592,000	551,000	516,000	504,000
Total import of the week	16,000	20,000	29,000	38,000
Of which American	12,000	15,000	14.000	31.000
Amount affoat		70,000	90.000	105.000
Of which American	28,000	50,000	80,000	95,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each tay of the week ending Oct. 2, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market, 1:45 P. M.	Firm.	Fair business doing.	Quiet but steady.	Harden'g.	Good demand.	Steady.
Mid.Upl'ds.	41316	41318	41316	41316	478	478
Sales Spec & exp.	10,000	10,000	8,000 500	12,000 1,000	12,000 1,000	10,000
Futures. Market, 1:45 P. M.	Steady at 1-64 de- cline.	Steady at partially 1-64 adv.	Quiet at 1 64 @ 2-64 decline.	Firm at 3-64 ad- vance.	Steady at 1-84 @ 2-84 decline.	Steady.
Market, 4	_	Duli.	Steady.	Quiet.	Quiet but steady.	Steady.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated: The prices are given in pence and 64th. Thus: 463 means 463-64d., and 501 means 51-64d.

	Sat., Sept. 26.			Mon., Sept. 28.				Tues., Sept. 29.				
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clas
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	a.	d.	d.	d.	a.
September	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 48	4 49	4 46	4 46	4 47	4 48	4 46	4 47
SeptOct	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 48	4 49	4 46	4 46	4 47	4 48	4 46	4 47
October	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 48	4 49	4 48	4 46	4 47	4 48	4 46	4 47
OctNov	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 51	4 48	4 49	4 48	4 46	4 47	4 48	4 46	4 47
NovDec	4 55	4 55	4 55	4 55	4 52	4 53	4 50	4 51	4 51	4 52	4 50	4 51
DecJan	4 57	4 58	4 57	4 58	4 55	4 55	4 58	4 53	4 54	4 54	4 53	4 53
JanFeb	4 60	4 60	4 60	4 60	4 58	4 58	4 55	4 56	4 57	4 57	4 55	4 56
FebMch	4 63	4 63	4 63	4 63	4 60	4 61	4 58	4 59	4 59	4 60	4 58	4 59
MchApril.	5 02	5 02	5 02	5 02	4 63	5 00	4 61	4 62	4 62	4 68	4 61	4 62
April-May	5 02	5 03	5 05	5 03	5 02	5 03	5 00	5 01	5 01	5 02	5 00	5 01
May-June	5 08	5 08	5 08	5 08	5 05	5 06	5 03	5 04	5 04	5 05	5 04	5 04
June-July												***

	Wed., Sept. 30.			Th	Thurs., Oct. 1.			Fri., Uct. 2.				
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	a.	d.	a.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
September	4 50	4 50	4 50	4 50	****						****	***
SeptOct	4 50	4 50	4 50	4 50		****					****	****
October	4 51	4 52	4 50	4 50	4 51	4 52	4 51	4 51	4 52	4 53	4 52	4 53
OctNov	4 51	4 52	4 50	4 50	4 51	4 52	4 51	4 51	4 52	4 53	4 52	4 53
NovDec	4 55	4 56	4 54	4 54	4 54	4 55	4 54	4 54	4 55	4 55	4 55	4 55
DecJan	4.58	4 58	4.56	4 57	4 57	4 57	4 56	4 58	4 57	4 57	4 57	4 57
JanFeb	4 60	4 60	4 59	4 59	4 59	4 59	4 58	4 58	4 59	4 59	4 59	4 59
FebMch	4 63	4 63	4 62	4 62	4 62	4 62	4 60	4 61	4 61	4 61	4 61	4 61
MchApril.	5 02	5 02	5 01	5 01	5 01	5 01	4 63	5 00	5 00	5 00	4 63	5 00
April-May	5 05	5.08	5 04	5 04	5 04	5 04	5 02	5 03	5 02	5 03	5 02	5 02
May-June		5 09	5 07	5 07	5 07	5 07	5 05	5 08	5 05	5 66	5 05	5 05
June-July					5 10	5 10	5 08	5 08	5 08	5 08	5 07	5 08

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, October 2, 1891.

The markets for flour and meal have been more active for the week under review, but improvement in the volume of trade may be ascribed largely to a disposition among holders and receivers to make concessions. This is especially true of 9

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low grades of flour from new wheat, of which stocks began to low grades of flour from new wheat, of which stocks began to show an uncomfortable accumulation. High grades from old wheat are relatively scarce and well held. To-day, holders of nearly everything were inclined to ask more money, after a very good morning's business at old prices. The wheat market has been unsettled, yet the fluctuations were within narrow limits. Advices from the Continent have

were within narrow limits. Advices from the Continent have not given support to values. The export business has not been large, but on Wednesday transactions were reported to the extent of 216,000 bushels, including No. 2 red winter at \$1.03½ afloat and \$1.04¾ (4.\$1.05 for early arrival, and No. 1 Northern spr ng at \$1.04½ (4.\$1.05 for early arrival, and No. 2 purchases were re-sold before the close of business. Evidence accumulates that the yield in the Northwest is enormous. Today stronger cables and wintry weather (including heavy snow) in the Northwest caused a smart advance, but brought export business to a stand. export business to a stand.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 RED WINTER WHEAT.

Sut.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
October deliveryc. 10338	10231	10358	10278	10278	10458
November delivery e. 1051s	10458	10538	10434	10478	10658
December delivery c. 10634	10614	10718	1063	1063	10858
January deliverye. 1054	10734	10858	1084	103%	1104
February delivery	10939	1104	1101a	110	11178
March delivery	11078	11178	11119	112	1134
May delivery	11238	11314	11278	113	1143
carry	-				

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN.

October deliveryc. November deliveryc. December deliveryc.	Sat. 59 57% 544	Mon. 60% 5958 5439	Tues. 61 % 61 55 %	Wed. 6058 5934 55	Thurs. 61 ¹ 4 60 ¹ 9 55 ¹ 4	Fri. 6158 62 5578
January deliverye. May deliverye.	514	514 51	5134 5138	$51\frac{7}{9}$ $51\frac{1}{9}$	51% 51%	52 514

Oats had the benefit of some renewal of export demand ports, Sept. 26, 1891: in mixed grades. Although purchases for this account were not large, they had the effect of stiffening values. The purchases were mainly at 33@34½c. for No. 2 mixed, in elevator and afloat. To-day the export demand continued and the general market was slightly firmer.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED OATS.

Oct. deliverye. November deliveryc.	Sal. 3278 3358	Mon. 3278 334	Tues. 33 3334	Wed. 3318 34	33 18 34	334 344
December deliverye. May deliverye.	3458	313	3134	347 ₈ 371 ₉	3478 3719	35 37%

Rye has been dull and prices have latterly shown a drooping tendency, but to day the market was firmer, with a sale of No. 2 Western at 97c. afloat. Barley has been quiet and barely steady.

The following are closing quotations for wheat flour in-arrels. (Corresponding grades in sacks sell-slightly below these figures):

0 /-						
		FLC	OUR.			
Fine	3 50 a 3 90 a 4 10 a	$\frac{385}{400}$ $\frac{450}{150}$	Patent, winter City shipping, extras. Rye flour, superfine Fine	5	25 /±	\$5 25 5 30 5 20 4 00
Clears Straights Patent, spring	4 50@ 4 70@ 5 15@	4 75 5 00 5 50	Brandywine			3 40 3 80
		GR	AIN.			
Wheat— Spring, per bush1 Red winter No. 21 Red winter	04 @1 96 @1 00 @1	0514 0514 08 05 35	Corn, per bush.— West'n mixed W'n mix. No 2 West'n yellow Western white	61 61	. a	63 kg 63 kg 63
White. No. 2 mixed. No. 2 white. Buckwheat.	32 \ 0 34 0 33 \ 0 35 \ 2 0	36 ¹ 9 57		95 93 71	@	97 98 72

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the statement below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Sept. 26, 1891. and since August 1, for each of the last three years:

heceipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Vata	Barley	Ris.
	Obla.1980b	Bush, 60 th	Bush,581b.	Bush,32 Ths	Bush,48 th.	Bu. 56 lbs
Chicago	83,981	1,470,898	2,107,262	1,391,751	484,466	499,089
Milwankes	53,742	322,040	8,700	90,000	475,300	68,380
Uninth	66,098	2,123,864		*****		
Minneapolis.		1,793,920				
Toledo	2,021	286,077	30,612	19,335		72,378
Detroit	4.685	123,788	16,608	60,456	29,989	******
Cleveland	12,247	48,027	26,295		8,454	44
St. Louis	27,471	1,018,370	218,960	415,960	79,985	83,419
Peorla	3,150	24,500	189,200	348,000	30,600	8,900
Tot.wk, '91.	253,875	7,209,452	2,597,637	2,414,363	1,108,794	782,990
dame wk.'90.	255,446	3,909,328	2,612,008		1,513,827	118,778
*ame wk.'89.	265,467	3,488,041	2,936,758	1,869,278	597,987	189,001
Since Aug. 1.		-,1230,022	2,000,100	1,000,010	000,000	100,001
1391	1,779,084	53,927,026	22,297,406	22,348,112	4,058,879	6,724,193
1890	1,866,029	18,777,679	19,910,200	20,005,118	5,497,877	958,245
1889	1,786,848	25,923,058	26,279,749	18,153,051	2,340,752	

Below are the rail shipments of flour and grain from Western lake and river ports for four years:

Flour bbls.	1891. Week Sept. 26, 280,462	1890, Week Sept. 27, 237,960	1889. Week Sept. 28. 109,507	1888. Weck Sept. 29 332,511
Wheat bush.		531,637 453,802	506,973 339,379	832,592 236,598
Oats	1,505,901	1,436,594	883,534	1,519,217
Barley	313,331 138,103	312,444 47,968	$320,594 \\ 82,616$	419,492 103,931

Total 3,000,613 2,782,115 2,133,093 3,111,858 The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Sept. 26, 1891, follow:

At-	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	Rye,
Aew York	140,757	2,257,385	1,385,125	1,095,725	6,000	463,850
3oston	87,310	50,110	143,882	254,551	870	24,030
Iontreal	29,209	114,378	87,025	74.240	12,337	393,573
Philadelphia	64,879	239,894	60,316	122,623		1,200
Baltimore	52,752	688,197	31,411	65,310		207,127
Richmond	8,040	11,785	6,556	23,849		100
New Orleans	10,607	226,750	9,782	39,532		

Total week. 393,554 3,588,999 1,724,097 1,675,830 19,207 1089,880 3er. week '90. 316,241 318,588 1,612,795 1,053,317 32,400 14,974 The exports from the several scaboard ports for the week ending Sept. 26, 1891, are shown in the annexed statements:

Exports from Wheat. Corn. Flour. Oats. Rys. Peas.

-	1					
New York Boston	Buch. 1,419,428 48,756	Bush. 535,030 84,043	Bbls. 61,686 59,806	Bush. 3,046 10,343	Rush. 329,749 55,511	Bugh. 3,770
Portland. Montreal.	201,072	62,451	14.689	32,048	383,335	77,578
Philadel . Baltim're N. Orl'ns.	256,320 819,143 585,155	200	10,079 22,398 804	30	83,548	*****
N. News Richm'd.	1,921	200			******	******
fot.week.	3,331,795	767,724	169,471	45,467	852,143	81,354
1890	117,490	727,295	142,320	4,303		13,268

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard

	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Rye,	Bartey
In store at-	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bus.
New York	4,383,597	450,989	1,403,547	556,274	
Do afloat	302,700	241,000		103,800	
Albany	*****	10,000	42,600	18,500	
Buffalo	1,082,639	449,651	146,090	30.756	106,780
Chicago	2,998,473	4.363,750	1,606,874	647,910	99,696
Milwaukee	202,543	1,000		80,403	203,087
Daluth	1,202,962		*******	2,609	841
l'oledo	1,311,157	69,797	54.883	165,709	
Detroit	541.914	18,592	73.342	49,152	19.330
Oswego	40,000	20,000	*** ***		25,000
St. Louis	2,255,974	130,851	225.748	12,600	24,791
Cincinnati	6,000	8,000	16,000	13,000	11.000
Boston	42,320	40,510		1,879	2,285
Coronto	23,427		1,450	153	7.433
fontreal	163,123	2,200	98,592	9,716	18.817
Philadelphia	765,439	43,186	168,976		
Peoria	6.463	41,195	440,904	923	2,119
Indianapolia	46,988	2,710	192,165	11,900	
Kansas City	662.171	25,836	71,507	36,690	
Baltimore	1,756,308	35,234	182,203	247,940	
* Ainneapolis	3,177,858	7,3-5	37,602	1,556	52,230
On Mississippi	129,621	6,375	68,560	*** ***	02,000
On Lakes	4,391,360	1,701,948	480,186	323,831	591,498
On canal & river.	1,363,000	1,211,800	94,800	215,800	109,800

 Tot. Sept.26/91. 26,861,537
 8,897,009 5,470,224 2,538,201
 1,263,707

 Tot. Sept.19, 91. 24,543,614
 9,249,335 4,480,946 3,034,653
 677,002

 Pot. Sept.27, 90. 16,829,828
 8,639,264 4,123,640
 575,371 2,331,676

 Tot. Sept.23, 98. 17,853,213 12,93,5998,5,739,312 1,552,456
 585,559

 Tot. Sept.29,88. 31,509,963 10,048,020 6,914,960
 834,463
 364,438

THE DRY GOODS TRADE. NEW YORK, Friday P. M., October 2, 1891.

The full effects of the abnormally warm weather which prevailed during the greater part of last month were plainly visible in the smaller business transacted in dry goods circles this week. Orders from the West and Northwest were circles this week. Orders from the West and Northwest were fewer than usual, and the attendance of buyers, piece and package, much reduced from late dimensions. Local jobbers and retailers did an indifferent business. Other Eastern markets were comparatively slow and the demand from the South no better than it has been. A dull trade at first hands have been the natural consequence, and although some few agents have reported considerable sales the majority have been complaining of indifferent business in staple cottons. In these the tone of the market continues steady with an occasional slight appreciation in the value of low-grade brown sheetings and in colored cottons; but there has been less confident expressions of belief in a generally higher range of values than were heard a short while ago. Business in fall prints and ginghams has been moderate, but in the latter good orders for spring deliver's have been placed for fine dress makes. Print cloth manufacturers this week decided not to confirm their previous have been placed for fine dress makes. Print cloth manufacturers this week decided not to confirm their previous resolution to reduce wages, a course which has met with general approbation here, as it removes all probabilities of trouble with the operators and consequent disturbance of the market for finished goods. Trade reports from different parts of the country are quieter, although still confident with regard to future prospects, and collections are in the main satisfactory.

Of which 1,252,777 is due to inclusion of 7 elevators at Minneapolis ist made "regular."

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending Sept. 29 were 2,615 packages, valued at \$150,712, their destination being to the points specified in the table below:

Many Many on Steam 20		1891.	1	1890.
NEW YORK TO SEPT. 29.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. !
Great Britain	136	3,467	925	5,496
Other European China	26 857	1,212	961	2,370 34,032
India	248	6,124	207	2,555
Arabia	375 12	9,558 4,643	2	7,487 4,807
West Indies	321	10,291	657	11,246
Mexico	31	3,019	96	1,505 3,896
Central America	133 458	6,636 25,375	1.662	21,059
Other countries	18	2.070	373	2,485
Total China, via Vancouver	2,615	179,185 20,807	6,489 5,998	96,938 54,300
Total	2,615	199,992	12,487	151,238

From New England will points direct.

*From New England will points direct.

The value of the New York exports since January 1 have been \$9,367,158 in 1891, against \$5,446,392 in 1890.

Business in staple cottons has been irregularly distributed and shows a falling off in the aggregate. Low-grade brown sheetings were in good request and firm, some Southern 4-yard makes being advanced \$4\cdots\$, per yard. Heavy makes were all unchanged and generally quiet. There were more inquiries for export grades, but not much increase in business actually done. The shirting trade placed fair orders for bleached shirtings, but jobbers were conservative buyers. Wide sheetings are well sold up and firm, and flat-fold cam brics steadily hold late advances. Silesias were in fair request, but corset jeans and satteens ruled slow. Cotton flannels fancy shirtings, domets and blannelettes were in steady demand. Such colored cottons as demins, ticks, checks and cheviots are in good shape, and an advance of \$4\cdots\$, here ks and the colored cottons and sattines were in good request, with \$n\$ average call. Printed fabrics were quieter, but fast black dress cottons and sattines were in good request, with \$4\cdots\$, advance in a leading make of the latter. New fine dress ginghams and zephyrs were freely ordered, with a quiet duplicating demand for dark standards. Print clots have ruled steady all week at 3c, for 64x64s, with a fair business doing.

Stock of Print Cloths— Held by Providence manufacturers. Fall River manufacturers.		1890. Sept. 27. 455,000 325,000	1889. Sept. 23 216,000 30.00
Providence speculators Outside speculators (est)	None.	None. 7,000	None. 7,000
Total stock (pieces)	472,000	787,600	253,000

ing to produce goods to any extent for stock, the position of slow sellers shows no aggravation, and prices are steady. Cotton-warp makes are still weak and inactive. Overcoatings have ruled slow througout, but fair orders have been placed in numerous lines of cloakings. Satinets, doeskins and Kentucky jeans were in hand-to-mouth request. Flannels and blankets in average demand.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.—Importers have had a quiet week throughout in all fall goods, but a considerable number of orders for spring styles in dress goods and fancy worsteds have been recorded for future delivery. Prices are firm for all staple lines, with an advance of 1/2c. noted in burlaps and an advancing tendency in linens generally.

Importations of Dry Goods,

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Oct. 1, 1891, and since Jan. 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows:

	Oct. 2,	2, 1820.	Since Ja	Since Jan. 1, 1840.	Week Oct 1	Veck Ending Oct 1, 1891.	Smee Jan	Smee Jan. 1, 1891.
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs	Value.	** Kg8	Value,
Wool Wool	1,742	522,260	65,239	22,864,978	1.081	351.297	43.978	15.478.446
Cotton	1,593	397,922	66,643	15,912,025	1.003	228,504	49,530	11,590,614
Flax	2.266	334.209	95,560	12.853.800	1.455		79.582	10.391.029
Miscellaneous	622	216,017	115,700	8,315,268	1,386		287,283	9,252,217
Total	7.646	2,261,345	412,316	92,403,504	6.139	6.139 1.570.695	511.684	71.339.695
V	VITHURA	THURAWN FROM	WAREHOUSE	ME AND PHROWN INTO THE	DURI MA	THE MARKET	ET.	
Manufactures of-	000	040010	01	1 20000	ROO	200	-	
Cotton	425	101.722	13.594	3.158.208	340	72,628	24,617	9,754,702
Bilk	279	121,538	13,443	5,357,122	260	128,685	10,358	5,069,700
Miscellaneous	474	44,843	112,829	1,525,924	112	29,932	9,503	1,024,685
Total	2.674	710,834	188,028	24,507,482	1,708	523,241	80,393	23,014,087
Ent'd for consumpt	7,646	2,261,345	412,316	92,403,504	6,139		511,684	71,339,695
Total on market	10,320	2,972,179	600,344	116,910,986	7,845	2,093,936	592,077	94,353,782
		ENTERED PO	OR WAREH	NTERED FOR WARRHOUSE DURING SAME PERIOD	SAME !	SKIOD.		
Wool works	892	330.903	33,836	12 276.074		147 560	90 011	7 100 800
Cotton	312	83,981	15,313	3,630,888		98,138	16,213	4.032.831
Silk	268	103,727	14,604	6,121,641		67.512	10,066	5,596,198
Missellansons	1 000	59.146	107.594	2,741,991	162	48,401	19,753	3,08×.480
				Caralo colo	1	Control	10.00	1,012,103
Totalt	3,128	648,581	187,446 412,316	26,619,019 92,403,564	1,205 6,139	371,111 1,570,695	76,324 511,684	20,979,181
	10 10	200 000	500 749	119.052.523	7 941	1 041 806	588 008	000000000000000000000000000000000000000

Bank Statements.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK, At New York, in the State of New York at the close of business on the 25th day of Sept., 1891:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts	16,781,545	36
Overdrafts	27,539	
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	50,000	00
Stocks, securities, etc	184,918	70
Due from other national banks	1,947,458	12
Due from State and private banks and	.,,	
bankers	232,919	98
Banking house	300,000	00
Other real estate and mort'ges owned.	7,725	72
Premium on bonds for circulation	8,968	75
Checks and other cash items	109,886	65
Exchanges for Clearing House	5,137,253	
Bills of other banks	53,614	00
Specie	1,308,927	38
Legal-tender notes	595,227	00
U. S. certificates of deposit for legal		
tender notes	645,000	00
Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer		
(not more than 5 p.c. on circulation)	2,250	00
Tctal	127,843,184	68
		-

(not more than 5 p.c. on circulation)	2,250	(
Total	\$27,843,184	ŧ
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in	\$5,000,000	(
Surplus fund	1,600,000	-
Undivided profits	509,875	7
Held in reserve for taxes of 1891	114,000	(
National bank notes outstanding	44,040	(
Dividends unpaid	11,393	
Individual deposits subject to check	11,870,298	
Demand certificates of deposit	53,213	8
Certified checks	1,543,158	
Due to other national banks	4,656,470	
Due to State & private banks & b'nkers	1,940,784	(
Missel		~

Total... \$27,343,184 68
State of New York, City and County of New York, so:

I, EDWARD BURNS. Cashier of The American
Exchange National Bank, N. Y., do solemnly swear
that the above statement is true to the best of my
knowledge and belief.

EDWARD BURNS. Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 2d day
of October, 1891. Wal, 1725 WASHBURN,

Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

J. R. MAXWELL, JNO. T. TERRY, DUMONT CLARKE.

Sank Statements.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, of the City of New York, at N. W. Y. IK, in the State of New York, at the close of business Sept. 25, 1891:

7	Overdrafts 12,469 04
0	U.S. bonds to secure circulation 50,000 00
0	Stocks, securities, &c 76,363 08
2	Due from other national banks 1,5:4,590 95
	Due from State banks and bankers 85,426 11
8	Banking house, furniture and fixtures 600,000 00
0	Checks and other cash
2	items \$55,416 83
5	Exchanges for Clearing-
1	House 9,458,439 52
1	Bills of other banks 14,043 00
00	Nickels and cents 3 79
14	Specie 3,526,987 50
0	Legal tender notes 425,000 00
	U. S. ctfs. of deposit for
0	legal tenders 180,000 00-13,660,490 18
-	Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer
00	(5 per cent of circulation) 2,250 00
-	Potel 499.425.9x1.90

(a per come or curemment			10100	-
Total			33,475,281	39
	LITIES.			
Capital stock Surplus fund Undivided profits, net. National bank notes outsi Dividends unpaid. Ind. dep. sub. to check Demand cert's of deposit Cashier's checks outst'g. Oue to other mat, banks. Due to State bks. &b'kers	49,148,17 55,01 143,52 10,870,67 1,166,39	0 14 0 00 8 00 5 57 1 61	1,430,000 302,975 45,000 22,904	00 49 00 12
		-	21 383 775	39

Deposits held for acceptances....... 7,090,628 46

J. EDWARD SIMVONS, JAMES G. CANNON, ROBERT W. STUART,

Bitscellingeous

North British

& Mercantile Ins

LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

SAM. P. BLAGDEN, Manager.

WM. A. FRANCIS, Assistant Manager;

R. H. WASS, General Agent.

W. R. ECKER, Assistant Gen. Agent,

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